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VOL. XVIII NO. 121- BOMBAY, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA.

BOMBAY'S REMARKABLE TRIUMPH.

Businessmen's Successful Satyagraha.

UNFORGETTABLE SCENES AT BORI BUNDER.

—:o:—

Police Commissioner Bows To Popular Will

NO SETTLEMENT WITHOUT MAHATMA

COMMERCIAL COMMUNITY'S TRIBUTE TO SATYAGRAHIS

Bombay had a huge procession yesterday, organised by the Indian commercial community, to tell the world that it supported the Mahatma whole-heartedly.

When the procession reached Bori Bunder, it found itself face-to-face with a strong Police force, determined to oppose all further progress.

The Police being adamant, the processionists resorted to Satyagraha and sat on the road.

After the lapse of nearly four hours Police Commissioner Healy conceded the reasonable demands of Indian merchants and allowed them to take the procession by the route already decided.

Bombay witnessed yesterday evening what can be rightly termed as a triumph of the forces of non-violence. It was a regular trial of strength for about four hours between the Satyagrahi public and the Bombay Police near Bori Bunder, when the latter refused to allow the procession organised by absut 50 commercial associations to proceed further.

The processionists who numbered more than two hundred thousand offered successful Satyagraha for more than three hours by squatting peacefully on the ground and declaring that they would not budge an inch, even if they had to wait till the next morning or even if they were charged with lathis or shot down.

POLICE GIVE WAY.

After four hours the police had to give way and allow the procession to proceed further unconditionally. The incident will go down in the annals of Bombay as a memorable victory achieved by the people through Satyagraha.

INDIAN MERCHANTS SUPPORT GANDHIJI.

More than thirty commercial organizations in the city had decided to arrange a procession from the Bullion Exchange and to hold a meeting at the Esplanade Maidan to declare that the commercial community fully sympathised with the present national movement in the country and to protest against the repressive policy of the Government.

POLICE SEE LEADERS.

When the Committee that organised the procession was meeting in the hall of the Bullion Exchange, Marwadi Bazar, at about 12-30 on Friday noon, two Police Officers, Rao Bahadur Tawde, Superintendent of Police and Inspector Gole of Princess Street Police Station arrived at the meeting and told them that the procession would not be allowed to proceed further than Bori Bunder.

LEADERS SEE COMMISSIONER.

Mr. Walchand Hirachand and other leaders then interviewed Commissioner of Police Mr. Healey at the Headquarters and undertook to guarantee that the procession would be absolutely peaceful and there would be no obstruction to traffic. They were even prepared to take the procession only on one side of the road, leaving the other side clear for traffic.

VERY FIRM.

But the Commissioner was firm and told them that on no account he would withdraw or modify the order. He is said to have summed up his reply: "Your card on your table, my card on my table."

The leaders then returned to the Bullion Exchange and after some consultation they decided not to have the procession, but only to hold the meeting at the Esplanade Maidan in the evening.

PEOPLE REFUSE.

In the meantime, several batches of different associations had already arrived at the Bullion Exchange, and they refused to abandon the procession, despite the persuasion of the leaders. They immediately formed themselves into a procession and proceeded towards Bhuleshwar from where they turned into Kalbadevi Road.

POLICE REFUSE.

On reaching Dhobi Talao they proceeded along Cruickshank Road towards Bori Bunder where they found a strong police force armed with rifles and lathis formed into a cordon and it refused to allow the processionists to proceed further.

For a few minutes those who were leading the procession argued with the police officers but they were told that on no account would they be allowed to proceed further. On this the people decided to resort to peaceful Satyagraha and squuatted down on the road.

THEY SQUAT.

It was a great sight to see thousands of men sitting peacefully on the ground occupying the whole area opposite the Bori Bunder and the Municipal Offices. The news of the police prohibition spread like wild fire through the whole city and huge crowds from different localities proceeded towards Bori Bunder from all sides.

It was about 4-30 p.m. that the procession reached Bori Bunder and shortly after Mrs. Lilavati Munshi and some other Congress leaders arrived on the scene and tried to keep the crowds peaceful. They were not, however, prepared to take charge of the procession as it was arranged by the merchants and so waited for the merchant leaders to come.

In the meanwhile Pundit Sunderlalji and Mr. B. F. Bharucha arrived and after having a talk with the Police Officers present Pundit Sunderlalji went to see the Police Commissioner. At about 6 p.m. Messrs. G. D. Birla and Walchand Hirachand arrived but on hearing that Pundit Sunderlalji had gone to see the Commissioner, they also squatted on the ground among the crowds.

Mr. Slocombe, the Special Correspondent of the "Daily Herald" heard of the grave situation and he too came to see for himself at 6-30 p.m., accompanied by Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, and Mr. S. A. Brelvi. He watched the "battle" for about half an hour from the Municipal Office.

CROWDS INCREASE.

It was past seven now and though it was getting dark neither side seemed prepared to give way. The number of people was increasing every moment and much excitement prevailed at this time. Everybody was awaiting Pundit Sunderlalji's return for the result of his negotiations with the Police Commissioner.

At 7-15 p.m. Pundit Sunderlalji returned and it only added to the excitement when he declared that the Police Commissioner was not prepared to give them permission to proceed further. The Pundit was then carried shoulder high by the volunteers from place to place and he addressed the huge crowds and requested them to be peaceful but at the same time to stick to their places even if they had to wait till the next morning.

He declared that he had informed the Police Commissioner that in no case would the processionists go back, but they would proceed further whatever the consequences. This declaration was greeted with loud and prolonged cheers by the processionists.

COMMISSIONER ARRIVES.

At 7-30 the Commissioner of Police arrived on the scene accompanied by Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas and Mr. Lalji Naranji. He had a talk with them and also with Pundit Sunderlalji. Pundit Sunderlalji definitely informed Mr. Healy that the processionists were not prepared to go back. They had decided to stick to their position and face the consequences.

HE YIELDS.

As a result of this conversation Mr. Healy agreed to remove the police force and to allow the procession to proceed further.

Exactly at 7-45 the entire police force consisting of 10 sowars and more than 200 armed policemen was removed amidst defeaning cheers and shouts of the processionists who were proud of their victory.

As soon as the police had left, the procession proceeded further and on reaching the Museum turned back and reached the Esplanade Maidan via Waudby Road.

PARSIS GREET.

It was led by Pundit Sunderlalji, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi and Mr. Usman Sobani who were driving in a taxi. All along the route the processionists kept on shouting the usual slogans. When they passed along the Hornby Road they were cheered by people who had lined on both sides. Several Parsis and especially Parsi ladies were seen greeting the crowds on their well earned victory.

BOMBAY MERCHANTS' MEETING.

—:o:—

When the procession returned to the Esplanade Maidan a meeting was held under the presidentship of Mr. G. D. Birla. As the loud-speakers installed there had been removed Mr. Birla's voice could not reach all those present.

SAGE OF SABARMATI.

Mr. Birla in his speech congratulated the citizens of Bombay on the victory they had won that evening. They had vindicated the honour of Bombay by offering peaceful Satyayraha for full four hours and had proved that they knew how to act up to the teaching of the sage of Camarmati.

It was a victory not for the citizens of Bombay but for Mahatma Gandhi whose sacrifices and penance have borne fruits and it was due to his teaching that India was fighting her battle in a way not known so far in human history.

REMAIN NON-VIOLENT.

He felt sure that if Indians stuck to their guns and remained non-violent the world opinion which was everyday getting more favourable to India would compel Britain to come to terms.

GANDHIJI—FRIEND OF MERCHANTS.

Refuting the allegation that the merchant community did not approve of Mahatmaji's methods and had no sympathy with the movement started by him, Mr. Birla said he believed that there was no greater friend of the Indian merchants than Mahatma Gandhi

While the Government by adopting the 18d. ratio by opposing Mr. Haji's Coastal Reservation Bill and lately by forcing Imperial Preference on India, despite very strong protests of the merchant community, had shown their utter disregard for Indian merchants, it was Mahatma Gandhi who had included the above three points in his now famous eleven points for a settlement.

"Tell me" asked Mr. Birla who is a better friend of Indian merchants. The Government or the Mahatma?"

SUPPORT INDEPENDENCE.

The following four resolutions were then moved from the chair and carried unanimously:—

RESOLUTIONS.

This meeting of the commercial organisations of Bombay held under the auspices of various associations wholeheartedly sympathises with the present national movement and appeals to the people to make earnest and sincere efforts by all peaceful means to end the existing system of foreign exploitation that improverishes the agricultural classes, severely handicaps the manufacturing interests, ruins the interests of the mercantile community and generally draws away the wealth of the country to its growing poverty.

This meeting is moreover definitely of opinion that the interests of the stable elements of the community are identical with those of the country at large and as expressed in the present movement led by Mahatma Gandhi.

INDIA'S LEADER.

This meeting is emphatically of opinion that the universal leader wholely embodying and expressing the national awakening of India is Mahatma Gandhi and that no settlement of the present situation can take place or will be acceptable to the stable elements in this country which is arranged without the participation of Mahatma Gandhi.

INHUMAN ATROCITIES.

(a) This meeting strongly denounces the most barbarous and monstrous treatment meted out to the Indian ladies at Viramgam, and other places and pledges itself to try every peaceful means in its power to put an end to a system that makes such unheard of and inhuman atrocities possible.

(b) This meeting views with equal abhorrence the methods adopted by the police and the military against unarmed & peaceful public of Peshawar, Sholapur,, Delhi, Calcutta, Karachi, Madras, Dharasana, Wadala and other places and condemns the proclamation of martial law at Sholapur.

(c) This meeting is firmly convinced that the only reply to such lawlessness of and inhumanity of its servants is that the while commercial community of India should take such immediate and effective commercial steps that may without double under such terrorism impossible in future.

SATYAGRAHIS SPIRIT.

This meeting places on record its high admiration of the self-sacrifice and the spirit of Satyagraha shown by the volunteers all over the country and expresses its severe disgush towards the policy of terriorism pursued by the authorities to deal with the present situation.

Women's Help To Struggle For Liberty

—:o:—

A mass meeting of the women of Bombay residing in the north of the city was held on Friday afternoon in the spacious compound opposite the K.E.M. Hospital. Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhlay who presided emphasised the necessity of women taking leading part in the struggle for the freedom of the country. She advised the women to take earnestly to the programme of the Indian National Congress to picket the foreign cloth shops and liquor shops.

Shrimati Ratanben also spoke and urged the women to take to spinning themselves. Mrs. Hansa Mehta who takes a prominent part in the women's movement in the organisation of picketing was requested to organise the force from the women of the north of the island. At the end of the meeting many women promised to come forward as volunteers.

MALTA'S PREMIER SHOT AT.

—:o:—

Unhurt, But Dazed.

ASSAILANT MILLER ARRESTED.

LONDON, May 23.

Malta.—Lord Strickland, Prime Minister, was fired at pointblank but was not hurt.

Lord Strickland has been the central figure in the controversy which has been going on between the Church and the State in Malta for the past 18 months.

Lord Strickland accompanied by Superintendent of Police was entering Court of Appeal, for a case in which the Prime Minister is plaintiff and the issue involved is the attempt of Nationalists to invalidate all laws passed by the Government.

A fanatical Nationalist named Miller fired pointblack at Strickland who, however, was not hit but was momentarily dazed.

The police immediately seized Miller and the next two shots went in air. Lord Strickland, smiling and unperturbed, watched the arrest of Miller. Crowds immediately surrounded Lord Strickland and gave him frenzied ovations.—Reuter.

MOONSOON APPROACHING?

—:o:—

POONA, May 23.

Associated with thunderstorms there has been local rain in Lower Burma, Assam and Bombay Deccan with a few falls in Bengal, Kumaon Hills, East Central Provinces and North Madras Coast.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Amherst one and a half inches; Tavoy one; Bassein three-quarters; Toungoo and Kyaukpyu a half each; Victoria Point and Owa a quarter each; Dhubri, Jessore, and Cherrapunji one each; Tezpur and Gauhati a half each; Dibrugarh, Calcutta and Jalpaiguri a quarter each; Mukteswar, Jagdalpur and Mount Abu a half each; and Poona and Malegaon a quarter.

Forecast:—No large change.—A. P.

DHARASANA DAY.

—:o:—

To-day's Procession.

The Joint Hon. Secretary, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee:—

There will be a public procession of the Satyagraha Volunteers in order to celebrate Dharsana Day to-day. The procession will start from the Congress House, at 4 p.m. and pass to the different streets reaching Esplanade Maidan, at 6 p.m. when there will be Public Meeting. All are cordially invited to attend.

INDIAN CHAMBER'S DEPUTATION TO VICEROY

—:o:—

We understand that the Viceroy has agreed to receive a deputation of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau regarding the present political situation.

Where Credit Is Due.

—:o:—

Mr. Durgadutt, one of the organisers of Friday's procession writes:—

The success of Friday's procession was due to, the peaceful Satyagraha of the merchants and to the mediation of Sir Purshottamdas and Mr. Lalji Naranji and the good sense of Mr. Healy, the Commissioner of Police.

MRS. NAIDU GETS NINE MONTHS.

Imam Saheb And Manilal Gandhi Jailed.

NARHARI PAREKH ARRESTED.

Mrs Naidu and other leaders were tried 'in camera' at Dharasana and convicted.

Mrs. Naidu was given 9 months' S.I. Imam Sahib was given 6 months: Manilal Gandhi one year's R.I. Mr. Narhari Parekh has been arrested.

(From Our Special Representative.)

CAMP UNTADI, May 23.

Mrs. Naidu, Imansaheb, Manilal Gandhi, and Pyarilal were tried this noon at Dharasana. Mrs. Naidu was sentenced to nine months simple imprisonment and put in "A" class.

Imamsaheb was sentenced to six months' simple and "B" class. Messrs. Manilal Gandhi and Pyarilal were sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

Sjt. Narharibhai Parekh has been arrested.

ONE VOLUNTEER SUCCUMBS TO LATHI BLOWS.

—:o:—

(From Our Special Representative)

BULSAR, May 22.

Camp Bulsar: A connected story of how the military broke up the Untadi Satyagraha Camp is now available. After giving an order to disperse which was not heeded by the Satyagrahis, armed police made a lathi charge on the whole Camp beating all and sundry. The military then rounded the whole camp and placed under arrest all the 500 satyagrahis and marched them to Untadi. On arrival at Untadi, the arrested Satyagrahis were released with a warning that they should not return to the camp.

MRS. GANDHI ISOLATED.

With the exception of Sjt. Narhari Parekh who was wounded yesterday Mrs. Gandhi and Miss Mithuben Patel and four volunteers who are allowed to stay in the Camp, the rest have all been taken out and dispersed. Many of them are arriving in Bulsar Camp.

Narharibhai and Mrs. Gandhi who are still in the Camp are practically isolated as no one is allowed to reach it. The report that some of the wounded men yesterday were again assaulted by police to-day appears to be wrong. It is not also true that Red Cross men and doctors received lathi blows.

A volunteer who received lathi blows in yesterday's assault succumbed to his injuries this morning in hospital at Untadi Camp. His dying deposition has been recorded by a Doctor.

MRS. NAIDU SENTENCED.

—:o:—

9 Months' S. I. Given.

DHARASANA, May 23.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu has been convicted and sentenced to nine months' simple imprisonment.—A. P.

CAMPAIGN TO BE RESUMED

"With Greater Vigour," Says Wounded Leader.

BULSAR, May 22.

Sjt. Narhari Parekh, interviewed on his sick bed said he was not decided whether the campaign would be continued. "I am inclined to suspend our activities temporarily only to resume with greater vigour in the near future."

To-day's toll is 15 seriously wounded and more than 50 hurt. Five are in a very serious condition and have been removed to the Bulsar hospital. In case the campaign is resumed 600 Satyagrahis who are asked to remain at Dongri will be called on to the "front".

CROWDS OF MOURNERS.

Bhailalbhai Dayabhai, a Satyagrahi hailing from Palaji, Borsad Taluka, who received injuries in to-day's lathi charge by police succumbed in the camp hospital this afternoon. The post-mortem examination held at Bulsar revealed that he had sustained severe abdominal injuries and death was due to heart failure. funeral procession through Bulsar City which observed hartal in honour of his death.

"YOU CAN DO YOUR WORST."

Narhari Parekh Refuses To Leave His Post.

From Our Special Representative.

BULSAR, May 23.

Camp Dharsana.—"This is an unlawful assembly. You are requested to disperse or else we will do that work for you." This was the warning given to Mr. Narhari Parekh, acting Commander of the Dharasana Campaign this morning by the police. "I will stick on here with volunteers. You can do your worst. We will raid the salt depot in face of latnis." was Narharbhai's reply.

At about 8-30 this morning, a posse of constables headed by the District Magistrate, Mr. Braham, Police Superintendent, Mr. Robinson and Deputy Superintendent Mr. Antia entered Untadi Camp. They first paid a visit to the hospital attached to the Camp where hundreds are lying wounded and asked when all the wounded would be removed to Bulsar.

Dr. Tribhuvandas, who is in charge of the hospital stated that the wounded were being removed to Bulsar and more than half had already been conveyed. The police party then went up to the tent where Narharibhai with a few local volunteers is encamped and gave a warning that they should disperse.

PICKED MEN.

At this stage, the District Magistrate intervened and asked if Narharibhai intended calling fresh batches of volunteers to offer Satyagraha to which the latter replied in the affirmative. Narharbhai added that he would call for picked men who could suffer, without resistance every sort of hardships privations and beating.

Another question was put to Narharbhai asking under whose orders he was working, Narharbhai replied that a "War Council" of 4 members had been appointed to direct the campaign, out of whom three had been clapped in jail. He was the only surviving member of that body and therefore he was in complete charge of the operations, except that the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress having made Dharsana an All-India question was free to offer any advice they thought fit.

"I shall certainly call fresh batches and keep our flag flying," repeated Narharibhai.

HOW UNTADI CAMP WAS BROKEN UP.

—:o:—

BOMBAY, May 22.

Mr. Maganlal Davalji, a Salt Satyagrahi of Bulsar, who was in

(Continued on page 9.)

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Public Notices.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned carrying on business as Tailors and Outfitters at 173 Princess Street outside the Fort of Bombay and at Commissariat Building, Hornby Road within the Fort of Bombay under the firm name and style of J. Dias & Bros. has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the 23rd day of April 1930. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm carried on at 173 Princess Street aforesaid will be received and paid respectively by me the said J. Dias who will continue to carry on the said business at Princess Street under the name style and firm of J. Dias & Bros. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm carried on at Commissariat Building, Hornby Road aforesaid will be received and paid respectively by me the said A. S. Dias who will continue to carry on the said business at Commissariat Building, Hornby Road under the name style and firm of J. Dias & Bros. or A. S. Dias & Co.

I the said J. F. D'Costa have ceased to have any connection with the said businesses of the present owners and am not responsible for any of the debts due by the said business carried on at 173 Princess Street and at Commissariat Building, Hornby Road.

All claims against the said late firm of J. Dias & Bros. carried on both at 173 Princess Street and at Commissariat Building Hornby Road are therefore immediately invited.

Dated this 24th day of May, 1930.
J. DIAS,
A. S. DIAS,
J. F. D'COSTA.
786

THE SYDENHAM COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, BOMBAY 1.

CLASSES to prepare candidates for the Government Diploma in Accountancy Examination will commence at the above College—the only Government institution in this Presidency preparing candidates for the said examination from 21st June, 1930. The classes provide for proper individual attention, which is made possible owing to a comparatively small number of students, and a systematic course or study under highly qualified staff. A few seats are available in the College Hostel. Apply sharp to the PRINCIPAL.
674

THE GOCULDAS TEJPAL BOARDING SCHOOL AND LAW AND MEDICAL FUND.

APPLICATIONS WILL BE ACCEPTED TILL 31ST MAY, 1930.

VACANCIES of Free, Half-Free and Paying Boarders shall be filled up in June next from high caste Hindu Students desirous of prosecuting their studies for Arts, Science and Commerce degrees.

(a) FREE BOARDERS:— According to the vacancies available, free boarders will be elected, who will be provided with board, lodging, clothes, books, College and University fees free.

(b) HALF-FREE BOARDERS:—A certain number will be kept as half-free boarders, who will pay in advance Rs. 125 per term in return for which they will be provided similarly as Free Boarders.

(c) PAYING BOARDERS:—Paying Boarders are provided with only board and lodging on payment of Rs. 150 per term. In respect of these boarders, the first term runs from 15th June, and the second term begins on 10th November, and ends on 15th April.

LAW and MEDICAL FUND:—A certain number of Scholarships will be awarded to Hindu students studying for Law and Medicine, preference being given to Bhatia students.

For printed forms of application and of rules and regulations, apply enclosing one anna postal stamp to the SECRETARY, G. T. CHARITIES, 162, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
658

THE MONSOON IS COMING!

Roofs will not leak if covered NOW,

with

GENASCO WATERPROOF ROOFING.

—Write us TO-DAY—

MCKENZIES LIMITED.

Roofing Experts

Sewri-Bombay,

Agents for:

Trinidad Lake Asphalt.
682

Public Notices.

ISMAIL COLLEGE, ANDHERI.

THE ISMAIL COLLEGE, Andheri near Bombay (Railway Station Jogeshwari) opens from June, 1930. Only the First Year and the Inter Arts classes will be started this year; the Inter Science and the Junior B.A. classes will be added in 1931-32 and the Senior B.A. class in 1932-33. The College is open to all communities but in admission preference will be given to Muhammadans.

Hostel accommodation is provided for about 70 students. Rooms in the Hostel will be allotted after the admission to the College is decided.

The tuition fee for the First Year and Inter Arts classes shall be Rs. 75|- per term in addition to Gymkhana Fee and the Hostel charges.

In addition to the 25 Sir Mohomed Yusuf Endowment scholarships, there are a number of scholarships of Rs. 25|- p.m. reserved for Muslim students. Besides there will be 10 open scholarships.

The applications for admissions on prescribed forms which may be obtained from the College office, should reach the Undersigned before the 7th June, 1930.

Sd. M. B. REHMAN.
Principal.
Ismail College,
Andheri, 20-5-1930.
727

SIR GANGA RAM POCKET BOOK OF ENGINEERING.

5th edition in Urdu or English. Price Rs. 7|8, cash and Rs. 8|- per post each. Sir Ganga Ram Trust Society, Lahore.
790

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees of Cargo per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's s.s. "YAMAGATA MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 22nd May 1930 from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore, and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for:—Probate of the Last Will and Testament of AISHABAI, daughter of Haji Abdul and widow of Ismail Haji Abubaker of Bombay Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Khadak, outside the Fort Deceased.

(1) ELIJAH JACOB and (2) DAWOOD ISMAIL, of Bombay Jew and Memon Mahomedan Inhabitants, residing at Dongri and Khadak outside the Fort respectively Executors named in the Will of abovenamed deceased Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit, before the Grant of probate.

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this ninth day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty and in the twenty-first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

E. FAHEY.

The 9th day of May, 1930.
Messrs. PHIROZE B. CHOKSI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
779

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 897 of 1930.

Bai VELBAI, widow of Ramji Shivji, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Vadgadi, outside the Fort of Bombay, on behalf of herself and all other creditors of the late Dewji Velji ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

(1) KESHOWJI DEWJI and (2) DHANJI DEWJI, both of Bombay, Hindu heirs and legal representatives of Devji Velji, residing at Dana Bunder, outside the Fort of Bombay, minors under the age of 18 years by their guardian ad litem, Velji Nensey, also of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Dana Bunder outside the Fort .. Defendants.

To,

All the Creditors of Devji Velji (deceased).

Notice under O. 1, Rule VIII.

PURSUANT to the Order, made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Rangnekar on the 17th day of April, 1930, Notice is hereby given under Order I, Rule VIII, of the Code of Civil Procedure, that the Plaintiff abovenamed has filed this suit on behalf of herself and all other creditors of Devji Velji, deceased, lately carrying on business under the name and style of Keshavji Dewji and Co. against the Defendants abovenamed, being the heirs and legal representatives of the said Devji Velji, deceased, praying for the following reliefs:—

(a) that the estate of the said Devji Velji, deceased, may be administered by and under the directions of this Hon'ble Court and for that purpose all necessary directions may be given accounts taken enquiries made and orders passed;

(b) that pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit the Court Receiver may be appointed Receiver to take charge of the estate of the said Devji Velji, deceased;

(c) that pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit the Defendants, their agents and servants may be restrained by an order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court from dealing with or otherwise disposing of the estate of the deceased or any part thereof;

(d) that the Plaintiff's costs of this suit may be provided for;

(e) that the Plaintiff may have such further or other relief as the nature and circumstance of the case may require.

And that the hearing of the said suit is fixed for the 25th day of June, 1930.

Dated this 20th day of May, 1930.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) E. FAHEY.

The 20th day of May, 1930.
Messrs. CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
796

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Power of Attorney dated the 1st day of August, 1928, executed by our client Mr. ABDUL KARIM HAJE ALLABUXJI, Proprietor of the firm, of Messrs. Mahomedally Essabhoy Ujjainwalla, carrying on business at Abdul Rehman Street, without the Fort of Bombay in favour of one Mr. Gulamally Adambhoy has been revoked and cancelled Public and all persons are hereby warned not to deal with the said Gulamally Adambhoy on behalf of our said clients' firm of Mahomedally Essabhoy Ujjainwalla in any manner whatsoever and if in spite of this any one deals with the said Gulamally Adambhoy on behalf and in the name of our client's said firm, he will do so at his own risk and our client and his firm shall not in any way be bound thereby and also shall not be responsible for the same.

Dated this 23rd day of May, 1930
DAMANIA & CO.
Attorneys for Abdul Karim Haji Allabuxji, Proprietor of the said firm of Messrs. Mahomedally Essabhoy Ujjainwalla.
795

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Summary Suit No. 733 of 1929.

Messrs. POHOOMULL BROTHERS, a firm, carrying on business as Shroffs at Jackeria Musjid Street, outside the Fort .... Plaintiffs.

versus

(1) ABDULALLI SADEKALLI, of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Proctor Street, Grant Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, and (2) ABASBHOY ABDULALLI, a firm, doing business in Sanitary Fittings at Nagdevi Street outside the Fort of Bombay .. Defendants.

To,

ABDULALLI SADEKALLI,
The 1st Defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs abovenamed have filed the above suit against the Defendants for Rs. 5,103-3-0 for principal and interest due at the foot of the two Hundies for Rs. 2,500 each dated 1st October, 1928, and for interest on Rs. 5,000 at 6 per cent per annum from 11th April, 1929, till judgment.

Please also note that you are hereby required to apply to this Court within 10 days from the date hereof for leave to defend the above suit and to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted. In default of your obtaining such leave the Plaintiffs will be entitled to obtain a Decree against you for Rs. 5103-3-0 and interest as aforesaid and the sum of Rs. 200 for costs.

Leave to appear and defend may be obtained on an application made within the time aforesaid to the Sitting Judge in Chambers upon your paying into Court the sum mentioned above or upon affidavits disclosing such facts as the said Judge may deem sufficient to support the application within the meaning of O. XXXVII, Rule 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Dated this 23rd day of May, 1930.

KHUNDERAO LAUD & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
789

NOTICE.

In the course of yesterday's statements were written in chalk in English and Gujarati, outside the Office of Messrs. Ralli Bros. Bombay and at other places in Bombay that a member of their European Staff was present at Wadala on the 22nd inst. and assaulted a Congress Volunteer and the statement has been reproduced in the Bombay Congress Bulletin of the 22nd instant. Messrs. Ralli Bros. wish it to be known that no European member of their staff was at Wadala on the 22nd instant and that the statement is absolutely false and without foundation.

Dated 23rd May, 1930.
LITTLE & CO.
Solicitors for
Messrs. Ralli Brothers.
738

Deka Wires and Cables
ESTD. 1890

(MADE IN GERMANY)

THERE ARE NONE BETTER
DEKA CABLES A. N. CLASS
Are Guaranteed Equal in all Respects to
C. M. A. 600 MEGOHM GRADE CABLES

USED LARGELY BY:—
GOVERNMENT DEPTS.
RAILWAYS,
TRAMWAYS,
MILITARY SERVICES,
MUNICIPALITIES,
PUBLIC BODIES, ETC.,
THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CABLES OF ALL CLASSES. FOR LIGHTING, TRACTION TELEPHONY. TELEGRAPHY.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS
CAN BE HAD FROM ALL LEADING DEALERS.

Sole Agents:—
J. C. KARAKA & CO.,
127, Fort Street,
BOMBAY.
Telegrams:—"Gauntlet.
Telephone No. 24726.
Wanted Sub-Agents.

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SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(Incorporated in England).
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH.

and London calling at Marseilles (calling at Malta every alternate week).

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
1930		
May 17	Kaisar-I-Hind	11,518
24	Mooltan x	20,847
31	Macedonia	11,120
June 7	Mantua*	10,946
14	Comorin	16,132
21	Maloja x	20,827
28	Razmak	10,857
July 5	Ranpura*	16,601
12	Malwa	11,000
19	Naldera x	16,088
26	Rawalpindi	16,619
Aug. 2	Morea*	10,946
9	Kaisar-I-Hind	11,518
16	Narkunda x	16,572
23	Macedonia	11,120
30	Rajputana*	16,568
Sept. 6	Ranpura	16,601
13	Mooltan x	20,847
20	Ranchi	16,650
27	Mantua*	10,946
Oct. 4	Viceroy of India	19,648
11	Comorin x	16,132
18	Kaisar-I-Hind	11,518
25	Razmak @	10,857
Nov. 1	Rajputana	16,568
8	Naldera x	16,088
15	Ranpura	16,601
22	Morea*	10,954
29	Razmak	10,857
Dec. 6	Narkunda*	16,572
13	Viceroy of India	19,648
20	Rawalpindi x	16,619
27	Kaisar-I-Hind	11,518

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

@ To Marseilles only.

* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

x Through steamer from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

NEW REDUCED FARES TO EUROPE.

The Managing Directors of the P. & O. Company take this opportunity of advising passengers that the fares between Bombay and Europe for "A", "B" and "C" accommodation First Saloon, both single and return, have been revised and that a forth or "D" rate of £63 from Bombay to London or £58 to Marseilles will be introduced. The second saloon rates have also been revised.

Passengers holding return coupons will be refunded any difference for the return voyage according to the grade of accommodation occupied.

The accommodation in all the steamers has also been regarded and full particulars can be obtained from Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Company. PASSENGERS ARE ADVISED TO WRITE NOW AND REGISTER THEIR REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SPRING OF 1931.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

First and second Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rate will be issued for any mail steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S. S. "Macedonia" on the 21st May, 1930, and terminating with the "Viceroy of India" leaving Marseilles September 8th and due in Bombay on the 19th September 1930. The fares will be as follows:—

	1st Saloon	2nd Saloon.
To London and back by Sea ..	£105	£75
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train Across France in both directions ..	£120	£90
To Marseilles and back ..	£100	£73

The accommodation allotted will be the best available at time of application.

Passengers taking off Season Tickets and who wish to return later than September 19th may do so on paying half the Short Period Return Rate and half the ordinary return rate for whichever grade they are allotted.

This concession will only be granted to passengers who proceed home on steamers sailing between 21st May and 26th July, inclusive.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth with liberty to call at Port Soudan, Malta and/or Tangier.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
1930		
28th Aug.	DOMALA	8,422
30th Nov.	DUMANA	8,427
11th Dec.	DOMALA	8,422

These two vessels are only one class ships. Fares as follows:—

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Plymouth A	£54	£112
B	£80	£105
C	£56	£ 98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about 1930.		
May 28	Mirzapore*	Straits, China & Japan.
June 6	Mores	Colombo China & Japan.
20	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia
July 4	Rajputana	Colombo China & Japan.
18	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia
Aug. 1	Mantua	Colombo China & Japan.
15	Comorin	Colombo and Australia
29	Malwa	Colombo China & Japan.
Sept. 12	Naldera	Colombo and Australia
26	Mores	Colombo China & Japan.
Oct. 10	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia
24	Rawalpindi	Colombo China & Japan.
Nov. 7	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia
21	Ranchi	Colombo China & Japan.
Dec. 5	Maloja	Colombo and Australia
19	Malwa	Colombo China & Japan.

*Cargo only.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only at the following fares from Bombay:—

To Fremantle	£ 74
Adelaide	£ 76
Melbourne	£ 78
Sydney	£ 80
Brisbane	£ 82
Auckland or Wellington	
(N. Z.) via Sydney	£186

Periods of availability 16 Weeks
Sailings approximately every month.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

To Africa, Karachi, Persian Gulf, Tuticorin, Colombo. Madras, Calcutta and Rangoon.

1930		
28th May	Barpeta	Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports.
30th May	Varsova	Karachi, Bushire, Mohammerah, & Busrah.
4th June	Karoa	East & South Africa
6th June	Ellora	Mombasa and Zanzibar via Porebunder.

Special 1st Saloon cheap Excursion return tickets to Mombassa or Rs. 500/- will be available from May to September 1930. The return voyage to be completed within 3 months from the date of sailing from Bombay.

Cheap Excursion tickets are also available between Mombasa and Durban during June/August 1930. Particulars will be supplied on application.

There will be sailings to Karachi on Wednesdays, Tursdays, Fridays every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Tursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs/Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay

SHIPPING.

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
Kitano Maru ..	8000	....	@23 May
Rangoon Maru.	5029	20 May	29 May
*Shanghai Maru	4104	12 May	31 May
YamagataMaru	3807	22 May	3 June
Haruna Maru..	10500	....	@11June
Tamba Maru..	5845	30 May	13 June
Kamo Maru ..	8000	....	@25June
*Calcutta Maru	5339	15 June	27 June
Katori Maru ..	0000	....	@ 9 July
Sado Maru .	5898	29 June	13 July
Atsuta Maru...	8000	....	@16July

*Do not carry passengers.
@From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles
Hakone Maru..	1050	28 May	3 June
Suwa Maru ..	1100	28 June	4 July
Hakusan Maru.	1050	9 July	27 July

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers.	Tons	From Hong-kong	From Kobe
Chichibu Maru	22000	29 May	4 June
Tenyo Maru ..	22000	12 June	8 June
Tatsuta Maru..	22000	19 June	25 June

Other are Orient-Seattle, South American (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services.
Reduced combined through fares Cheapest Round the World tourists and other fares, full particulars on which are furnished on application to:—
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road
Bombay.
Phone No. 20270, 23728.
Telegrams:—"YUSEN".

The Scindia Steam Navigation Company, Ltd.,

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN.

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents,
Ballard Estate, Bombay

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

O.S.K. Line
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI.

Steamers.	Arrival.	Departure
Shunko Maru ..	7th May	14th May
Burma Maru ..	8th May	21st May
Tempei Maru ..	20th May.	30th May
Clyde Maru ..	1st May.	31st May.
Honolulu Maru	23rd May.	4th June.
Shinnoh Maru..	8th June.	22nd June.

For particulars apply to:—
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan).
Phone Nos. 22150 and 25473.
Telegrams:—"SHOSEN."
Box No. 855.

ULCERINE

(Regd.)

Without operation, cures—Piles Fistula, Carbuncle, Witlow, Gangrene, Boils, Foul Ulcer, etc., on application Instantly relieves pain of poisonous Boils and Sores draws out all pus magically. Even operated wounds of any extent healed in a week. It is taken also internally as best blood purifier Cure guaranteed. Phial Re. 1-4-6. Postage extra. Ask free booklet to—NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.

Agents: J. Tirath and Co., Sunder Road, Karachi.
Kemp and Co., Charni Road, Bombay.
Telegraphic Address: "Ulcer," Kandi.

BANKING.

Imperial Bank of India.

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE
APOLLO STREET.
BRANCHES.
Byculla—Bellasis Road.
Mandvi—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

SAVINGS BANK.

DEPOSITS: Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000 in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

WITHDRAWALS may be made at any time, but not oftener than once in a week. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by post by depositors not residing in the town where the account is kept. Accounts may be transferred to any other Office of the Bank free of charge.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000 the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a special Savings Banks Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.

INTEREST is allowed at the rate of three per cent per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank Accounts and at the rate of three and a half per cent per annum on the daily balances of the Special Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

Yokohama Specie Bank Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	100,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	100,000,000
RESERVE FUND	111,600,000

BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Jansie
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Singapore
Calcutta	Lyons	Shimoncseki
Canton	Manila	Sourabaya
Changchun	Marunouchi (Tokio)	San Francisco
Dairen	Nagasaki	Samarang
Fengtien	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsan
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Pekin	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 50,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 6.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. YASHIO,
Manager.

Bank of India, Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1882.)
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.
BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay), Poona, Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	90,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 1-1/2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 8 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened which can be ascertained on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

INSURANCE.

East AND West INSURANCE Co., Ltd.

Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Purely Indian Concern — Offers everything best in Life Insurance

Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12½ per Rs. 1,000/- per year.

Several new attractive plans.

Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions

For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the—
SECRETARIES Bombay.

Western India LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Satara City.

PRE-EMINENT among INDIAN COMPANIES at the age of 13.
Fourth Valuation at the end of 1926.

UNSURPASSED BONUS	
Bonus per 000 p. a W. Life and	
Rs. 22-1/2 ,, 18	
Strongest Reserve 11	
(1) Life Assurance Fund, Rs. 10,64,993.	
(2) Total undivided Reserve Rs. 3,42,170.	
RATIO of (2) to (1) 32 per cent.	

NO OTHER COMPANY in INDIA can show EQUAL RESULTS.
For Agency and other particulars please apply.

A SAFE and Satisfying Tonic

THE ATANK NIGRAH PILLS

Rupee ONE for a Tin (32 Pills
Bombay Branch:—
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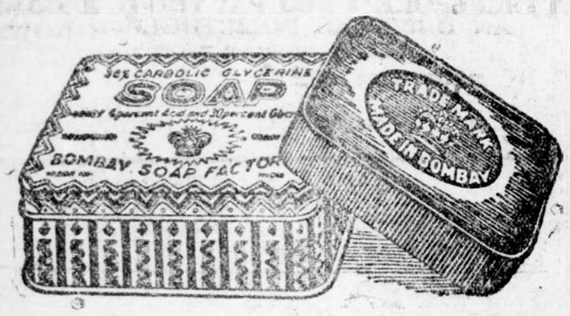

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What the People Say

THE ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

—:o:—

To The Editor Of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—While many patriots are courting suffering men like Messrs. Mahomed Ali, Shaukat Ali Chimanlal Setalvad, Tej Bahadur Sapru etc. are showing all eagerness to attend the Round Table Conference, which, on keen observation, will be found to be a farce and a cunning trap to catch hold of such gentlemen, now, why is the R. T. Conference held at all? It is to be held, according to the Viceroy's statement, to draw up a new Constitution on the lines of Dominion Status. Now, if the Government have any good feeling at heart, why do they not express it by repealing the Salt Tax, at least? All sensible men say that this tax isodious. Then, why does not the Government repeal this tax.—Yours etc.,

OBSERVER.

APPEAL TO LEADERS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There have been two results of the ruthless repression going on in the country for the last five or six weeks. One is that the country is depleted of those who can command the respect of the populace and lead them. These persons threw themselves into thick of the fight and courted arrests. Perhaps this sort of headlong rush was necessary at the start of the movement in order to create the necessary amount of zeal and confidence in the followers. The result has no doubt been splendid, but at what cost? A great many of our leaders are in gaol and the absence of these able and selfless persons is keenly felt. Of course, Mahatmaji anticipated that such would be the result and had, therefore, warned and exhorted all and sundry not to depend upon any particular leaders. He advised that each individual possessing the necessary amount of grit and fearlessness must act as if he was a leader himself. Though this is the inevitable position to accept, it is, indeed, regretable that a number of our leaders who could have been of great use at the present time, are in prison. We must now cry halt to such a state and appeal to the few influential men that are left not to risk their liberty by going beyond certain limits of speech and action. They have much constructive work to do, such as the spread of "Swadeshi". They can give guidance in a way that all chances of handcuffs and imprisonment should be avoided.

Another result of the present movement is that the system of Government has been exposed and proved to be not only unsympathetic but harsh. A great deal of bitterness has been created in the minds of the people and especially the young generation and this has fomented the trouble. This bitterness is sure to last long and must result in the estrangement of the British and Indian races.

If Government instead of allaying the feeling of the people by conciliatory measures persist in their present methods of martial rule and repression, the result will be a worse. Those in authority should take a lesson out of the pages of past history and realise before it is too late, that wisdom lies in conciliation and not coercion.

The Congress Working Committee's programmme is so very extensive that the best of our men and women will be required to guide the movement. They should now act as teachers. Government is already laying its cruel hand on the few leaders that are left, the I. P. C. supplemented by Ordinances is working havoc.

At such an anxious time, those that are able to give the lead need not risk their liberty.—Yours, etc.,

NATIONALIST.

PHOTOGRAPHERS AND NATIONAL MOVEMENT.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—As the proverb says "where there is a will there is a way"; we, the photographers, may help the movement by at least avoiding British manufactured materials for our professional use. My brothers may show sympathy towards the movement by adopting the materials viz., plates, papers and chemicals manufactured by the companies other than the British ones. There are companies like Hauff, Agfa and others which manufacture chemicals, plates, papers and other accessories which may be found equal in quality and results to the British Materials and which serve our purpose to the full extent. Of course, this sudden change in the professional routine entails a good deal of inconvenience but one may put up with the change in course of time. In honour of Mahatmaji's and other hundreds of patriots' imprisonment every son of Mother-India amongst my professional brothers is expected to boycott British materials for every day use.—Yours, etc.,

G. S. ORPE.

Baroda, May 13.

MR. HARILAL DESAI.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read with interest the letter by "C" from Mahableshwar printed in your issue of the 20th instant.

The arguments are more in the nature of an election manfesto than a correct exposition in defence of the Ministerial 'Gadi'. Is it necessary to ask "C" why practically all other Gujarat colleagues of that Minister have so far resigned? If, as he says, the Minister "approves of the policy of Government setting law in motion to put down an open defiance of law in breaking the Salt Act" he can stick to the post despite resignations of his colleagues from Gujarat. It is reported that telegrams and letters were sent to him from Ahmedabad by responsible citizens and friends. A Minister under the present system of diarychy is a member elected by a constituency and not selected by Government like an Executive Councillor. Thus as soon as the constituency demands his return he is bound to come back. The Ministerial 'Gadi' thus becomes constitutionally and undoubtedly vacant. How far Mr. Desai shows his regard for the principles of constitution and his constituency was once before the public eye in 1928, at the time of the Bardoli affair. The present atmosphere, particularly in Gujarat and in Ahmedabad, the centre of the situation, which had the privilege of electing Mr. Desai to the Council in 1926, calls for his personal visit to the city, consultation with his friends and supporters, the forming of his own opinion, after surveying the situation on the spot and then taking a decision for his resignation or otherwise. At least the constituency would expect him to come down to the hot planes from cooler heights at a time when the atmosphere is surcharged with unprecedented forces of political upheavals and queer exhibition of methods of law and order, particularly on the young, old and the womenfolk at Viramgam and other neighbouring centres. Whether the resignation of the Minister improves matters or not is not for him alone to decide, when he went to the Council and got the Ministership through the direct vote of his constituency and the support endorsed by his other colleagues of Gujarat. Because of a vacancy, if created, will be filled up by "more pliant and amiable gentlemen who aspire to this post of honour and emoluments" one need not feel that he should continue to remain in such a category when the constituency and the supporters wish him to return. When Mr. Vithalbhai Patel's dictum has been so oddly quoted by "C" by way of a camouflage for upholding the present position, how is it that he has resigned from the Assembly chair after being completely disillusioned on the question in the present circumstances. If Diwan Bahadur has a mind to turn a deaf ear to his constituency again and stick to the 'gadi' out of "sheer firmness" let him choose that course, and as advised by "C" continue to hold on "at such a juncture when the Presidency requires men of independence and firmness of mind in the counsels of Government!"

When the constituency is in a conflagration let efforts to calm the situation be made from the sprays of hose-pipes directed from over-distant hill-tops "with independence and firmness of mind" particularly to "prevent the bureaucracy from running rampant!" "By their fruits shall ye know them." More later.—Yours, etc.,

"G. I. P."

Ahmedabad, May 20, 1930.

Fire-Temple For Mahableshwar

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Are Parsees godless in Mahableshwar? Visitors to this station are seriously inclined to say "yes"; for Mahableshwar has no Fire Temple. Not so with the other communities; the Hindu has his temple, the Mahomedan his mosque, the Christian his churches; only the Parsee is left without his House of God. Does this deficiency redound to the credit of our community—a community foremost in many respects but sadly lagging in this particular? The reply must always be in the negative. Some persons, it is true, go down to the Lake to pray. But thereby the need of a Fire Temple is not dispensed with. We too ought to have a place of worship where we may thank our God for His godness and His blessings.

It is therefore up to our leaders to resolve themselves into a small committee to consider ways and means for the construction of a much-needed, much-belated Fire Temple. Let it not be said of us that in escaping from the beat of the plains we are escaping from our God.—Yours, etc.,

A ZOROASTRIAN.

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FROM THE PRISON CELL.

Mahatmaji's Letters.

Mira writes in "Young India":—

Great was the rejoicing in Sabarmati Ashram on Sunday, when a fat envelope, containing loving lines for all, was received from Gandhiji.

The authorities of Yerawda Jail have permitted Gandhiji to send words of greeting and comfort to his Ashram and relatives, and it is but right that we should share those words with the rest of India and the world, knowing of the countless friends who must be longing for news from the prison cell. Addressing me, he thus opens his writing:

"Yours is the first letter I take up to write from the jail, and that on the silence day.

"I have been quite happy, and have been making up for arrears of rest. The nights here are cool, and, as I am permitted to sleep right under the sky, I have refreshing sleep. About the change made in the manner of taking the diet, you will learn from my general letter.

"It was a great treat to receive the wheel so thoughtfully sent, and with things so carefully packed in it. The carding bow, the Superintendent tells me, was lost on the way, by the friends who brought it. I am in no hurry for it as you have sent me a liberal quantity of slivers.

"I do not know who sent me the books. They were not the ones I wanted. . . . However this mistake does not matter much as I do not miss the books just now. I am giving as much time as I can to the 'takli.' I find that I have no speed on it at all. I hardly get thirty rounds in one hour. For the first day I gave nearly seven hours to nearly reach 160 rounds. I was washed out at the end of the performance. I must learn the trick of getting more speed. I am therefore in no hurry to go to the books.

"The prison officials are all kind and attentive. Love Yerawda, 12-5-'30. BAPU."

"P. S. I believe it will be possible for me to receive the Ashram post. You may therefore send weekly letter together with the Ashram post."

In his general letter he writes:

"My health is alright. I rise in the morning at the Ashram hour. I am given a light, so I can read the Gita chapters according to our custom. I am gradually recovering from my exhaustion of so many days. I rest regularly at eight in the morning, and 12 noon, and thus get some two to three hours sleep during the day. I gave up oranges during my march, but have begun to take them again here. On the first day I took raw goat's milk, and am continuing it for the present. I take about three pounds. I shall have to reduce it a little or take it in the form of curds. In the mornings, also, I take cold water instead of hot. They give me full facilities for making it hot, but if the body can be maintained on cold water, why bother about hot water. I have left off honey. I had begun taking cold water baths, but from yesterday I am again bathing with hot water. The goat is milked in my presence, so there is no question as to the cleanliness of the milk. If raw milk proves unsatisfactory I will, of course, get it heated.

"They have given me a man to clean vessels etc. Dates and raisins I am taking. There is no reason to be anxious about my diet."

Then referring to friends who might be going to send him fruits and other comforts, he says:

"There is, and ought to be, no time in these days for taking superfluous care of others. We have no money, and ought to have no money, for superfluous expenses."

Then referring to his spinning he says.

"As for my spinning, it is regular. I make a daily hank of yarn.

"I never saw to my speed on 'takli' outside the Jail. . . Interest should be created in spinning 'takli'. In Wardha some people have reached the speed of 80 rounds in half an hour. Let those who have learned there find out their exact speed and write to me."

In the course of his lines to Ba (Kasturbai) he says:

"How nice it was that I saw you and all the sisters the evening previous to my arrest! And I was able to go with you up to your residence which gave me much pleasure. God's favours pour down upon us as rains from Heaven. . . .

"None of you should get nervous or troubled. All the verses of the sisters' prayer were thoughtfully arranged. . . . I hope they may be repeated with full concentration every morning."

To his son Devadas he says:

"I do not know where you are. But there is God above to take care of us, so let us not worry about one another."

To many others he has addressed a line or two. To Laksnmi the little 'untouchable' adopted daughter, to the young girls of the Ashram, and lastly to the little children. He who can write the most stupendous seditious articles that ever dared a mighty Empire, can also pen the sweetest children's letter. I give it below in full:

"Little Birds,

Ordinary Birds cannot fly without wings. With wings, of course, all can fly. But if you, without wings, will learn how to fly, then all your troubles will indeed be at an end. And I will teach you.

"See, I have no wings, yet I come flying to you every day in thought. Look, here is little Vimala, here is Hari and here Dharmakumar. And you also can come flying to me in thought.

"There is no need of a teacher for those who know how to think. The teacher may guide us, but he cannot give us the power of thinking. That is latent in us. Those who are wise get wise thoughts.

"Tell me who, amongst you, are not praying properly in Prabhubinal's evening prayer."

"Send me a letter signed by all, and those who do not know how to sign may make a cross.

"Yerawda Palace
"Silence day" Bapu's blessings.

Such is the power of love and peace in a great soul! May his quiet unflinching faith be a beacon light to us for ever.

MAHATMAJI WILL BE RELEASED BY JUNE!

Labour Cabinet Will Come To Terms With India.

ASTROLOGICAL FORECAST.

(BY B. D. MULGUND).

The following forecast of political events in India has been made by Mr. B. D. Mulgund of Nasik:—

Mahatmaji's arrest has been brought about by "Mars," the lord of the 8th house in the "Varsha Kundali" of his 61st year—which has a destructive tendency in the original Kundali, and stands just now badly in the 12th house, and also becomes quadrant with the "Saturn," both "Mars" and "Saturn" aspecting the "Sun," the "Moon" and the "Mercury" in the "Varsha Kundali." All these phenomena and evil aspects have taken place in the 8th month of Mahatma's 61st year and have given rise to his confinement. The trouble, however, would not last long, but would disappear shortly—early in June 1930—soon after his 9th month commences from 3rd June 1930.

2. Thus, the great Leader of India will be said to have been kept off from doing any work personally for only a few days—though in fact there are clear indications of Mahatma's increased reputation during this period in all the quarters of India—or even throughout the world, and the subject of his arrest would be seriously discussed and criticised all over the world—particularly by various Statesmen of high order in India, as well as in England and other foreign nations.

3. There will be some difference of opinion in the British Ministry itself in regard to this important subject. Yet the majority of statesmen in supreme power would after much thinking and discussion, be inclined towards settling up certain main problems of India once for all amicably. Valuable suggestions would be offered by certain foreign nations, whose interference would also become instrumental in a sense in settling up the political problems concerning the welfare of India. All this would cover up a period of 3-months, from June 1930, and two main things would be visible in June 1930, viz:—

(1) Mahatmaji's release.

(2) Inclination of Government to consider the question of settlement of the problems of India on the lines of Dominion Status.

4. The disturbances and unrest in the northern part of India and elsewhere, which might even continue for some time more till the close of May 1930—would begin to grow less in the beginning of June, and would largely disappear by the close of June, 1930.

5. Thus, the "Jupiter" entering into "Gemini" and aspecting the "Saturn" fully in the "Sagittarius" and "Mars" also moving favourably to the next "zodiac," would be helpful in removing the present disturbances in India considerably in the closing part of Mahatma's 61st year (i.e. June-September 1930), by reason of certain hopeful features that would be visible on the horizon of the field of activities which was started by Mahatma Gandhi on the 12th March, 1930.

B. D. MULGUND.

Nasik, May 9.

DISCLOSURES OF BRITISH DOMINIONS IN NAVAL PEACE PACT.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 22.

Washington.—How two British Dominions objected to cruiser building programme of United States during London Conference was disclosed by Senator Reed, one of the American delegates. Cross-examining Admiral Pringle before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee Senator Reed asked "Did you know that Australia and New Zealand threatened not only not to sign treaty giving us twenty-one eight-inch cruisers but to build some eight-inch cruisers their own?" Senator explained that Australia and New Zealand feared that projected American building programme would prompt Japan also to build, thereby, upsetting balance of naval power in the Far East. Admiral Pringle who first opposed cruiser production eventually admitted that the treaty was a very successful piece of negotiation on the part of the American delegation."—Reuter.

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NO CONFERENCE WITHOUT MAHATMA

—:o:—

FEDERATION'S RESOLVE.

Viceroy Asked To Stop Terrorism.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, Bombay at their meeting held on Tuesday:—

In the opinion of the Committee of the Federation no Conference of the nature of the Round Table Conference convened for the purpose of discussing the problem of Indian constitutional advance can come to a solution of the present political difficulty which will be acceptable to the country, unless such a Conference is attended by Mahatma Gandhi, as a free man, or has at least his approval. For this reason the Committee feel it necessary to recommend to the various member-bodies of the Federation not to nominate any representatives of Indian commercial interests to the Round Table Conference unless Mahatma Gandhi is a party to the said Conference. The Committee desire to suggest to the member-bodies to inform their individual members of the undesirability of attending such a Conference if any individual member of the member-bodies of the Federation be invited in their individual and private capacity to such a Conference.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON VOLUNTEERS.

—The Committee of the Federation have heard with alarm various reports of violent and unjustified assaults on Satyagrahi volunteers and others, including women and children, by servants of the Crown. In spite of official denials of some of these charges the Committee record their opinion that the Indian public are not likely to be satisfied with such denials and urge Government to institute independent inquiries into the trouble at various places. The Committee urge His Excellency the Viceroy to take immediate steps to stop the terrorism which has lately been pursued on the part of Government in various places and venture to warn His Excellency and the Government of India that terrorism can only increase disaffection on the part of the people towards Government.

POLICY OF BOLD STATESMANSHIP

The Committee of the Federation record their disappointment at the latest announcement of H. E. the Viceroy as it does not say anything which can inspire confidence of the people in the Round Table Conference and does not say anything new. The Committee respectfully urge the British Cabinet through His Excellency the Viceroy, and the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State for India to adopt a policy of bold and far-sighted statesmanship to satisfy the legitimate aspirations of the country without further delay.

SWADESHI.

The Committee of the Federation recommend their affiliated members and the Indian public to patronise only Indian goods to the maximum extent possible and to reduce consumption as far as possible of such goods as are either not made or insufficiently made in the country. With a view to promote Swadeshi cloth in order that it may successfully replace the imports of foreign cloth the Committee appoint a Sub-Committee consisting of the following gentlemen to submit at an early date a report of ways and means to be adopted for the purposes in a manner which will not permit of profiteering as a result of the Swadeshi movement and safeguard the interests of the consumers and at the same time to promote the manufacture and distribution of Swadeshi goods:—Lala Shri Ram (President). Mr. G. D. Birla, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai, Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai and Mr. Lalji Naranji.

The draft scheme as may be recommended by the Sub-Committee together with the resolutions that the Sub-Committee ecommends to be passed should be circulated to the affiliated bodies and their opinion be invited The Sub-Committee is authorised to consult such interests as it may think proper before the report. The President is authorised to call a meeting of the Committee when he thinks it necessary to consider the question.

DHARASANA "BATTLE."

—:o:—

Official White-Washing Of Injuries To Satyagrahis.

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

By the morning of the 22nd May two companies of Sikhs under Lieut. Colonel Daniels and a wireless detachment had reached Dungri. Shortly after arrival the Sikhs marched to Dharasana where all was quiet, only a few small scattered bands of volunteers being visible between the Nava zilla and the Congress camp at Untadi. The police proceeded to expel the volunteers from their camp and to clear them out of Untadi village, the operation being carried out with the exercise of the minimum amount of force possible. The Sikhs were in support of the police but were not required to take any part in the proceedings. In spite of the fact that crowds of people had been leaving the scene since the evening of the 21st, the number present in the camp was estimated at as high a number as 1,500.

ORDERED TO DISPERSE.

They were ordered to disperse all arrangements having been made not to disturb the sick and the doctors and attendants. A few were truculent and insolent but the great majority went away quietly leaving a band of about a hundred who sat down just outside the camp and refused to move. Most of this party yielded to persuasion but some of them resisted and had to be lifted and carried away during which process a few of the most recalcitrant sustained minor injuries from lathis. Except for these the camp was cleared without incident and about mid-day the troops and police returned to their quarters.

The Medical Officer who accompanied the District Magistrate then began the examination of the "wounded" volunteers. His inspection of the first eight discovered that volunteers were suffering from boils and another who bore no outward sign of injury.

"BATTLE" OFFICIALLY DESCRIBED.

An inspection of the Nava Zilla shows that it was selected for the mass attack of the 21st because it is the nearest zilla to Untadi and because its choice enabled the crowds, which had accompanied the volunteers, to stand comfortably on dry ground and watch the battle. There is no equally good vantage ground for spectators near the other zillas. The abortive attack on the office zilla was headed off by the Dnstrict Superintendent of Police, Mr. Robinson, who made very skilful use of several deep water channels to supplement his minute force of police which force at first numbered only 15 and later only 30 against a crowd of 300 who when they were near enough did not hesitate to jostle the police with shoulders and elbows. Only one man momentarily got through and he was quickly caught and pushed back again. The trampled condition of the ground under the fence round the Nava Zilla and the numerous discarded shoes left there show how close the attackers came. Until the few reserves were brought up practically the whole of the defending force was inside the wire fencing.

TROOPS ARRIVE JUST IN TIME.

The conduct of the attacking force was by no means as non-violent as the news so far published suggests. One volunteer produced a knife and shouted that it was meant for a white officer, but when police rushed to the spot he was disarmed by his comrades and the knife sent to the rear. One sepoy was actually lassoed by the rope throwers but managed to escape before damage was done and one police officer received blows on the knee and elsewhere whereas a number of the wounds sustained by the volunteers were lacerations caused by their attempts to pull down the barbed wire. At one time when help was hurried from Charwada, where the zillas were left very thinly guarded, the situation was very critical, and if a second mass attack had been pressed home before the troops, who came just at the right moment, had arrived, physical exhaustion might have compelled the police to give way.

DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION "MORALIZES".

The whole course of the action shows clearly that the object of the raid was not to take salt but to court a spectacular struggle with the police and if the volunteers, with their immense superiority in numbers, had attacked at all points simultaneously they must have succeeded somewhere. It is obvious that the raid was skilfully stage-managed with a view to secure the maximum advertisement and publicity, the motto of the organisers clearly being to the effect that unseen heroism has no Press value.

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GRADUATES & SWADESHI PLEDGE.

Boycott Of British Goods.

APPEAL FOR MORE SIGNATURES.

At an informal meeting of some friends it was felt that if graduates remained silent at this juncture their very silence was likely to be taken by Government as supporting the policy of repression adopted by them; and it was decided that in fairness to themselves they should sign a pledge for the use of Swadeshi goods and for the boycott of British goods in some form similar to the one circulated herewith and that, with a view to let Government know what they think of the present methods of repression, they should publish the pledge together with the names etc., of the signatories in the Press. It is further considered desirable that a meeting of the graduates may be called by the present signatories for publicly condemning these acts of repression and for asking graduates all over the country to sign the pledge and to send their names on to a central Secretary in Bombay.

The meeting may be held in a few days either at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall or at the Blavatsky Lodge.

The undersigned trusts that graduates of ten years standing and over will sign the accompanying pledge and also give permission for publication of their names for the above purposes.

S. K. VAIDYA,
L. M. and S., M. R. C. S., D. P. H., D. T. M. H., Member Syndicate, Bombay University.

NAMES OF SIGNATORIES

Dr. S. K. Vaidya, L. M. and S., D. P. H., Dr. G. V. Deshmukha, M. D., F. R. C. S., S. A. Brelvi, M. A., LL. B., Tribhowandas Narottamdas Mallvi, M. A., LL. B., Solicitor, Khurshedji Kavasji Suntoke, Advocate, Kalyandas J. Desai, B. A., L. M. and S., Dr. M. D. Mukati, L. M. and S., Dr. Atmaram G. Merchant, L. M. and S., Chhotubhai A. Vakil, B. A., LL. B., Solicitor, Shankerbhai J. Amin, B. A. LL. B., Solicitor, Dr. P. T. Patel, M. D., M. R. C. P., Dr. T. O. Shah, L. M. and S., F. R. C. S., Damodardas V. Mehta, B. A., LL. B., Solicitor, Ranchhoddas Narandas, M. A., LL. B., Solicitor, Framroze J. Ghadiali, B. A. Solicitor, Manilal D. Nanavati, B. A. LL. B., Solicitor, Motichand G. Kapadia, Solicitor, Chhaganlal Dayabhai B. A., LL. B. Solicitor, Purnanand M. Bhat Solicitor, Ramniklal R. Mody, B. A., LL. B., Solicitor, B. K. Nicholson Advocate, Maneklal H. Vakil, M. A., LL. B., Advocate, P. L. Paruck, B. A. LL. M., Solicitor, Thakordas P. Munim, B. A., LL. B, Solicitor, D. M. Daru, B. A. LL. B., Solicitor Hassan H. Hemany, B. A. LL. B., Solicitor, K. V. Thanawalla, B. A, Hiralal M. Munshi, Solicitor, S. J. Nadkarni, L. M. and S., G. B. Gole M. B. B. S., L. M., V. D. Telang, M. B. B. S., C. R. Athavle, M. B. B. S., D. O. M. S., P. M. Bhagvat, B. A. LL. B., M. D. Malwanker, L. M. and S., N. B. Bhatvadekar, B. A., M. B. B. S., M. G. Kher, L. M. and S., G. T. Mody, M. B. B. S., D. O., Himatlal J. Parikh, B. A. LL. B., Solicitor, M. P. Amin, B. A., LL. B., Advocate (O. S.) Chhotalal P Mehta, Solicitor, T. S. Vyas, Barat-Law, M. M. Mehta, Advocate (O. S.), R. L. Sutharia, B. A., Mangaldas B. Mehta, Solicitor, Amarchand N. Shroff, Solicitor, A. C. Amin, Advocate (O. S.) M. M. Gharekhan, Advocate (O. S.) Hiralal Karsondas, Solicitor, Bhogilal Jivachand, B. A. Chandulal M. Khandwalla, B. A., Chhotalal Chabildas Mariatia, B. A., Dipchand B. Shah, B. A., LL. B., Attorney, Mahasukhrai G. Bhatt, B. E. (Civil Architect, Chhotalal B. Kora, B. E., (Civil) Architect, Shantilal H Shah, B. A. LL. B., Solicitor, Mohanlal K. Shah, Solicitor, Mangaldas V. Desai, B. A. LL. B., Bar-at-Law, Jasubhai R. Shah, B. A. LL. B., Solicitor, J. G. Nagarseth L. M. and S., H. J. Mehta L. M. and S., Vadilal N. Shah B. A. LL. B., Advocate, K. G. Sathe, L. M. and S., Sakarlal D. Parikh, B. A. LL. B., Bullion Exchange, A. D. Edal Behram. B. A., M. B. B. S., Bullion Exchange, Gulabdas G. Saraiya. B. A., L. M. and S., R. C. Chinai, Advocate (O. S.), M. B. Damania, Attorney. Lalji Gokuldas Advocate (O. S.) M. B. Nanavati, Attorney Shankerprasad C. Thacker Solicitor, Chandula N. Gundria, Solicitor, T. C. Desai, Kamalshanker L. Dholakia, Advocate, B. V. Vagh, Engineer, Jeshtaram S. Kapadia Solicitor, Yeshwant Vishnu Rege, Solicitor, G. J. Barabia, Advocate, Chhotalal J. Gilia, Advocate, S. M. Bhat, Advocate, Mangaldas D. Khandwalla, Advocate, Ravsi Virji, Advocate, V. K. Gadgil, Advocate, K. W. Bodas, Advocate, B. V. Tilak, Advocate, N. N. Choksey, Advocate, D. J. Nanavati Advocate, Hiralal K. Mehta, Advocate, Manilal Jamnadas Patel, Advocate, P. H. Vasavda, Advocate, (O. S.), B. K. Shah B. A. LL. B. Solicitor V. J. Sampat B. A., LL., B., Solicitor.

THE PLEDGE.

The following is the text of the ledge:—

As a support to the national movement and as an expression of our protest against the repressive methods adopted by Government in dealing with the present national movement culminating in incarceration of the trusted leaders of the people and in shocking atrocities perpetrated on the masses, we, the graduates of the Bombay University of ten years' standing and over hereby solemnly pledge ourselves to use Swadeshi goods as far as available and to boycott British goods in every way possible and to carry on propaganda for Swadeshi and boycott until the attainment of Swaraj by India.

MRS. NAIDU AND OTHERS TRIED IN CAMERA.

(From Our Special Representative)
DULSAR, May 23.

Camp Untadi.—The trial of Mrs. Naidu, Imamsaheb, Gandhiji's colleague in the South African struggle, Manilal Gandhi, second son of Gandhiji, Pyarilal, a disciple of Gandhiji, and four other Satyagrahis who took part in Wednesday's raid of Dharasana Salt Depot commenced before Mr. Sulaiman Desai, Divisional Magistrate, yesterday.

It was impossible even for pressmen to ascertain the exact date and time of trial as no one was allowed to enter Dharasana limits till this evening.

TRIAL IN CAMERA.

It appears evidence was recorded yesterday. The Magistrate delivered judgment this afternoon, convicting the accused of the charge of inciting people to violence under Section 145, I. P. C., and passed the following sentences.

Mrs. Naidu to be treated "A" Class prisoner, was given nine months' simple. Imamsaheb to be treated as B" Class prisoner was given six months' simple. Manilal Gandhi and Pyarilal were given one year's rigorous imprisonment each. Jhaverbhai, Satyagrahi, who led the Bardoli batch was sentenced to six months' hard labour. Kirtilal, a volunteer from Bombay and Mirchandani of Viramgaum were also awarded six months' rigorous imprisonment.

The Magistrate ordered Batubhai Fouzdar, the last accused, to be bound over for one year and released. This accused was not a pledged Satyagrahi, but got mixed up in the raid and was arrested.

PAREKH ARRESTED.

Naroharibhai Parekh, the only member of the "War Council", who was left free, was also arrested this afternoon. Armed with a warrant Deputy Superintendent Ismail Desai and Inspector Sabhavala arrived at Untadi Camp and first searched Satyagraha Office and took possession of the papers and some other printed matter. They then placed Narharibhai under arrest and removed him to Dharasana in motor car.

The band of youthful Satyagrahis who are still at Uniadi Satyagraha Camp are undaunted by the arrest of their leader and are determined to carry on the struggle. A new War Council has been appointed to organise a further raid on Dharasana Salt Depot.

BRAVE WOMAN.

Mrs. Kasturbai Gandhi arrived here this afternoon. When the news of the conviction of Manilal Gandhi, her second son, reached her she said she was glad. She proceeded to Dharasana lock-up but was not allowed to see Manilal Gandhi, until she got permit from the police officer who was, however, not to be found in Dharasana at the time.

Liquor Shops Picketed.

—:o:—

AKOLA, May 22.

Liquor shop picketing was begun by lady volunteers here yesterday evening. Another contingent of volunteers drawn mostly from pleaders and merchants helped them in their work.—Free Press.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE.

—:o:—

DEATH.

CAMA-PANDAY, on 23rd May, Bai Ruttanbai Rustomji Dadabhoy Cama, wife of Cawasji Dorabji Panday, mother of Dady Cawasji Panday and Bai Navajoai Sorabji. Vatcha Funeral Ceremony today at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at her residence, Opposite Manockji Petit Mills, Tardeo.

RASTRIYA STREE SABHA.—Mrs. Shardabai Rameshwar Birla has donated Rs. 500 to the Sabha and has become the patron. The Sabha offers its heartfelt thanks for the same.

—:o:—

POSTAL NOTICES.—Superscribed Mails for Singapore, China and Japan per S.S. "Shunko Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 12-0 noon on Sunday, the 25th instant.

Mails from Australia via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday, the 25th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The homeward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Rajputana" with the Mails from Bombay of 10th instant arrived at Marseilles at 6-30 a.m. on the 23rd instant. Passengers travelling by the P. and O. Special Train were due to arrive in London on Saturday afternoon. The Mails left by the Mail Special and would be delivered in London on Sunday morning.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Viceroy of India" arrived London on Friday, the 23rd instant.

HINDUSTANI SEVA DAL.

—:o:—

All the Hindustani Seva Dal Volunteers are informed to be present at the Esplanade Maidan at 6 30 a.m. (S.T.) to-morrow Sunday the 25th inst. to make arrangements for the Flag Hoisting Ceremony.

Captains of the different Volunteer Corps are requested to meet Sjt. Ekambaram Iyer of the Hindustani Seva Dal to-day at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress office regarding the arrangement of tomorrow's Flag Hoisting Ceremony. The National Songs Pamphlets of the Seva Dal will be sold at the Flag Hoisting Ceremony at a nominal price of 1/2 anna.

All those Satyagrahi Volunteers who are willing to remain for 24 hours of the day in the Congress House, are hereby notified that proper arrangements have been made for their accomodation for food, and they could join from to-day onwards. They should give their names and numbers to the Officer-in-charge at the Congress House, between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. (S.T.)

MESSRS. PADBIDRI & NARAYANSWAMI CONGRATULATED.

—:o:—

A meeting of the members of the editorial staff of the "Bombay Chronicle" was held on Friday when the following resoution was passed:—

"This meeting of the members of the Editorial Staff of the "Bombay Chronicle" congratulates Messrs. R. S. Padbidri and C. K. Narayanswamy, their colleagues, on their being honoured by imprisonment in the cause of the national freedom.

Assam Congress Of Enquiry Committee.

—:o:—

DHUBRI, May 23.

The non-Official Enquiry Committee appointed by the Assam Congress Committee to enquire into the incidents leading to the Police assaults on May 14 started work yesterday. It is understood that the Committee requested the Officials to co-operate, but the latter refused as the Divisional Commissioner had already held a Departmental enquiry into the matter.—Free Press.

5,000 DEPRESSED CLASSES CELEBRATE TEMPLE ENTRY.

—:o:—

MUNSHIGANJ, May 23.

A temple entry ceremony was observed with due pomp and solemnity. More than 5,000 members of the so-called Depressed classes attended from all parts of the Province to vindicate the right of entry into the temple in common with other members of Hindu Society.—Free Press.

Alaibt and Druze States will continue to be administered by Governors assisted by Native Councils. Lebanon's constitution which was put into force in 1926, remains unchanged.—Reuter.

"BOYCOTT JAME'S POLICY"

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your to-day's issue it is reported, that "I urged the boycott of cowardly "Jame-Jamshed" at the huge Parsi meeting held at the Blavatsky Hall on the 18th inst. This is not correct. What actually happened was this. As there were frequent shouts of "Boycott 'Jame'" "Boycott 'Jame'" I observed that whether they boycotted the "Jame" or not was their concern. But they should certainly boycott the tame, the timid, the insipid, the devitalising and denationalising "policy" of the "Jame-Jamshed" and to this there was a hearty response.

THE RESOLUTION.

The resolution, as reported, is incomplete; and you will please publish the remaining portion given below:—

"We congratulate all those leaders and volunteers, who have been arrested and incarcerated."

"We also congratulate our countrymen for the complete non-violence, that they have have observed despite all provocations, and urge upon them to continue to observe the same, which alone would bring us to our goal of Swaraj. "And we urge the Government to give up Repression; release political prisoners; and invite Mahatma Gandhi for an amicable and equitable settlement, without which both Britain and India will be irreparably damaged."—Yours, etc.,

B. F. BHARUCHA.

G. I. P. Auxiliary Force Embodied.

—:o:—

In exercise of the powers vested in him under section 18 (b) of the Auxiliary Force (India Act, 1920 (XLIX of 1920), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct the embodiment of 16 rank and file of the 1st Battalion, the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Regiment, Auxiliary Force (India), to supplement His Majesty's Regular Forces with effect from the 2nd May 1930 in addition to the 120 rank and file of the 1st Battalion, the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Regiment, the embodiment of which was sanctioned.

Mass Raid Contemplated On Sunday.

—:o:—

It is contemplated to organise a mass raid on Wadala on Sunday in which the public would be invited to join in large numbers.

E. WARD ELECTION.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Mr. Devrukhkar, a leader of the "depressed" class community is seeking election to the Bombay Municipal Corporation from E Ward in the ensuing bye-election. He is standing as a Congress Candidate and deserves all the support from all the Congressmen of this ward. Mr. Devrukhkar recently stood as a Congress candidate from the 'F' Ward and though he was supported by staunch Nationalists like Dr. Choksey and S. K. Pufala, he cut a very poor figure inasmuch as he was unable to secure more than eighty votes. This can be explained as due to the activities of the Congress centred more round the movement of Civil Disobedience. All the same it is the duty of the Congressmen, particularly of their leaders in this ward, to accord all their support to Mr. Devrukhkar, and to see that he comes at the top of the poll. His success would largely maintain the reputation of the hold of the Congress over the people in this locality and will prevent non-Congressmen from getting into the Corporation. There is one more reason why Mr. Devrukhkar should be helped in this matter. By our support to him we shall show our active sympathy, with the movement of the "depressed" class people to forge ahead. Will all the Congressmen rise to the occasion and extend their support to Mr. Devrukhkar?—Yours, etc.

A VOTER.

Bombay, May 23.

Amritsar Sikh Leaders Arrested.

—:o:—

AMRITSAR, May 23.

Sardar Darshan Singh, Sardar Pheruman Udhamsingh, Nagoki Hakim and Ahmed Hassan who were deputed by the local "War Council" to carry on Congress propaganda in the District were arrested early this morning at Tarntaran. Mr. Amarsingh, Secretary, Tarntaran Congress Committee has also been arrested. These arrests were under Section 108 Criminal Procedure Code.

Khwaja Zahurudin, leader of third Shahidi Jatha which was touring Hoshiarpur District prior to proceeding to Peshawar to offer civil disobedience has been arrested at Shri Gobindpur.—A.P.

Patel Committee Commences Work On 27th.

—:o:—

RAWALPINDI, May 23.

It is understood that the Congress Enquiry by the Patel Committee into the Peshawar riots will commence here on 27th.—A.P.

MORAL OF MR. GRAY INCIDENT.

—:o:—

Other Disturbing Rumours.

BOMBAY, May 23.

Consensus of opinion in commercial circles is that rumours regarding Mr. Gray, Manager, Bank of India, are groundless and that they may be said to be due to mistaken identity. According to unconfirmed reports, the withdrawal from the Bank of India in the last two days are in the neighbourhood of over a crore of rupees. The credit of the bank, however remains unshaken.

The incident, it is claimed, has a moral. The least that European businessmen can do, it is contended, by Indian businessmen, is to remain neutral and not to take any part in any campaign against a movement which is commanding unique and unprecedentedly widespread Indian sympathy.

In this connection, there is considerable apprehension in European business circles as it is evident that there is a crop of rumours similar to those regarding Mr. Grey involving other big firms mostly European, British and non-British.

It was found on Thursday evening that large crowds were attracted near Taraporewala, the Booksellers, by bold writing with chalk on the road pavement stating the head of the Ralli Brothers had taken part in assault on the Volunteers.

Enquiries showed that reports had also circulated that the head of the Volkart Bros. and some of the European Assistants of the firm had taken part in assault on Volunteers and that proposals had been made that there should be a boycott of Volkart Brothers.

Enquiries by the Free Press of India establish conclusively that there is no truth in these rumours.

In the case of Volkart Bros the principal manager, of the Firm is due to sail on Sunday on leave. He is a Swiss national and is the Swiss Consul-General and as such, is precluded from any participation in the internal politics of this country.

The Indian staff of Volkart Bros. it has been ascertained, enjoy full freedom of political opinion and association as long as it does not interfere with the discharge of their official duties. Large number of the Indian members of the Volkart Bros. are regular wearers of Gandhi caps and Khaddar.

The few non-swiss European assistants also, it is learnt are restrained from any participation in any political movement.—Free Press.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

—:o:—

PESHAWAR, May 22.

The Government have notified that the following roads are closed to all motor and vehicular traffic other than to motor vehicles conveying Government officials, troops and military or Government stores:

(1) between Charsadda and Tangi. (2) between Charsadda and Mardan and (3) between Charsadda and Nowshera via Nisatta and (4) between Charsadda and Naaghman Bridge.—A. P.

DACCA, May 22.

The office of the Baltai Union Board in Manikganj Sub-division has been destroyed by fire, furniture and records being completely burnt.—A. P.

MADARIPUR, May 22.

Girish Chandra Chakravarti, aged 75, President of the Chikandi Bar Association, along with several others, has been arrested, under Sections 143 and 341, I.P.C. on a charge of causing obstruction to Munsifs while they were going to Court on the day of Gandhi's arrest.—A. P.

CALCUTTA, May 22.

Mr. Satish Chandra Mukerjee, Proprietor of the Basumati group of papers has received a letter from Mr. Satish Chandra Das Gupta, threatening that a volunteer would resort to hunger-strike, if Mr. Mukerjee failed to stop publication of Basumati group of papers from May 22 in obedience to the Working Committee's decision.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, Mr. Das Gupta acknowledged the authorship of the letter and said that similar action was contemplated against the "Amrit Bazar Patrika."—A. P.

A telegram from Nairobi states that passengers arriving in Mombassa from India, who are not in possession of reliable certificates of vaccination within previous year, will be liable to detention.

Similar restrictions are placed on passengers from India disembarking at Zanzibar.

LONDON, May 22.

Newcastle (New South Wales).—A Conference of the Miners and Mine-owners representatives has agreed to a general resumption of work on 28th May, thus terminating the protracted stoppage in New South Wales Coalfields.—Reuter.

It is understood that Lt-Col. R. J. C. Burke officiates as Resident, Mysore, vice Mr. Pears appointed Chief Commissioner, North West Frontier Province. Lt-Col. Burke is expected to take over charge by the end of June.—A. P.

CALCUTTA WOMEN CONGRATULATE BOMBAY SISTERS.

—:o:—

They Disobey Police Orders.

CALCUTTA, May 22.
(Censored and delayed.)

A meeting of ladies was held this evening at the Shraddhanand Park in contravention to the prohibitory notification under the auspices of the Women's Satyagraha Committee, Sreemati Urmiladevi presiding and protested against the arrest of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and congratulated her and Sreemati Kamaladevi on their incarceration.

The gates of the Park were previously closed by the police and the ladies, it is stated, entered by scaling the railings. A bonfire of foreign cloth was made, but the police interfered and extinguished the flames. No arrests were made. —Free Press.

Khusalchand's Term Reduced.

—:o:—

LAHORE, May 23.

In the High Court to-day Justice Sir Abdul Kadir accepted the appeal preferred by Mahasaya Khusalchand against his conviction and sentence of nine months' rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 200 for sedition charge in connection with an article published in the "Milap" and upheld the conviction, but reduced the sentence eto the period already undergone and also retained fine of Rs. 200.—Free Press.

MESSAGES THAT WERE SUPPRESSED.

DHARASANA May 23.

The following despatche of the Free Press special correspondent were delayed and suppressed by the Censor:—

Writing at 1.40 p.m. on Thursday, the correspondent says:—

At 9 a.m. the police and the military arrived at the Satyagraha Camp at Untadi and surrounded it. The Police officer in charge conferred with the Satyagraha leaders. Soon after, the volunteers came out of their respective camps thus vacating all the camps except the one in which the wounded volunteers were kept.

LATHI CHARGE.

Immediately after, a large number of Police, with the Military and two European Officers entered the camp and began breaking pots, lights, utensils, etc. They then came into the maidan where the Volunteers were sitting and gave them 15 minutes' warning to disperse. The Volunteers did not disperse. On this the Police charged the Volunteers with lathis and beat them

News having reached the village, people collected in large numbers near the camp. In this indiscriminate beating, some swooned and began to fall on the ground. Yet lathis were freely used. Several have been wounded and others have received more or less serious injuries.

NATIONAL FLAG TAKEN AWAY.

While only a few volunteers made their way out of the melee, the others did not leave their place, but quietly received the lathis on their bodies. They did not offer any resistence. At the time of the assaults 500 volunteers were present in the camp including some ladies. Mrs. Gandhi who had returned from Poona after seeing Mahatmaji was also present. It is alleged that a European Officer took away the national flag that was flying on the Vounteer camp. Nobody is allowed to enter the camp.

Writing at 4-50 p.m., the Correspondent stated:—

ARRESTED AND RELEASED.

It is learnt that after the beating of the volunteers, the Police informed the Volunteers that they were arrested and took them to Untadi village and then told them at the village that they were released. The entire Volunteers camp has been cleared barring seven or eight who were allowed to stay in the camp as Mr. Narahari Parekh, Miss Maniben Patel.

Enquiries show that none of the wounded men were injured and that Police did not interfere with them or the treatment that they were receiving. No Doctor or first aid worker has received any injury.—Free Press.

SHAKESPEARE'S COMEDY AT EXCELSIOR THEATRE

—:o:—

"Taming Of The Shrew"

Douglas Fairbanks and Mary Pickford, the famous film-stars, who are husband and wife in real life, are seen and heard in the all-talking film now showing at the Excelsior Theatre, which is a screen version of Shakespeare's famous comedy "Taming of the Shrew". Douglas and Mary Pickford are appearing together for the first time in this film which has been a tremendous success wherever it has been shown.

KARACHI, May 23.

Three prominent Satyagrahis, Sobraj Valecha, Prayag Bharti and Mahraj Matharadas were arrested at Shikarpur this morning. It is believed that the arrests are under the Salt Act.—A.P.

STOP PRESS.

"WONDERFUL PRICE OF PROPAGANDA"

In the course of her statement in the Court, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu at her trial said:—"I am glad that the Government has, however unintentionally, done a wonderful piece of propaganda on behalf of our cause by my arrest and prosecution and helped to focus international opinion and sympathy in our favour in larger and swifter measure than might otherwise have been possible in such short time."—A.P.

112 MUSLIM PILGRIMS PERISH.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 23.

Jeddah.—Steamer "Asia" was lying at anchorage in outer harbour at eight in the evening on 21st May when the fire started on board and spread very rapidly. Other ships in the harbour launched lifeboats and rescued 950 of fifteen-hundred half-demented pilgrims.

Further three to four-hundred pilgrims were safely got ashore.

The whole vessel was this morning still a raging furnace; 112 pilgrims are missing.

It is feared that they have perished. Fine bravery was displayed by officers and crew of "Asia" and native boatmen in rescuing pilgrims struggling in water.

They even climbed on board the inferno and took off pilgrims many of whom were kneeling at prayer amid flames.—Reuter.

Atamboea.—Miss Amy Johnson has arrived here. She leaves on last lap of her flight over five-hundred miles of sea, for Fort Darwin at dawn on 24th May.—Reuter.

LONDON, May 23.

In the cricket match between Derbyshire and Australians which commenced at Chesterfield on Wednesday, the Australians won by ten wickets. Following are the final scores:—

Derbyshire 215 and 181.

Australians 348 and 52 for nil.—Reuter.

SATYAGRAHA NEWS.

—:o:—

MADARIPUR, May 22.
(Censored and delayed).

Ten Congressmen and workers were arrested for obstructing public servants in attending courts on the day of the hartal observed for Gandhiji's arrest.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA, May 22.
(Censored and delayed).

Mr. Taraknath Dutt was sentenced to six months on a charge of stealing eleven copies of the "Statesman." Six Satyagrahis were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment for selling contraband salt and causing obstruction.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA, May 23.

Wholesale arrests of Satyagrahis numbering 27 including Mr. Manoj-kumar Kahali, Secretary, Congress Committee is reported from Bhola for picketing liquor shops.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA, May 22.

Six Satyagrahis were sentenced to one month's simple for holding a meeting yesterday in Tarasundari Park defying police notification.—Free Press.

HOOGHLY, May 22.

Two speakers were arrested and several injured following dispersal of a meeting here by police.—Free Press.

Latest Cotton Prices.

—:o:—

(Through Cotton Telegraph Information Service. Ismail Building Hornby Road, Bombay).

NEW YORK MARKET.

OCTOBER.

New York, May 23.

Previous Closing Rate	15.20
To-day's Opening	15.25
Difference	plus.5
To-day's Closing Rate	15.11
Difference	—.9

Broach Expectation Rs. 263

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

OCTOBER.

Liverpool, May 23.

Previous Closing Rate	7.87
To-day's Opening Rate	7.92
Difference	plus.5
To-day's Closing Rate	7.91
Difference	plus.4

LONDON SILVER MARKET

London, May 23.

Silver Ready	18 12 0
Higher	0 2 0
Silver Forward	18 11 0
Higher	0 2 0

Tone of Market:—Steady.

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LOST

LOST—In the night of Tuesday the 20th May, 1930 between 7 and 9 P.M. three Municipal Debentures of the face value of Rs. 1,000 each in the names of Dhunjibhoy Sorabjee Meherjee and two others. Finder will be suitably rewarded. Please communicate with D. S. MEHERJEE at Cozy Building, Gowalia Tank Road. Bombay 7.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1930.

TRIUMPH OF NON-VIOLENCE

—:o:—

Those who were privileged to witness the scenes that were enacted at Bori Bunder last evening will never forget them in their lifetime. They furnished an unmistakable proof—if a proof was needed—of the immense and unshakeable hold which the spirit of non-violence has over the people. A huge procession of peaceful citizens had been obstructed in its march by a police cordon. It insisted on its right to proceed and asserted that right by refusing to retrace its steps and by expressing its determination to squat on the road until permitted to proceed. The order of the police prohibiting the procession from entering the Fort area was as unjust and unwarranted as it was unwise and insulting. The only ground on which such an order could be justified was that the procession was likely to disturb the public peace. But this plea could not be advanced as recently several huge processions were taken in the Fort area without the peace of the locality being disturbed. True, there was some dislocation of traffic, but that is inevitable whenever such popular demonstrations take place and there is no reason why, if residents of localities outside the Fort do not mind this temporary dislocation, those in the Fort area should do so. But evidently the police order was prompted by a desire to meet the wishes of the European Association. There was a time when the Bombay Secretariat was at the beck and call of the European commercial community in Bombay. But it is time the European Chamber realised that the days when it could determine the lines on which Bombay should be governed are gone never to return. The citizens of Bombay have a right to hold demonstrations and to lead processions so long as public peace is not disturbed and that they are determined to vindicate this right was unmistakably demonstrated by the Satyagraha offered by the businessmen and merchants of Bombay. An order prohibiting a peaceful procession from entering the Fort would be unjustifiable in any circumstances. It was more so having regard to the composition of the procession consisting as it did of respectable citizens who, in the aggregate, control the economic and business life of the city. The order was not merely an insult to the business community but also to the city and the citizens of Bombay have reason to be proud of the unflinching courage and complete peace with which the processionists vindicated the city's honour. While we cannot too strongly condemn the original order issued by Mr. Healy, who for the moment, seemed to have departed from the commendable policy he has hitherto followed, we cannot too highly appreciate the true sense of prestige he displayed by bowing to the popular will. For, after all, the true test of the efficiency and success of an administrator is not obstinate adherence to a false sense of prestige without counting the cost but the ability to serve the interests of the people and to secure their approval of his actions.

The demonstration of yesterday, the resolutions passed at the Esplanade meeting and Mr Birla's speech convey a lesson to Britain which it can ignore only at its peril. The MacDonald Government and Lord Irwin and those who have succeeded in converting him to the policy of resolute rule will be doing the greatest disservice to the true interests of their country and will make the problem of reaching an amicable understanding between Britain and India still more difficult, if they fail to appreciate the full implications of the opportune and grave warning given to them in the resolutions passed by the Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers at its meeting in Bombay on Tuesday and by the huge meeting of Bombay's businessmen last evening. The resolutions indicate that Indian businessmen have seen through the futility of the policy of the "All Parties" Conference Executive and that they realise that the Bombay Liberals are under a delusion when they hope that success would attend a Round Table Conference without the co-operation of Mahatma Gandhi. The Committee rightly declares that "no Conference can come to a solution of the present political difficulty, which will be acceptable to the country," unless it is guided by Mahatma Gandhi as a free man, "or has at least his approval." The Committee, therefore, recommends the various members of the Federation "not to nominate any representatives of Indian commercial interests to the Round Table Conference unless Mahatma Gandhi is a party to the said Conference." Last evening's meeting endorsed these resolutions.

We are glad the most representative organisation of the Indian business community has envisaged the situation in a proper and practical manner and has read correctly the pulse of the whole country. It has also warned the authorities that public opinion in this country will not be satisfied unless a thorough, independent inquiry is held in regard to the disturbances at various places, with respect to which the most disquieting reports are current. No mere departmental inquiry will satisfy the public and the Committees' warning to Lord Irwin and his colleagues that "terrorism can only increase disaffection on the part of the people towards Government" is, indeed, very opportune. In its chagrin over the fact that Indian businessmen no longer choose to remain politically inert but have, on the contrary, raised their voice in emphatic protest against repression, the "Times of India" accuses them unjustly of being ready "to condone any amount of lawlessness." Our contemporary asks: "What help does the Indian commercial community as a whole, offer to Government?" and answers the question by saying "Absolutely none." Evidently the only kind of help this exponent of the views of British vested interests expects Indian businessmen to give to Government is their readiness to acquiesce in the official policy of checking the national movement. Such help they refuse to give and that is their great offence. But do the authorities realise the danger of alienating the sympathy and regard of Indian business and commercial interests?

AN ADVERB OBSTRUCTS.

—:o:—

The summary telegraphed by Reuter of the White Paper issued by the MacDonald Government regarding the Anglo-Egyptian negotiations is sure to strengthen the Wafdist belief that the adventure to secure agreement came to nothing, not because the Egyptian demand was unreasonable but because on the British side there was no disposition to take up a conciliatory attitude regarding the Sudan. It is suggested in the White Paper that only an adverb, on the retention of which the British side insisted but which the Egyptian delegation could not tolerate in the clause relating to the Sudan caused the breakdown of the negotiations. The British side insisted upon the retention of the clause that the Governor-General of Sudan "would not unreasonably exercise the right of controlling immigration". Very naturally Nahas Pasha and his colleagues objected to the word "unreasonably". No self-respecting Egyptian will tolerate the acceptance by his Government of an arrangement under which its nationals are to be debarred entry into a neighbouring land over which his country claims suzerainty. And the position becomes intolerable when the authority permitting or prohibiting entry is a foreign authority in possession of the Sudan.

THE GRAMOPHONE.

—:o:—

Is Mr. Benn content merely to be the gramophone of the India Office? If he is, his position in the Commons, when faced with a volley of questions by members of that body who have taken the trouble to pay a visit to India, will become more and more difficult. He was in a tight corner when asked by Mr. Fenner Brockway to supply the latter with the elementary information as regards the number of Indians "known to be adherents of the nationalist movement who are now in prison." Mr. Benn could not provide the statistical detail and sought refuge in irrelevance. To another member he said he had already given "the fullest information in his possession" and "that is the best I can do." That is certainly not the "best" Mr. Benn can do. It is necessary for him to assert himself and secure reliable information from the Government of India. Otherwise the public impression both here and in Britain in bound to strengthen that he is captured by his permanent officials.

TELL THEM THE TRUTH.

—:o:—

It may be customary for guests and hosts to say pleasant things to one another on post-prandial occasions but that is no reason why Sir Atul Chatterjee should have avoided telling the British public the truth about the real situation in India, when he was entertained to lunch by the East India Association. There was a distinguished gathering of merchant princes, Western and Eastern, members of the India Council and Mr. Benn and a number of retired Civilians to listen to Sir Atul, and his assurance to them that so long as men like Mr. Benn and Lord Irwin were at the helm of affairs, India had no need to despair, must have been welcome to his audience. But this flattery does not cut much ice. On the contrary it obscures the real issue. As High Commissioner for India, it was Sir Atul Chatterjee's imperative duty to represent the political situation in its true colours. As India's "Ambassador" in Britain Sir Atul Chatterjee entirely failed on this occasion to do his duty.

MR. SLOCOMBE'S INTERVIEW.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I was glad to read your leading article this morning. The thinly veiled insinuation, in some of the opinions published on Mr. Slocombe's interview, that Mahatma Gandhi has become conciliatory since his internment, is as false as it is offensive. I saw Mahatmaji on the 1st April at Chhaprabatha, near Surat, and we had a brief talk in the course of which he said exactly what he told Mr. Slocombe. I wrote of the visit in the "Indian Social Reformer" of April 5, and I quote the following passage from the article:—

"As regards Dominion Status itself, Mahatma Gandhi, I gathered, could now only view it in terms of Independence. That is to say, how much of the substance of independence it implied. He reminded me that he had once stated that Dominion Status was superior to Independence."

There seems to be some misapprehension about what Mahatmaji wants done immediately about the Salt Tax and Liquor Trade. I had a talk with him about this also, and I give below the purport of our talk. This was published in the "Reformer" of the 12th April:—

"There is a great deal of misconception about what Mahatma Gandhi wants Government to do. When his article appeared in "Young India" stating the eleven points, action in regard to which would satisfy him that there is a real change of heart on the part of Government, we observed (Feb. 1): "Mahatmaji knows that the Viceroy cannot effect all these reforms by a stroke of his pen, and he only asks that his Excellency should "initiate" these reforms, that is to say, take steps to have them properly formulated and introduced in the appropriate ways for progressive consideration." During this writer's visit to Mahatmaji, he recalled this sentence in the "Reformer" and said that it expressed his meaning correctly.—Yours. etc.,

K. NATARAJAN,
Indian Social Reformer,
Bombay, May 23.

MAHATMA GANDHI'S ARREST.

REFLEXIONS ON PRESENT POLITICAL SITUATION.

(BY MR. S. M. REHMAN, M. L. C., AKOLA.)

There is hardly a patriotic Indian, who has not received the news of the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi with feeling of poignant sorrow. Gandhi is such a composite and all-embracing personality, that he evokes admiration not only from his friends and followers, but, even, from those who have never seen eye to eye with him in his political programme. It is because of this aspect of his character that an implacable opponent of his "visionary" and "idealistic" politics, like the Rt. Hon. Srinavasa Sastri, had paid him a meed of praise, which has rarely been surpassed, even, by his staunchest followers. When the upholders of "Pax Britannica", like Prof. Gilbert Murray and "anti-Nationalists", like Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore, applaud the "liberator" of the Indian Nation, people find it difficult to understand the phenomenon. But it is clear to those who know that "admiration is no slavery", and that it does not, necessarily, connote implicit obedience to all the behests of the man, who is the object of admiration. That is perhaps the reason that the Christian Professor R. David was as great an admirer of Gautam Buddha as the Sanatanist Mahatma Gandhi is that of Jesus Christ.

THE FOLLY OF IT.

The incarceration of a leader of such a vast and varied influence is a step, which the Government ought to have resorted to, only, when all other remedies had failed. What was the guarantee that the Civil Disobedience Movement would collapse with the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi? It is erroneous to think that Mahatma Gandhi has created the situation, which is staring us in the face. Buckle's famous dictum, that the circumstances create the man, is being proved to demonstration to-day. The general political awakening, and its aftermath, the acute political dissatisfaction, coupled with an unprecedented financial stringency in the country, due to causes, which are partly local and partly universal, have created a discontent which was bound to find its expression. Under the circumstances, it is exceedingly questionable how far the gagging of Mahatma Gandhi can stifle or stay the forces of which he is but an embodiment, unless the causes on which they are nurtured are removed.

As was remarked by a well-known English politician, during the Home-Rule Agitation in Ireland, discontent driven underground is more dangerous that its most violent outburst. Political discontent always reaches a stage when a Gandhi can as easily be dispensed with as a Parnell or a De Valera.

LOST OPPORTUNITY.

It is the considered opinion of those who have never sympathised with Mahatma Gandhi's Movement of Civil Disobedience, that the present impasse could have been avoided at the very outset, if Lord Irwin had been allowed to take a more dispassionate view of

MAN, M. L. C., AKOLA).

the situation at the historic conference between the Viceroy and the Congress leaders. Unfortunately, prestige and redtapism came in the way, as has often happened in the past. It is an old story, that the British Government in India have rarely done the right thing at the right moment. The history of British dominion in India is strewn with the wreckage of lost opportunities, mostly due to hasitancy and indecision, on the part of the Government. It is not very difficult to imagine the form that the next instalment of Reform is likely to take. Indian Provinces already enjoy a partial Dominion Status.

THE INEVITABLE.

A student of public affairs can hazard an opinion that, even, the Simon Commission is sure to recommend the conferment of practically complete Provincial Autonomy and introduction of responsibility in the Central Government in view of the fact, that, even, those bodies that represent sectional interest, like the Mussulmans, demand self-government under certain safe-guards of their communal claims. We know, that, even, Indian Princes have welcomed the aspirations of Indians for the attainment of Swaraj, Self-Government in some form or the other could not have been delayed under any circumstances. That being the case, it is difficult to understand why Government hesitated to make a declaration that the "basis" of the discussion at the Round Table Conference would be Dominion Status, specially when we remember that the Constitution, embodied in the Nehru Report itself, had unequivocally recommended the "reservation" of the departments of Military and Foreign Affairs. If that assurance had been given by the Viceroy, the present crisis would have never been brought about. For after that declaration the Civil Disobedience Movement, if at all launched, would have achieved only infinitesimal success. It is a pity that British Government failed to rise to those heights of statesmanship, that the occasion demanded, knowing as they did that it is as impossible to withhold some form of self-government from India, as it is to beat back the onrush of the tide with a broom-stick.

DIVINE GUIDANCE FOR LORD IRWIN.

(BY P. R. LELE).

Reuter's message dated "London, May 16" about the Primate's efforts to hold prayers for "Divine Guidance" to Lord Irwin is rather intriguing. Hitherto God was free from anxiety because His services appeared to be all reserved for the cause of India Nationalists. Now it would appear, he is being sought for Englishmen by the spiritual head of the Church of England and I am reminded of an incident that took place while the Boer War was going in. When several forts were besieged by the Boers and the English inside were hardpressed to the extent of feeding on horseflesh prayers were ordained to give victory to "our country". In a family congregation this was being talked about, when a little imp just inquired "But what will God do, if like us the Boers also pray to Him?". The presiding lady at once silenced him with the ready retort "But God can't understand Dutch."

A WRONG TO HUMANITY.

Poor Fellow, God! Is he omniscient and omnipotent? Either he is or he is not. If he is, he knows what is happening and he has the power of directing events. There is no necessity for these prayers and counterprayers. If he be not and he requires to be approached with plaints and prayers, what is the use of these since God's powers of intervention are limited? It may be a convenient belief for the Primate of England that the British conquest of India was a Providential Dispensation, but we have long ceased to hold it. We think that conquest a human wrong and we mean by human efforts to repair it. God's ways are inscrutable and we shall do well not to bother with Him or His ways while we are out to repair the wrong committed by the Britishers. The Primate has ordered the prayers to be held on 25th May. Till then at any rate let us human beings be allowed to go our way.

Lord Irwin has been reputed to be a Godly man. Has his Lordship not had the benefit of Divine guidance hitherto? When did God forsake his Lordship? And if God forsook him sometime ago in spite of his godliness, does the Primate expect his words to have influence enough with God to induce Him to back Lord Irwin once more? If at all it is an acceptable idea that God forsook this godly Viceroy, I suggest a date when that event took place. When Lord Birkenhead decided to appoint the Simon Commission, the Godly Viceroy should have resigned. Lord Irwin, however preferred the voice of his country and his party to the still small voice within.

DON'T DISTURB GOD.

"Divine guidance for the Viceroy", unless these words are based on a mental reservation, can only mean that Lord Irwin should recognise the innate justice of the Indian cause and the inherent iniquity of the British domination of India. If Lord Irwin can recognise these two and send for Gandhi to negotiate with him, not a day of twenty-four hours will be required for restraining violence, the removal of misunderstandings, allaying of fears, the restoration and maintenance of good-will" and a sure and easy basis will be laid for "the union of East and West." If the Primate does not wish this result, let his Grace not disturb God. On the other hand, if this result is desired by the Primate, let His Grace issue an appeal for prayers to be offered by Englishmen as well as Indians, and not prayers for "intercession on behalf of the Heads of Britain and Empire."

NOTES OF THE DAY

The Tragedy.

To British die-hards and to the bureaucracy in India which has now captured Lord Irwin the remarks of the "New Leader" on the Indian situation in its issue of May 9 will be gall and wormwood but Indians and we have no doubt the rank and file of the British Labour Party will appreciate their appositeness and the true picture they represent of the "Indian Tragedy". Commenting upon Mr. Ashmead Bartlett's remark in his despatch to a Tory paper that "there is a general feeling of relief that the Mahatma is at last in gaol", the "New Leader" observes: "Gandhi free was undoubtedly troublesome to white authority but Gandhi in prison may well be the inspiration of a mass movement of dreadful menace". The Indian mass movement is certainly a menace to autocratic power, but the Mahatma's statement to Mr. Slocombe shows that he is as ready to-day as he was before his arrest to negotiate on honourable terms and if his suggestions are accepted by the MacDonald Government, the Indian nationalist movement, will, instead of being a menace, provide a handsome opportunity to Britain for doing the right thing by India.

Will They Do It?

The "New Leader" warns the MacDonald Government that "there is now no half-way house". It remarks: "Our Labour Government is compelled to make its choice. We would urge that, before it is too late, the supreme effort should be made for peace. It would be a crowning tragedy if a Labour Government were to find itself driven into courses of repression of a great popular movement for freedom by military force". If Mr. MacDonald and his colleagues take up a courageous attitude, they need not be driven into such courses. They have only to refuse to listen to the counsels of Craddocks and O'Dwyers and Crerars. They have only to ask Lord Irwin to free himself from bureaucratic trammels. They have to assure him that they will support him in his negotiations with the Mahatma and ask him to start again a clean slate. But will they do this?

Cackling Geese.

Signor Mussolini is on the war-path. His fiery orations may be primarily meant to evoke in his countrymen a spirit of adventure and enterprise and make them oblivious of the rigours of Fascist tyranny by holding out to them wonderful visions of a "Greater Italy" but their international effect is disastrous. Il Duce tells a gathering of wounded ex-service men who presented him with "Baton of Authority" that "a geese in Europe have been cackling in defence of their various capitols" because he made speeches at Leghorn and Florence urging Italians to remember that Big Navy was necessary to Imperial Italy. If statesmen in other countries took up the same cry and exhorted their countrymen to believe in the necessity of piling bigger and still bigger naval armaments, the work hitherto attempted, however feebly, by the Disarmament Committee of the Geneva League and by the London Naval Conference will be made impossible. The members of the League must send a joint note of protest to the Italian Dictator pointing out to him the harm he is doing to the cause of International peace.

Same As Before.

Brown—"Now that you are married I suppose you have no secrets from your wife."

Jones—"Oh, I didn't before. She was my stenographer."

DHARASANA CAMPAIGN TO BE RESUMED.

—:o:—

(Continued from page 1.)

charge of the Kitchen Department in the Untadi Camp and has been an eye-witness to the occurences of the day, in a statement says:—

This morning the Deputy Superintendent of Police, Mr. Antia, and Sub-Inspector Sabhawala came to the Camp and ordered the volunteers premptorily to vaccate it within 15 minutes and warned that otherwise they would be shot down. Immediately after, they entered the camp with the Military and Police. They entered the Hospital, where nearly 100 wounded volunteers were lying, broke all water jars and ordered even such volunteers as were not too seriously wounded, to get away But none left.

The Police then came to the camp proper, where more than 300 volunteers were taking rest They attacked the volunteers with lathi and drove them away.

The Police destroyed the camp They even assaulted the volunteers who were staying in private houses and drove them away.

Police and military pickets are placed all over the roads.

The pellmell created by the Military is so great that it is impossible to narrate fully all that has happened in Untadi village.—Free Press.

UNTADI DESERTED.

—:o:—

AEROPLANES HOVER ROUND THE CAMP.

BULSAR, May 23.

The village of Untadi presented a very gloomy appearance last night. There was perfect darkness in the village and as a result of this morning incident people were terror-striken, though there was not a single policemen or military in the village itself. Some of the residents even refused to give shelter to the volunteers. The police pickets which were stationed on the main road leading to Untadi have been withdrawn, though the level crossing gate leading to Untadi is still kept closed for vehicular traffic.

Beyond that traffic is not allowed. No restrictions have been placed on pedestrians at all. There was no policeman in volunteers' camp at night, all policemen having been withdrawn late in the afternoon.

About 40 volunteers were wounded in the lathi charge yesterday morning. Two aeroplanes were hovering in the morning over the camp.

The camp was searched last evening by the police, who confiscated some papers, Satyagrahi pledge forms and printed appeal to Satyagrahis. The search lasted for about two hours.—Free Press.

PEOPLE PROMISE FULL SUPPORT.

JALALPORE, May 22.

A deputation on behalf of the people of Untadi waited on Narhari Parikh this evening and requested him to continue the Dharasana campaign and to make it an All-India question and assured him of their full support.—A. P.

"SERIOUSLY INJURED."

—:o:—

BULSAR DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY

BULSAR, May 23.

To the District Magistrate who enquired of the Doctor when he would remove the injured volunteers lying there, the Doctor replied that as some of the volunteers were seriously injured it was not possible to remove them soon —A. P.

MRS. NAIDU'S TRIAL CONCLUDED.

—:o:—

JUDGMENT RESERVED.

BULSAR, May 23.

The trial of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and of seven others was concluded last night in Dharasana.

Judgment was reserved till this afternoon.—A. P.

ONE VOLUNTEER DIES.

—:o:—

Nine Injured.

BULSAR, May 22.

(Delayed in Transmission.)

Police and Military at first rounded the volunteers roaming round about Dharasana Salt Depot and then marched into volunteers' camp at Untadi. They broke the earthen pots and told the volunteers to vacate the camp. A number of volunteers vacated the camp, but those who remained in the camp were charged with lathi and dragged out. Nine volunteers were injured and one died.

Those volunteers that tried to re-enter the camp in spite of being assaulted and charged with lathis were arrested. Their number is thirty-three. Police allowed doctors, ambulance corps and injured volunteers to remain within the hospital of the camp.

They allowed Mrs. Kasturbai Gandhi, Miss Maniben Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Narhari Parikh, member of "War Council", who was injured yesterday to remain in their camp. Police and Military then marched towards the volunteers' camp at Dungari. The District Magistrate of Surat, Mr. Braham, accompanied the Police and Military. Thirty-three volunteers who were arrested were taken out of the Untadi Camp and were released.—A. P.

AHMEDABAD PARSIS FOR SWADESHI

—:o:—

AHMEDABAD, May 23.

At a largely attended public meeting of Parsis held yesterday evening under the presidentship of Dr. Gulbai Medora it was resolved that the meeting considered it to be the religious duty of every Zoroastrian to encourage swadeshi goods. It appealed to all members of the community to buy, wear and use Swadeshi goods. An influential committee of Parsi ladies and gentlemen was appointed to take steps to give effect to this resolution.—Free Press.

200 WOUNDED ARRIVE IN AHMEDABAD.

—:o:—

Sheth Ambalal's House Becomes Hospital.

AHMEDABAD, May 23.

Mr. Jivanlal Diwan, Secretary, Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee returned this morning from Dharasana with about 200 volunteers. They were removed to a temporary hospital improvised in Sheth Ambalal Sarabhai's Santiniketan bungalow in private cars and motor buses. Those that had slight injuries were discharged after treatment. About 30 persons are lying as in-door patients.—Free Press.

More Congressmen Sentenced.

—:o:—

PITHAPURAM, May 23.

Mr. Venkatarao was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment for harbouring Satyagrahis under Section 157, I. P. C.—Free Press.

KORIVIDI, May 23.

Mr. Ligar Rao, Editor of the "Congress", and two others were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment under the Salt Act Free Press.

"DETERMINED TO STAY AT ANY COST."

—:o:—

Says Mr. Parikh From Sick Bed.

BULSAR, May 23.

Mr. Narahari Parikh, the only member of the "war council" left outside and who was wounded day before yesterday was lying in his bed when a representative of the Free Press of India approached him this morning. Although his wounds are healing he had a slight temperature. I am getting on quite well, said Mr. Parikh smiling to a Pressman when he enquired about him. Asked about his future plans, Mr. Parikh in an exclusive interview to the Free Press said that he meant to remain here and did not want to leave the camp. "We are also keeping volunteers that are here in the camp as they are determined not to leave at any cost and whatever may happen, I intend to send one or more volunteers of the picked type. I am here and have no intention of leaving. I am determined to stay here at any cost." The village of Untadi presented its usual village like appearance this morning. All temporary bazaars and restaurants are no more. There are now no volunteers in the village itself. The volunteers camps present a deserted appearance except one small camp under a mango tree where Mr. Parikh is lying in his sick bed with one or two volunteers who are nursing him. In an adjoining small camp a few volunteers who are still determined to stay here are lodged while the other camps and sheds are empty. Superfluous furniture is being removed keeping only the necessary requirements of those present. All the wounded have now been removed either to Bulsar or Billimora and by noon this morning there was not a single wounded volunteer. One doctor is still here to attend to Mr. Parikh. Mrs. Gandhi has left Karadi.—Free Press.

Ahmednagar Satyagrahi Jailed.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDNAGAR, May 23.

On the last day of Salt Satyagraha in Ahmednagar Sjt. Ramchandra Balwant Biraj, Head Master, National High School, arrived yesterday from Shiroda. Immediately he prepared salt in a public meeting and was arrested at 12 noon. He was produced before a Magistrate and given nine months' rigorous imprisonment under 117 and 47.

SIR A. C. CHATTERJEE ENTERTAINED.

—:o:—

"No Reason To Despair," He Says.

LONDON, May 22.

Sir A C. and Lady Chatterjee were entertained at a luncheon by the East India Association, Lord Lamington presiding. The distinguished company included Mr. and Mrs. Wedgwood Benn, Lord Meston, Right Hon'ble V S Srinivasa Sastri, Sir Mancherjee Bhownagree, Sir Harcourt Butler, Sir Albion Banerjee, Sir Reginald Craddock, Sir Stephen Demetriadi, Sir Edward and Lady Gait Sir Clement and Lady Hindley, Sir James and Lady McKenna Sir Edward Maclagan, Sir Basanta Kumar Mullick, Sir Campbell Rhodes, Sir Nes Wadia, Sir Henry and Lady Wheeler, Lady Simon and Dr. Paranjpe.

MR. BENN'S TRIBUTE.

Mr. Benn proposing the toast of Sir A C and Lady Chatterjee dwelt on Sir A. C. Chatterjee's distinguished career and the ability with which he had occupied a position of great eminence and responsibility. He paid a tribute especially to Sir Atul's services to India in the International sphere Mr. Benn remarked that mutual respect and understanding between Britain and India were needed. Sir Atul Chatterjee had made important contributions in both respects.

NO REASON TO DESPAIR.

Sir A. C. Chatterjee expressed the opinion that India was fortunate in having Mr. Been and Lord Irwin at the helm of affairs, and said there was no reason to despair when such men were in charge.

Proceeding he paid a tribute to the loyalty and devotion to India's interests on part of India House staff and their cordial relations with the India Office.

Sir A. C Chatterjee hoped that India House would become the centre of Indian life in London Many guests inspected the India House after luncheon.—Reuter.

GRANT DOMINION STATUS TO INDIA.

—:o:—

Madras Women's Demand.

MADRAS, May 21.

A public meeting convened by the Women's India Association at Gokhale Hall this evening adopted a resolution requesting the Viceroy and the British Parliament to make an immediate announiement that the framing of a constitution for India as a self-governing dominion shall be the duty of the Round Table Conference this being an essential first step towards restoring peace and goodwill in India. —A. P.

NO VOTE OF CENSURE.

—:o:—

Sir Oswald Mosley's Move Defeated.

LONDON, May 23.

Sir Oswald Mosley's motion of censure against the Government was defeated by 200 votes to 29. at a special meeting of the Parliamentary Labour Party.—Reuter.

PREMIER'S CONCILIATORY SPEECH.

Mr. Thurtle's Amendment Withdrawn.

LONDON, May 23.

The Parliamentary Labour Party meeting lasted three hours. Those attending it were pledged to secrecy but it transpires that Sir Oswald Mosley spoke for 50 minutes in support of his motion after which Mr. MacDonald in a conciliatory speech argued that it was impossible for the Government to do more than it had been doing. The Rank and file did not appreciate its difficulties.

Mr. Ernest Thurtle moved an amendment expressing "The Party's growing anxiety at the present unemployment problem aggravated as it is by worldwide economic depression" and "while recognising that unemployment is inseparable from capitalism" affirmed the Party's resolve to support the Government in its intensified endeavours to to reduce unemployment." The amendment was later withdrawn.

It is recognised that as result of the voting, Government may look forward with greater confidence to the result of the division on the Unemployment debate in the House of Commons on May 23.—Reuter.

CABLES IN BRIEF.

LONDON, May 22.

The R100 returned to Bedford in pouring rain at 3'45 this afternoon. The Structure and envelope at the extremity of the airship behind the elevating and rudder planes appeared from the ground somewhat damaged.—Reuter.

The "Graf Zeppelin" has been sighted 125 miles off the Brazil coast.—Reuter.

CIVIL SURGEON'S REPORT ON WOUNDED VOLUNTEERS.

The following communique has been issued:—

Lieut.-Colonel D. B. Kamat, I.M.S., the Civil Surgeon of Surat, examined 50 volunteers in the Satyagrahi hospital and camp at Dharasna yesterday. The following report gives the result of his examination:—

"Thirty-two cases in the Satyagrahi hospital and about 18 cases in their pavilion were seen. About six cases could be considered as requiring attention and admission into the hospital as indoor patients. These cases were 2 scalp wounds, 2 head contusions one of which might be a rupture of membranatympani, one fracture of fibula (leg bone), one fracture of rib with contusion of chest.

PROBABLE EPILEPSY.

One case was pointed out to have about a dozen contusions but not a single contusion was observed. This case had a frothing of mouth which makes me suspect probably epilepsy. One case was shown to be injury of testicle alleged to have been caused by strokes of lathi and kicks but it was a case of old hydrocele with no injuries at all.

HYSTERIA?

Another case was found to be an old Inguinal hernia. One case was shown considered to be of a serious nature with pains of chest on right side and restlessness with frequent convulsion. There was no fracture of rib and no marks of violence. Probably the man is malingering or subject of hysteria.

One case of fracture of bones of fore-arm was found to be not a fracture but a contusion of lower part of forearm and the back of wrist. Two other cases of supposed injuries showed no mark of injury at all, one of them had old boils on his ankle.

EX-SHAH OF PERSIA'S LEGACIES.

Shares Of Various Heirs.

NEW YORK, May 22.

Under the will of the ex-Shah Ahmed Kachar, which has been filed here owing to his property being in this country, an annuity of £1200 has been left to his brother Prince Mohammed Hassan with a supplementary income for ten years for the education of his two sons.

Ex-Shahs Secretary Salehkhan will receive £4000. To ex-Shah's mother is bequeathed all his real estate in Persia half of his jewels and one sixth of his securities.

The residuary estate is to be divided between his only son Prince Freydoun and daughters Princesses Maryan, Iran and Homayoun.

His eight wives will receive annuties of £200 each in addition to £120 for each child until the latter is twenty.—Reuter.

..PILGRIM SHIP ABLAZE.

—:o:—

PLIGHT OF THE "ASIA" PASSENGERS.

MRSEILLES, May 22.

A wireless message from the Captain of the "Asia" states that the ship caught fire on Wednesday evening. All officers and crew and many passengers were taken at night by several steamers which rushed to the scene but as there were about 1,600 pilgrims aboard the vessel, roll-call is necessary before it can be ascertained whether there is loss of life.—Reuter.

BRITAIN'S "NO" TO NEGROES

—:o:—

CANNOT HOLD CONFERENCE IN LONDON.

LONDON, May 22.

In the House of Commons, a Labour member, Mr. Marley asked whether the Home Secretary had received an application from the "Provisional International Trade Union Committee of the Negro Workers of America" for permission to hold the first International Conference of Negro Workers in London in next July.

Mr. Short replying in the affirmative, said that the Home Secretary had replied that he was unable to sanction the Conference or authorise facilities for the attendance of delegates.—Reuter.

Prominent Congressman Jailed.

—:o:—

SYLHET, May 22.

Sjt. Suresh Deb, a prominent Congressman was arrested for disobeying police order and was sentenced to six months rigorous. Section 144 was promulgated at Moulvibazaar prohibiting processions and meetings.—Free Press.

Released Man Arrested.

JESSORE, May 23.

Messrs. Benimadhan Misra and Siddheswar Bhattacharya who were arrested a fortnight back under the Bengal Ordinance have been released this morning. But Siddheswar was rearrested immediately under Section 107 Cr. P. C

Mr. Sukumarranjan Bose, a lantern lecturer, who was carrying on propaganda in the interior, was arrested and brought down to Jessore.—Free Press.

FUTURE OF FRONTIER PROVINCIAL.

—:o:—

Gleanings From Urdu Papers.

Referring to Dr. Saiyed Mahmud's letter to Mahatma Gandhi asking him to set at rest the Mussalmans of the Frontier with regard to their position in the future constitution of the country, "Bande Mataram" observes:—It is a pity that this letter remained unanswered owing to the arrest of Mahatmaji. But before replying to it we want to make it clear that those people who write about the Frontier Province, are themselves labouring under a misconcetption with regard to the aims of the present movement. What is that thing which India is demanding. What are all these sacrifices for? We are not fighting for an instalment of reforms, say, for the Frontier. We have now gone far ahead of this petty demand. The Congress is working for the attainment of complete independence. Is it conceivable to leave the Frontier in the charge of Britishers after independence is won? It is simply meaningless to think like that. The Congress is working for the whole of India and not for a particular province. After India gets freedom, no province will be deprived of the fruits of that freedom. Suppose the present struggle ends with the attainment of Dominion Status. Even then is it conceivable to leave the administration of the Frontier Province in the charge of Sir Norman Bolton while the Punjab, the U. P., Bengal, Madras, etc., are being governed unter the new constitution? We have said before and we say it once again that the future constitution will be for the whole of India and that no province of India will be deprived of its freedom. There is another point worthy of consideration in this connection. Are the people of the Frontier lagging behind the people of other provinces in offering sacrifices? Have they not participated in the Satyagraha movement? When they are doing everything, no person has a right to say that the people of the Frontier should be kept in slavery. India is fighting under the plea that no nation has a right to rule over any other nation. They not only want to free themselves but want to see other nations in bondage to be free. The Frontier Provinces is part and parcel of India and it has every right to share India's joys and oves along with other provinces.

In the course of a short poem the editor of "Taj" of Agra wants to know from the Ali Brothers as to what their constructive programme for the country is. In another beautiful poem addressed to Mahatma Gandhi the poet says: Thou art the soul incarnate of India and the soul is a thing which can never be imprisoned."

MORE TELEGRAPH WIRES CUT.

—:o:—

ARRESTS AND CONVICTION IN MADRAS.

MADRAS, May 22.

Two Satyagrahis from Madras were arrested last evening at Mambalam while addressing a meeting in defiance of the prohibitory order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. They were produced before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate this afternoon, who sentenced them to three months rigorous imprisonment each.

Four Satyagrahis were arrested this morning at St. Thome Beach while preparing contraband salt, as they refused to disperse when ordered by the police. The Magistrate sentenced them also to three months rigorous imprisonment.

A Berhampore message says that Mr. Niranjan Patnaik, President of the Ganjam District Congress Committee has been sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment under the Salt Act.

Reports of further arrests and convictions have been received from Guntur, Masulipatam, Cocanada and Cuddalore.

News of the cutting of fresh telegraph wires at Padugupadu Station near Nellore has been received.—A. P.

THE "KAISAR-I-HIND."

—:o:—

LATE ARRIVAL AT ADEN DUE TO LOSS OF PROPELLER.

Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Agents, P. and O. S. N. Company, have received advices from the Company's agent at Aden that the s.s. "Kaisar-I-Hind," which left Bombay on May 17, lost her port propeller during the voyage between Bombay and Aden. The cause of the accident has not been ascertained. The vessel arrived at Aden at 7-30 a.m. on Wednesday, May 21, and left at 11 p.m. the same night.

The "Kaisar-I-Hind" is proceeding on her voyage at a reduced speed and may be expected to arrive at Marseilles late on Saturday, May 31 or early on Sunday June 1.

The P. and O. Company's official statement says that the homeward bound "Kaisar-I-Hind is doing thirteen-and-half knots instead of the usual sixteen owing to the loss of port propeller. She will be delayed slightly but there is absolutely no cause for anxiety.

EDITOR OF "MILAP" URGES NON-SUSPENSION OF NATIONALIST PAPERS.

—:o:—

LAHORE, May 23.

Mr. Mahasay Khusalchand, Editor of the "Milap", who had suspended the publication of his paper in deference to the decision of the Congress Working Committee even though no security was so far demanded from him, in the course of a Press statement appeals to the Working Committee that considering the incalculable harm that would be caused to the national movement by the disappearance of Nationalist organs in the country and that the popularity of the Congress depends mainly on the propaganda carried through the medium of these papers, to consider the desirability of revising its resolution in the light of the situation developed in the country. Proceeding he says that though he personally favours suspension of papers all over India, as differences have unfortunately arisen and several papers of Congress persuasion are still being published in almost all important centres, before creating further complication, he would request the Congress President to move in the matter immediately.—Free Press.

WADALA SATYAGRAHA.

Bombay Volunteers' Mid-day March On Friday.

The crowds of spectators assembled at Wadala on Friday morning to witness the Satyagraha had to return disappointed. The usual time for the raid is 7 to 9 o'clock, but till 11 o'clock there was no sign of any Satyagrahi appearing. The police, as usual, were guarding the main approach at the Excise Preventive office.

Enquiries at Congress House elicited the information that the Satyagrahis would start at 11 o'clock. But even this time was not adhered to.

The Satyagrahis ultimately left the Congress House at 1 o'clock to start for Wadala. Under the scorching heat of the mid-day sun, they marched to Sandhurst Road station where they took train for Wadala.

WADALA PRISONERS' TRIUMPH.

—:o:—

The Wadala Satyagrahis who are confined in the Worli chawls had resorted to hunger strike as a protest against the bad food supplied to them. On Friday which was the third day they gave up the fast on the Jail Officer giving an assurance that better food which would include "dal," rice and some of the other food demanded by the prisoners would be allowed to them.

A batch of 100 Satyagrahis left the Congress House at 1 o'clock.

They divided themselves into four batches and attacked the salt area from different directions.

They were surrounded by the police who had been long awaiting them. 83 of them were arrested and taken to the Worli prison. The remaining 17 managed to escape. some of them with contraband salt. It was nearly four o'clock in the afternoon when the affair was finished.

EUROPEAN EMPLOYEES & WADALA RAIDS.

—:o:—

A Contradiction.

The Director of Information writes:—

Rumours are being circulated in the city of Bombay stating that European employees of certain business houses have participated in the measures taken by the Police to prevent the raiding of the salt works at Wadala. The Government of Bombay are informed by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, that no Europeans who are not Government servants have taken any part whatsoever in such measures.

RUSSIAN MUSICIANS FOR THIRD WEEK.

—:o:—

Cossack Choir At The Empire.

The famous Cossack Choir and Orchestra of 24 artistes who have successfully played at the Opera House for a fortnight are now transferred to the Empire Theatre.

Swami Bhawanidayal Sanyasi.

—:o:—

HAZARIBAGH, May 23.

The Free Press of India understands that Swami Bhawanidayal Sanyasi, who was imprisoned in the local jail as a political prisoner has decided to withhold the publication of his report regarding South Africa for various reasons.—Free Press.

Mahad Leaders Jailed.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

ALIBAG, May 23.

Sjt. Gopinathrao Potnis and Vithal Krishna Shet Mahad leaders have been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment to-day.

IS LATHI RAJ "LAW AND ORDER"?

—:o:—

Mr. Patel's Retort To Viceroy.

(Censored.)

NADIAD, May 21.

Mr. V. J. Patel addressed a meeting at Nadiad, which was attended by 15,000 people.

Mr. Patel said that he was disillusioned and had lost all faith in the British Government. If Lord Irwin had followed his advice, his Government would not have to face the siuuation with which it was confronted.

Many busy bodies with no right to speak on behalf of the people were trying to be represented at the Round Table Conference but it was only the Congress that had any authority to speak on behalf of the masses and nobody else.

With the Mahatma in prison, all talk about compromises was useless. The Labour Government had abdicated in favour of Lord Irwin, who, with all his goodness was a conservative.

WHERE IS THE CONSTITUTION?

He had tried to bring about a compromise even before his resignation and had approached the Viceroy. He was told that so long as the Congress persisted in lawbreaking activities there could be no compromise. Compromise was possible only if the Congress agitated on constitutional lines. He replied to the Viceroy that the Congress had its resort to Civil Disobedience only as a last resort, because all agitation on constitutional lines had failed and as there was no such thing as a constitution in India as Government possessed extraordinary powers. He cited the instance of certification of the Salt Tax by the Viceroy. The country tried for the repeal of this Act through its accredited representatives and the Viceroy certified it. Such a thing as agitation on constitutional lines was possible only if there was a constitution responsible to the people. Lord Irwin, he said, seemed to appreciate the argument to which there could be no reply. But he was helpless.

IS LATHI RAJ LAW?

Mr. Patel said that under the present cicumstances it was not possible for Governments to perform their duties conscientiously. Law laid down that offenders should be arrested, tried and punished after being found guilty. Law nowhere laid down that offenders should be punished by lathi blows by the Police.

Referring to the boycott of foreign goods, Mr. Patel urged the audience to take a vow not to buy any cloth at all for at least one year and to remain contented with the old stock they possessed. This simple and effective proposal was very well received by the audience.—Free Press.

THANA OBSERVES SHOLAPUR DAY.

—:o:—

No "Times" Copies On Hartal Day.

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, May 22.

On Monday about a thousand ladies marched in a procession from the Hanuman Vyayal Shala to the Kopneshwar Temple and thereby entered a dignified protest against the arrest and imprisonment of Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya. All those who saw the procession could not help remarking that it was a unique procession in the history of public life in Thana.

The cloth merchants of Thana have decided not to import foreign cloth in Thana. One Kundanmal, a Marwadi merchant, had tried to defy the mandatory resolution of the Merchants' Association but when he saw the determination of the people to start picketing in front of his shop, he announced his intention to send back the Japanese cloth which he had ordered in defiance of the resolution.

ILL IN THANA JAIL.

It is reported that Sjt Jamnalal Bajaj and Mr. Mushruwala, both of whom are confined in Thana Jail are ill and have been admitted into the Prison Hospital.

No copies of the "Times of India" are available in Thana in consequence of the refusal of the agent, Mr. Varma, to take delivery of the same. It is natural that the agent's sense of patriotism should be roused at a time when the Nationalist Presses have been closed for two days as a mark of protest against the promulgation of the Press Act Ordinance.

Thana observes the Sholapur Day to-day. Shops are closed. A procession was taken out at about 7 a.m. from the Hanuman Vyayam Shala under the auspices of the Sashti Congress Committee and it went through the principal streets of the city.

Hotel Licenses Cancelled.

—:o:—

MYMENSINGH, May 23.

It is reported that licences of many hotel keepers have been cancelled by the Local Authorities owing to their refusal to supply food to the Police staff.—Free Press.

Money Market.

Exchange Quotations.

Bombay, May 23.

B. C. RATE—
T T 1|5 3|4.
D D 1|5 25|32.
LONDON—
Banks Selling T T 1|5 25|32 May.
Banks Selling D D 1|5 13|16.
Banks Selling T T 1|5 3|4 June|Sept.
Banks Buying T T 1|5 27|32 Ready.
Banks Buying D D 1|5 7|8 Mail.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 May|Monsoon.
NEW YORK—
B. C. Rate T T 273 1|4.
Banks Selling T T 277 3|4.
Banks Buying T T 276 1|2.
PARIS—
Banks Selling D D 917.
Banks Buying D D 927.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 940.
JAPAN—
Banks Selling T T 137 1|4.
Banks Buying 60 Days 135.
HONGKONG—
Banks Selling D D 99 1|4.
SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 123 1|4.
SINGAPORE—
Banks Selling D D 156 1|4.
JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 89 1|2.
CROSS RATE—
New York—London 4.86 1|8 22nd inst.
Shanghai—London 1/9 13|16 23rd inst.
Japan—London 2|0 3|8 22nd inst.
London—Paris 123.95 22nd inst.
London—Belgium 34.820 22nd inst.
London—Switzerland 25.12 1|4 22nd inst.
London—Italy 92.70 22nd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange.—Dull.
Gold £4-4-11 1|2 21st inst.; £4-4-11 1|2 22nd inst.
Silver London Ready 18 5|8 21st inst., 18 5|8 22nd inst.
Silver London Forward 18 9|16 21st inst.; 18 9|16 22nd instant.
Silver New York Ready 40 3|8 21st inst.; 40 9|16 22nd instant.
London Discounts 3 Mos. 2 5|16 per cent 21st inst.; 2 5|32 per cent 22nd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 2 5|8 per cent 21st inst.; 2 19|32 per cent 22nd inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 6 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 3 per cent.
Money:— Inter Bank Call 3 per cent.
3 Mos. 4-1|2 per cent.
6 Mos. 4 per cent.
12 Mos. 4 per cent.
Tone:—Tight.

PRIVATE CABLES—
New York October Highest 15.25 (11-34 a.m.) lowest 15.07 (opening).
Hemelryk: — "Fossick estimates preliminary acreage 2.9 per cent less than last year."
New York:—"Less favourable weather outlook including liberal buying by professional operators new crop months. Rain will cause some damage if continued. Replanting necessary in some sections in consequence of recent rains. Piece goods and yarn quiet and fairly steady."
Reuter:—"Market was nervous and irregular on possible heavy tenders. Prices advanced on unfavourable Western Belt forecast and covering by shorts."

MILL STORES QUOTATIONS.

(Messrs. Maganbhai Amin & Co.)
Bombay, 23rd May 1930.
Prices per ton:—
China Clay, best quality Rs. 78: China Clay, market quality Rs. 68.
Prices per cwt.—
Farina, Supra (Dutch) Rs. 8.4.6; Epsom Salt Rs. 3|10|0: Sago Flour, 1st quality Rs. 8|7|0; Sago Flour, market quality Rs. 8|3|- Maize Starch Pearl, India Brand Rs. 10|-10|0; Dextrine Potato (White) Rs. 13|10|0; Zinc Chloride, German Rs. 14|4|0; Magnesium Chloride, German Rs. 3|3|0; Australian Mutton Tallow, white Rs. 32|4|0; Turkey Red Oil concentrated Rs. 45|-; Bleaching Powder United Alkali, small packing Rs. 8|4|0; Bleaching Powder, Electro German, small packing Rs. 9|4|0; Sodium Sulphide, English, small packing Rs 9|4|0; Sodium Sulphide, English Large Packing Rs. 8|4; Sodium Sulphide, German, small packing Rs. 9.4.0; Sodium Sulphide, German, large packing Rs. 8|4|0; Bichromate of Potash, small packing Rs 35; Soda Ash Rs. 7|4|0; Bichromate of Soda, small packing Rs. 23|8|0; Brown Sugar of Lead, small packing Rs. 33|8|0; Litharge Flake, French, small packing Rs. 30|4|0.
Prices per lb.—
Hydro Sulphide B.A.S.F. Rs. 0|8|9; Hdro Sulphide, English Rs 0|7|9; Aniline Salt, Electric Rs. 0|6|1; Antimony Salt Rs. 0|5|3: Acetic Acid Rs. 0|7|0; Formal-de-hyde Rs. 0|6|0.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, May 22.
Coffee Fair Rio, No. 7 Quality)
Spot 9-5/16

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

New York Futures 10 Points Up.

UNFAVOURABLE WEATHE INDUCING COVERING.

Bombay, May 23.

Yesterday the New York Cotton futures market ruled nervous and irregular on possible heavy tenders. Prices opened at a decline of 3 to 4 points but advanced on unfavourable Western Belt forecast and short covering. When prices improved 19 points from the opening level the advance was checked and the market closed at a decline of 1 points for July while new crop months advanced to 9 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 5 points to 16.45c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market closed at a rise of 2 to 3 points while Spot Cotton prices closed unchanged at 15.63c.

U. S. Port receipts were 6,000 bales and Exports amounted to 5,000 bales.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a rise of 1 point but in the absence of any important business prices fluctuated within a narrow range and closed at a rise of 1 point to a decline of 1 point. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 3 points to 8.60 and sales amounted to 2,000 bales.

Empire Cotton futures closed unchanged to a decline of 2 points while Egyptian Cotton futures closed at a rise of 3 points.

The New York Cotton Exchange will remain closed on Friday 30th and Saturday 31st May.

The Liverpool Cotton Exchange will remain closed on Saturday the 7th, Monday, the 9th, Friday, the 13th and Saturday the 14th June.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 22.

July	16.34—.01
October	15.20 plus .10
December	15.26 plus .10
January	15.25 plus .09
Middling Spot	16.45—.05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 22.

May	15.89 plpus .02
July	16.06 plus .03
Middling Spot	15.63

New York, May 22.

New York 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time),—	
July	16.34
October	nil.
October (New Contract)	14.84
New York 11-45 a.m.—	
July	16.23
October	15.21
October (New Contract)	14.91

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, May 22.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	6,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	4,000
Day's exports to the Continent	1000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, May 22.

	Opening	Closing.
May	8.20	8.19 + .02
June		8.12 + .04
July	8.07	8.07 + .01
August		7.96
September		7.92—.01
October	7.87	7.87—.01
November		7.87—.01
December		7.89—.01
January	7.90	7.90—.01
February		7.92—.01
March		7.94—.01
April		7.96—.01
May		7.98—.01
Middling Spot		8.60 + .03

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, May 22.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	2,000
Sales on Speculation	100
Sales of East Indian cotton	nil.

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 22.

Scinde Fully Good	4.70 plus .05
Scinde Fine	4.95 plus .05
Scinde Superfine	5.20 plus .05
Bengal, Good	4.45 plus .05
Bengal, Fully Good	4.70 plus .05
Bengal Fine	4.95 plus .05
Oomra Good	5.00 plus .05
Oomra Fully Good	5.30 plus .05
Oomra Fine	5.60 plus .05
Broach, Fully Good	6.00 plus .05
Broach, Fine	6.25 plus .05
Broach Superfine	6.50 plus .05

LINSEED OIL.

London, May 22.

Linseed Oil, naked, London, cwt—
Sellers 37/7-1/2 Jun-Aug.
Linseed Oil, naked, London, cwt—
Paid and Further buyers Sept.-Dec. 36/11-1/4.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

London, May 22.

	£.
Total Bullion	158,400,000
Public Deposits	21,200,000
Other Deposits	95,100,000
Government Securities	49,800,000
Other Securities	20,500,000
Notes and Coin	63,700,000
Notes in Circulation	354,700,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	54.83 p.c.

Raw Cotton Situation.

WAIT & WATCH POLICY.

A Peep In Future.

Bombay, May 23.

Messrs. Arjan Khimji and Co., have issue the following review to-day:—

AMERICAN.

As a net result of trading on the New York Cotton Exchange during the last week, prices show a rise of 7 points. As outlined in our previous report, the market has adopted "wait and watch" policy before another price move in accordance with the nature of the prevailing weather.

STATISTICAL OUTLOOK.

As usual at this time statisticians are busy finding out cotton figures. Of course, these figures are said to have very little to do with the future course of prices, the fact remains that they are useful for mathematical calculations. Sometime back we pointed out that according to the information we had, we believe that the carry-over of American Cotton at the end of the present season will be about 5 million bales. The latest revised figures published by the U. S. Agricultural Bureau regarding acreage, yield and total production for the 1929 crop are given below with comparative figures for previous years.

Season.	Acreage.
1929-30	47.067.000
1928-29	46.946.000
1927-28	41.905.000
1926-27	43 730.000
1925-26	48 090.000
Total Crop.	Yield per Acre.
14.823.000	155.0
14,478.00	152 9
12 956.000	154.5
17.977.000	181.9
16.104.000	167.2

The Cotton trade is now facing a new problem namely what will be the crop next season? It is beyond human knowledge to answer this question and prices are forced to adjust daily according to crop reports. Thus when crop promises larger than average expectation prices invariably decline and vice-versa. The size of the crop entirely depends upon weather and insect damage. We do not claim to posses knowledge to know these factors in advance and any reliable forecast of the future course of the prices of American Cotton is impossible. However, it has become a fashion all over the cotton world to state something and we cannot exclude ourselves.

A PEEP IN FUTURE.

What will be the size of the growing crop? On an average weather with a reduction in the acreage of about 5 per cent., we believe to-day a crop of 14½ million bales is not an impossibility. Of course, this is problematic but a crop of this size when added with an expected carry-over at the end of the present season will show a total supply of about 19½ million bales. Such a supply is good enough to keep the world's spindles busy and leave a comfortable balance at the end of the next season. With the abovementioned possibilities of the supply question we believe prices will fluctuate within a range of about 4 cents, 14 and 18 cents will be two extremities. Under the circumstances when prices are below the average of both ends, we deem it safe to buy cotton as long as the present crop prospects do not undergo any material change.

BOMBAY.

Our market remained closed during the past week except last Saturday when prices fluctuated within a narrow range. The political situation in this country has attracted the commercial community who show their full sympathy towards the national movement and keep their business closed as protests against arrests of women and leaders.

Cotton market has nothing to report and we believe the following from the monthly review of trade conditions in Continental Europe, issued by the U. S. Bureau of Economics will be found interesting:—

"Prices of Indian Cotton have declined relatively more than American. The relationship between prices of Indian and American growths is now more favourable to Indian than at at any time in the past five years a fact which has resulted in rather large purchases of Indian Cotton during the intermittent active spells in the market in recent weeks. Prices of Indian Cotton in February this year, however, are not as much below quotations for the corresponding month in recent years as they have been running in the earlier months of the season, which is Largely due to, of course, to the extremely low absolute level now prevailing."

YARN MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, May 23.

The Yarn Market has continued to remain rather steady during the whole of week and prices have fluctuated within a very narrow range. On account of the recent political disturbances dealers have been very cautious and are not inclined to take big risks at present owing to uncertainties regarding future course of the market and also regarding the future political outlook. There have been plenty of enquiries from various consuming districts particularly for Indian Spun Yarns both in coarse counts as well as in fine counts at old rates but some of our Mills have already increased their quotations and are not inclined to make sales at any lower prices. Some of the merchants have been buying in small lots for forward deliveries even at higher rates from the Mills in anticipation of better demand owing to Swadeshi Movement but the turnover in the market has been considerably affected on account of the closing of our market for a large number of days during the week. It is reported that some of the Mills have made very satisfactory sales both in cloth a swell as in Yarns at fairly good margin and have therefore been quoting higher prices for any further business. On the whole the undertone is distinctly steady so far as Indian Yarns are concerned but it all depends upon the political situation in the next few days and hence the future outlook seems to be very uncertain at the present moment.

English Yarns.—Sales from spot are very limited and dealers have been losing very heavily on account of the absence of satisfactory demand due to Swadeshi propaganda. As for forward shipments business is practically nil.

Japanese Yarns.—Enquiries have increased and in certain qualities where there has been scarcity prices have been hardening. In other Yarns however prices have been declining. On the whole the demand has been smaller than before on account of the boycott movement. Forward business is practically neglected.

Art, Silk Yarns.—Sales from stock have been affected on account of Swadeshi Movement and some of the upcountry Mills report that the demand in this class of Yarns is very restricted. Stocks however are not very large and arrivals are few and if the consumers again require the goods the supply will be certainly insufficient but at the present moment the future outlook seems to be very uncertain.

Indian Yarns.—Our Mills have been passing through satisfactory times after so many years and most of them have been able to secure a fairly good margin in their recent sales both of Yarns and cloth. It is to be regretted however, that from reports received by us, are inclined to believe that some of the Mills locally as well as in up-country districts have been trying to secure much higher prices and perhaps some fel inclined to take undue advantage of the present Swadeshi propaganda. It is also reported that some of the Mills have been thinking of working double shifts on account of better demand for cloth in these days. We should like to warn these Mills before it is too late against undue profiteering and to clearly point out to them that they will considerably harm the Country's cause if they will persist in taking any undue advantage inasmuch as if they will do so they will indirectly encourage imports of foreign Yarns and cloth on a large scale particularly because the quotations from foreign Countries for similar Yarns and cloth are more attractive at present.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

z Liverpool, May 22.

May	13.00 plus .03
July	12.75 plus .03
November	12.45 plus .03
December	12.46 plus .03
January	12.54 plus .03
March	12.65 plus .03
F.G.F. Spot Sakellis	13.90 plus .05

LINSEED.

London, May 22.

Linseed, Calcutta, (London) ton—
Sellers May-June £18:10:0.
Linseed, Calcutta, (London) ton—
Sellers June-July £18:0:0.
Linseed, La Plata, ton,—
Sellers May-June £17:5:0.
Linseed, Bombay, ton,—
Nominal May-June £19:10:0.

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, May 22.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 63-1/2 lb. Cargoes,—
Sellers (62-1/2) May-June 38.
Barletta Russo, per 62-1/2 lb., Cargoes,—
Sellers May-June 37/3.
Wheat, South Australian, Parcels,—
Sellers 40/9 Afloat.
Wheat, Choice White, Parcels,—
Paid yesterday May-June 39/9.

NAGPUR MERCHANTS' RESOLVE.

No Fresh Indents: No More Sales.

(From a Correspondent.)
NAGPUR, May 23.

As a result of the vigorous campaign of picketing by female volunteers, headed by Shrimati Chaturabaia, the local cloth merchants have taken an oath neither to indent fresh stock nor to sell the old one.

EXTENSION OF SETTLEMENT TERM IN JAMMU & KASHMIR.

(From A Correspondent.)

While sanctioning the Assessment proposals of the first revised Settlement in Bhimber Tahsil of Mirpur District, His Highness the Maharaja has ordered that the term of Settlement for the next revision be raised from 20 to 30 years.

Similar orders have also been received in the case of Uri Tehsil of the Muzaffarbad District. This measure will greatly benefit the Zamindars.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, May 22.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25,—
C. & F. Calcutta:

May-June per cwt.	9
June-Sept. per cwt.	9
Oct.-Dec. per cwt.	9/0-3/4
C. & F. Bombay:	
May/June per cwt.	9/0-1/4
C. & F. Karachi:	
May-June per cwt.	9/0-1/4

LONDON RUBBER.

London, May 22.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed, Lb., Spot,—
Sellers d.6-7/8.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, May 22.

Cottonseed Bombay, ton,—
Sellers £6:10:0 May-June.
Castorseed, Bombay, ton,—
Sellers May June £15:0:0.
Rapeseed Toria, ton,—
Sellers May June £15:0:0.

LONDON SILVER.

London, May 22.

Silver.—Market is quiet.

Spot	18-5/8
Forward	18-9/16

London, May 22.

Bar gold, fine, per oz. £4:4:11-1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, May 22.

Interest, Day to Day Loans	2-1/4 p.c.
Interest, 7-Day Market Loans	2 p.c.
Bank Bils, 3 Months	2-5/32 p.c.
Bank Bills,6 Months	2-19/32 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 Months	3-1/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 6 Months	3-3/4 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 22.

T.T. London on Berlin	20.36-7/8
T.T. London on Amsterdam	12.08-7/8
T.T. London on Brussels	34.83
T.T. London on Madrid	39.99
T.T. London on Milan	92.72
T.T. London on Berne	25.12
T.T. London on Paris	123.93
T.T. London on Prague	163.95

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, May 22.

	£.
Chartered Bank of I.A. & C.	17-1/4
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, (London Register).	112
National Bank	44-1/4
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	90-1/4
Conversion Loan	78-1/4
Indian Loan, 5-1/2 p.c.	101-1/4
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p.c.	46
Indian Stock, 3 p.c. Sterling Loan	53-1/2
Indian Stock, 3-1/2 p.c. Sterling Loan	62
Consols	55-1/2
War Loan 5 p.c.	102
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	94—1/2

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, May 22.

Demand Bills	485.93

LONDON METALS.

London, May 22.

	£.
Copper Brazters	74
Yellow Metal	58
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands	15-3/8
Corrugated sheets 24 Gauge	11-7/8
Tin English Ingots	143-3/4

BANK OF FRANCE NOTE CIRCULATION.

Paris, May 22.

The Return of the Bank of France for the week ending May 21st gives the total note circulation at 71,131,000,000 francs, a decrease of 481,000,000 francs as compared with the previous week.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, May 23.

3 1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper Rs. 64/5
4 per cent. Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 90/8
4 per cent. Loan due 1934-37 Rs 89/4
4 per cent. Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 76/9
4-1/2 per cent. Bonds due 1934 Rs. 95/2
4-1/2 per cent. Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 86/10
5 per cent. War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 95/2
5 per cent. Loan due 1935 Rs. 97/10
5 per cent. Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 96/2
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 99/15
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 100/10
6 per cent, Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 100/5
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 101/5.
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 102/5
6-1/2 per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 104/14
4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 74/8
4 per cent. Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 73/8
4 per cent. Municipal due 1974 Rs. 73/8
5 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 90/8
6 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 103/8

FORWARD RATES.

3rd June settlement.
3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper Rs. 64-4-0
5 per cent. 1945-55 Rs. 100-3-0

Tone of Silver:—Quiet. No special feature. Business small.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 23.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund Stock and Share Brokers, have received the following quotations by special Cablegram from London to-day:

Name of Company	Lates' prices
Andhra Valley (7 1|2 per cent 1933 Notes)	£ 99 0 0
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy. Stock	£ 78 10 0
Attock Oil Co. Ltd.	£ 1 7 0
Australian 5 per cent Loan (1935|45)	£ 89 0 0
Burma Corporation Ltd.	£ 0 13 0
Calcutta Tramways (Ordy.)	£ 13 0
Canadian Eagle Oil Co.	£ 0 13 0
Eastern Bank Ltd.	£ 6 4 0
French 5 per cent Rentes	£ 20 10 0
Hongkong & Shanghai Banks. Corpn.	£112 10 0
Imperial Airways Ltd. Ord.	£ 1 6 3
India 3 1|2 per cent Sterling Stock	£ 62 0 0
India 4 1|2 per cent Sterling Loan (1950|55)	£ 83 5 0
India 3 per cent Sterling Stock	£53 0 0
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord.)	£ 0 1 6
London & Rhodesian Mining and Land	£ 0 2 3
Mexican Eagle Oil Co.	£ 0 13 6
Motor Fuel Proprietory Ltd.	£ 0 2 0
Nitrate Railway (Ordy.)	£ 4 15 0
Rangoon Electric Tram. & S. Ordy.	£ 1 17 0
Russo-Asiatic Consolidated Ltd.	£ 0 0 3
Shahdara Saharanpur L. R'y. 4 1|2 per cent Deb.	£ 65 0 0
Tata Power 7 1|2 per cent 'B' Debs. 1934|43	£ 97 0 0
Tata Iron & Steel 7 per cent Debentures	£ 99 5 0
War Loan 5 per cent (1929|47)	£102 0 0

(a) £10|-Shares, £5|- paid up.

CHARM IN 3 Ps.

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as said by
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The All-India Astrological and Astronomical Society,
President Prof.: PANDIT B. K. BHATTACHARYYA, Jyotirbhusan, F.T.S
Head Office:—105 (C), Grey Street, Calcutta. Telegrams: "Astrologer."

ALI BROTHERS' MYSTERIOUS ALLIANCE WITH GOVERNMENT DEPLORED

Bombay Muslims Endorse Jamiat's Amroha "Fatwa".

Muslims of Bombay attended in their thousands a public meeting held at the Dongri Maidan under the auspices of the Congress Muslim Party on Wednesday night, Moulvi Mohamed Ali presided.

Maulana Hifzur Rehman, the proposer of the famous Civil Disobedience resolution adopted by the Jamiat-ul-Ulema at its Amroha session, exhorted the Muslims to join the Congress. He held that there was no other honourable course left open to the Muslims. It was the religious duty of every Muslim to fight for his country's freedom as the Holy Prophet had enjoined by his well-known saying, "Love of one's country should be an article of one's creed."

BOYCOTT BRITISH GOODS.

Maulana Hasrat Mohani proposed a resolution declaring that the only reply Muslims could make to the uncompromising policy and insolent attitude adopted by Britain in respect of Palestine was to boycott all British goods. The resolution further asked the Indian Muslims to give a lead to the rest of the Islamic world by completely boycotting all British goods.

Maulana Hasrat Mohani spoke at some length on the present political situation in the country and held that the real danger to India at this critical moment was the talk of the Round Table Conference. He was afraid that if Indian leaders succumbed to the Government bait and agreed to attend the Conference, all their efforts and sacrifices so far would prove entirely futile. He exhorted the audience to see to it that no Indian attended the Conference. Egyptian methods should be used against the defaulters, in which case the authorities in England would think twice before entering into negotiations with these self-styled representatives of India.

The resolution was supported by Mr. Noor Mohamed Mozawala and carried unanimously.

THE MYSTERIOUS ALI BROTHERS.

Maulana Ataullah Shah Bukhari denounced the present attitude of the Ali Brothers. He said it was really impossible to understand their ways. In Lahore the Khilafat Conference declared independence as its goal, in Delhi Mr. Mohamed Ali took part in the civil disobedience movement launched as a protest against the Sarda Act, but when he came to Bombay he took a somersault and said that at present there was a truce between the Muslims and the Government. Nobody knew on what terms, on whose behalf and in whose interest they had made peace with the Government. He declared that the Khilafat funds were not properly used by the present officials of the Committee who were conducting the "Khilafat" daily at a considerable loss. He appealed to the Muslims and especially the younger section of the community to raise a protest against this and to put a stop to such things by boycotting the paper and refusing to help the Committee financially.

Pundit Sunderlalji also spoke and the meeting came to a close.

MR. KUNZRU'S LETTER OF RESIGNATION.

Police Excesses Condemned.

ALLAHABAD, May 21.

In his letter to the Viceroy resigning his seat in the Assembly, Pandit H. N. Kunzru says:—

"I find myself compelled to differ strongly from the policy adopted by the Government in dealing with the present situation. A body like the Council of the Western India National Liberal Association cannot be accused of being hostile or indifferent to the maintenance of law and order, but they have thought it their duty to raise their voice against the methods by which Government have tried to assert their authority. They have strongly disapproved of the severe sentences passed on some civil resisters at various places and urged a searching enquiry by an independent tribunal into allegations of violence against the police.

The conduct of the police in several places, for instance in Patna and Madras has roused deep resentment throughout the country.

The brutalities of which the police was guilty at Patna have been condemned by well-known public men of that city who do not belong to the Congress camp. Nearer home, Muttra, which is a part of my constituency recently witnessed unoffending young boys being mercilessly beaten by the police for asking for the return of their flag which was snatched away from them by one of the district officials. Benares too felt the full weight of police high-handedness a few days ago.

PRESS ORDINANCE.

The promulgation of the Press Ordinance is another official act to which strong exception must be taken. In view of the history of the Press Act of 1910 it is not too much to say that the Ordinance which confers wider powers on the executive than the Press Act which was repealed in 1921 places the entire press at the mercy of the executive. It has justifiably excited the gravest apprehension and I am unable to reconcile myself to the terms of the measure or to acquiesce in the policy that underlies it. During the few days that it has been in operation it has further alienated the public from Government without making the position of the Government in any way easier.

IMPOTENT ASSEMBLY.

Other examples can be given to show how Government are acting in utter disregard of public opinion, but it is unnecessary to multiply instances.

The facts that are mentioned above are sufficient indication of the attitude of Government. On the other hand, the Assembly in the condition to which it has been reduced, is powerless to resist encroachments on popular liberties or to exert strong pressure on Government. Nationalist opinion can neither assert nor make its influence felt.

Accordingly, I beg to tender herewith my resignation of the membership of the Legislative Assembly,—Free Press.

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NO FAITH IN R. T. CONFERENCE.

—:o:—

Muslim Denunciation.

A very largely attended public meeting was held in Madanpura on Tuesday night to congratulate Messrs. Hafiz Ali Bahadur Khan and Abdul Hamid, proprietor and editor respectively, of "Hilal", a local Urdu daily, on their conviction. Pundit Sunderlalji presided.

In his opening remarks Pundit Sunderlalji congratulated the two Muslims who sacrificed for their country.

Maulana Hasrat Mohani in his speech discussed at length the question of Hindu-Muslim settlement, the question of Muslim rights and privileges and the attitude Muslims should adopt towards the Indian National Congress. He held that the only course left open for Muslims in the present circumstances was to join the Congress and to take a leading part in the national struggle for freedom.

Mr. Mohamed Ibrahim moved a resolution congratulating Messrs. Ali Bahadur Khan and Abdul Hamid, appreciating their sacrifice for the national cause and condemning the Government action in awarding them heavy sentences and also warning the Government that freedom-loving Muslims will not be cowed down by repression. The resolution was seconded by Hakim Ibrahim of Delhi and carried unanimously.

BOYCOTT LONDON CONFERENCE.

Mr. Haji Nur Mohamed Ahmed moved the following resolution:—

"This meeting of the Muslims of Bombay is of opinion that the proposed Round Table Conference should be boycotted and so it declares that those who propose to attend this Conference are not our representatives and we have no confidence in them. This meeting further declares that if some persons go to London and attend the Conference as representatives of Muslims they will also be boycotted."

The resolution was seconded by Mr. Nur Mohamed Mozawala and carried unanimously.

A FEW CENTURIES AGO WHEN EUROPEANS WORE EVE'S DRESS AND CLEANED THEIR BODIES BY RUBBING THEM WITH MUD, INDIANS WERE USING PERFECTLY MADE SOAPS AND WEARING CLOTHS OF SILK AND GOLD.

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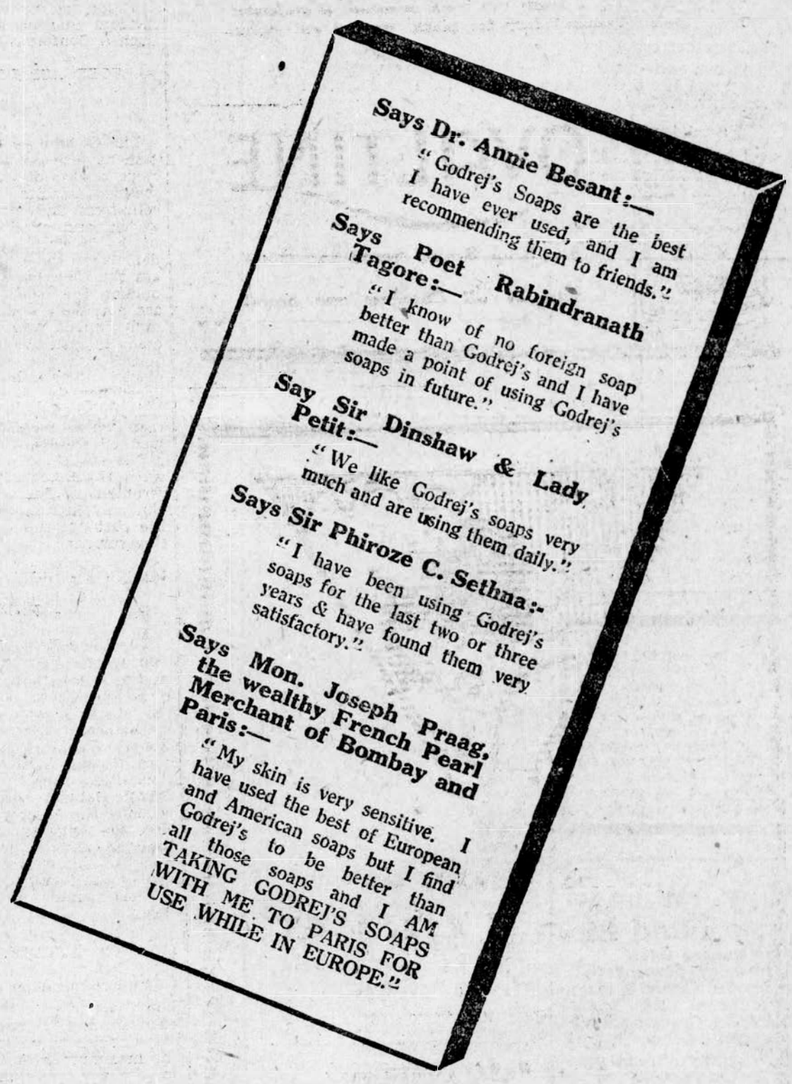
It was said in the "Times of India" a few months ago that many medical men were of the opinion that cheap imported toilet articles were giving rise to skin diseases.

Many varieties of oils suitable for soapmaking are produced largely in India and are very cheap.

Godrej's Toilet Soaps Nos. 1 & 2.

Are better than all imported soaps and hundreds of doctors recommend them for keeping the skin in health.

GODREJ'S "TURKISH BATH" AND "BABY" SOAPS ARE AS GOOD AS THE BEST EVER MADE IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD AND YET THEY ARE THE CHEAPEST EVER MADE EITHER IN INDIA OR ANYWHERE ELSE.


Says Dr. Annie Besant:—
"Godrej's Soaps are the best I have ever used, and I am recommending them to friends."
Says Poet Rabindranath Tagore:—
"I know of no foreign soap better than Godrej's and I have made a point of using Godrej's soaps in future."
Say Sir Dinshaw & Lady Petit:—
"We like Godrej's soaps very much and are using them daily."
Says Sir Phiroze C. Setha:-
"I have been using Godrej's soaps for the last two or three years & have found them very satisfactory."
Says Mon. Joseph Praag, the wealthy French Pearl Merchant of Bombay and Paris:—
"My skin is very sensitive. I have used the best of European and American soaps but I find Godrej's to be better than all those soaps and I AM TAKING GODREJ'S SOAPS WITH ME TO PARIS FOR USE WHILE IN EUROPE."

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Trial Flight Of R-100.

LONDON, May 21.

R-100 which is preparing for a flight to Canada left the mooring mast at Cardington at 7 p.m. on a trial flight and appeared at 8 p.m. over London flying low, accompanied by six aeroplanes. She flew over the West End and the City, and disappeared eastward. The King and Queen were entering Covent Garden theatre when the airship appeared overhead and dipped the nose in salute.—Reuter

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AGUERINE
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INDIAN PIECE-GOODS MERCHANTS' PATRIOTIAM.

Boycott Of British Goods.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Bombay Piece-goods Native Merchants' Association met on Wednesday, the 21st instant, to discuss the present trade situation and unanimously passed the following resolutions:—

1. In view of the fact that the political situation has not improved, this meeting, adhering to the principle underlying the resolution passed on 5th April, 1930, resolves that the limit of 30th June, 1930, upto which time the members were enjoined not to indent future goods, be hereby extended and it is furthr resolved that until this Association decides in that behalf, no member of this Association shall either directly or indirectly, indent any kind of foreign piece-goods or purchase it from stock, or through agents, from any market whatsoever, whether by commission or on approval or from auction sales, or in any other manner. It is also resolved that in case any member of this Association has any interest as an owner or partner in any other concern which is not a member of this Association, this resolution shall also apply, and such member shall not purchase any foreign piece-goods in the name of that non-member.

This meeting empowers the Managing Committee to take all steps against those who act contrary to this resolution and to do everything needful to enforce the same.

2. In reply to the telegram of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce, and the letter of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce regarding the contracts, it is resolved that the following reply be sent to the said bodies:—

The Bombay Piece-goods Native Merchants' Association assert that its members have always respected sanctity of contracts and do not intend violating it in future. In view however of present state of trade due to political situation and the state of force mature observance of contracts has become impossible and if any more goods be shipped, all parties concerned viz., dealers, importers, banks and shippers, will suffer great losses and graver and more delicate situation is likely to arise resulting in financial crisis consequent on locking up of capital. The Association therefore draws the attention of all parties to the advisability of coming to some arrangement with buyers by cancelling or suspending contracts from time to time as necessary.

OFFICIAL VERSION OF DHARASANA RAID.

—:o:—

The following Communique has been issued:—

Since the 15th May attempts to raid the Salt Works at Dharasana have continued more or less intermittently but until yesterday had not been pressed to a serious issue. The local authorities had adopted a policy of allowing the raiders to approach the confines of the salt works and then pressing them back, only resorting to arrest where such a course was unavoidable. As far as possible batches of volunteers were arrested, escorted beyond the borders and then released but it had been found necessary to keep some 225 persons under confinement. These prisoners although not indulging in a hunger strike as has been reported in the press, caused endless ported in the press, caused endless ing and watering arrangements which had to be extemporised for them and it was only the patience and hard work of the District Magistrate and District Superintendent of Police which prevented more serious trouble.

Yesterday events culminated in an attack on a large scale and the following is the correct story of what happened.

GOVERNMENT VERSION.

The salt at Dharasana after it has been taken from the salt pans is placed in stores known as zillas, of which there are four. These zillas have been protected against the raiders by barbed wire fencing and have each been placed under the guard of a detachment of police. The total strength of the police force employed has been under 400 of which nearly half are not regular policemen but police belonging to the Salt Department.

The mass attack began at six o'clock in the morning with the arrival of 2600 volunteers, comprising Satyagrahis from all parts of Gujarat and some from Bombay, accompanied by a large crowd of spectators. The volunteers carried no arms but had ropes with which to pull down the uprights of the fencing and wire cutters with which to cut the barbed wire. The police were drawn up inside the fencing except for a line of men with lathis posted outside.

DIVIDED ATTACK.

The volunteers advanced up to the line of men drawn up outside the fencing. This line made no attempt to charge but stood awaiting the advance. At this stage the attack divided and some 300 volunteers broke off from the main body and went towards the office and another zilla near it. During the approach of the volunteers, repeated orders to disperse were given to them by the magistrates and police but these orders were disregarded. When the volunteers pushed forward and tried to pull down the fencing and to cut the wire, the police beat them off with lathis and took from them as many ropes and wire-cutters as they could seize. More police came from the zillas which were not being attacked and gradually forced back the advance. After a while most of the volunteers retreated but a few groups refused to move and had to be dragged away from the vicinity of the fence. More continued to arrive and a scuffle went on for about an hour and a half after which period the attackers withdrew to a distance where they were left undisturbed. Some of the rowdiest of them remained near the office until evening.

TROOPS ARRIVE.

From Congress sources it is estimated that 170 sustained injuries but that only three or four were seriously hurt. On their side the police sustained contusions and scratches. The attackers broke the wire fencing in three places.

No attempts were made to touch the salt in the salt pans. During the day there was a lull but preparations were made at about six o'clock in the evening for another attack. Before it had developed, however, a contingent of the 3rd Battalion 19th Hyderabad Regiment arrived and the crowd remained on the open ground near the zillas until the police drove them back to their camp.

Not a single round was fired and the only weapons used to repulse the attacks were lathis. Mrs. Naidu, Mr. Imam Sahib, Mr. Manilal Gandhi and 4 other leaders and about 4 volunteers were arrested.

SWADESHI BAZAAR AT MADHAV BAUG.

—:o:—

The Bombay Students' Brotherhood is holding a "Swadeshi Bazaar" at Madhav Baug C. P. Tank, Bombay from the 29th instant to continue for a week or 10 days.

The Bazaar covers an area of 150 feet (square) having seven distinct sections:—

1 Stalls for the exhibit and sale of indigenous goods of all sorts; (2) Stalls for demonstration of manufacturing processes; (3) Information bureau for giving latest statistical information with particular reference to the foreign economic drain and how to stop it; (4) Books and Journals Section exhibiting national literature; (5) Miniature "Art Gallery"; (6) Advertisement Section, and (7) An Indian Medical Section.

The stalls for the bazaars will be accommodated on the ground floor at Madhav Baug in the two wings. Connecting these wings is a corrider measuring about 100 feet in length. Advertisements will be allowed to be exhibited on the walls of the wings open to the compound and also in half the portion of the corrider connecting the two wings. The other half of the corrider will serve as an Art Gallery.

Satyagraha Movement And The Parsis.

—:o:—

The latest issue of the "Meher Message" has the following:—

"A good number of Shri Meher Baba's devotees, the chief being Mr. N. Satha, Mr. V. S. Chinchorkar, Mr. R. B. Hiray, and the Editor of the "Meher Message," have been taking active part in the Civil Disobedience Movement, inaugurated by Mahatma Gandhi.

If, as it is probable, the Editor of this Magazine is arrested and imprisoned, the publication of the next or some other future number or numbers of this Magazine will be delayed."

The Editor of the monthly "Meher Message" is Mr. Kaikhushru Jamshedji Dastur,, M.A., LL.B.

Satyagraha In Gujrat.

—:o:—

AHMEDABAD, May 20.

The Hon. Secretary, Publicity Bureau, Gujarat Prantik Samiti, Ahmedabad writes:—

"Ranpur":—Contraband Salt is being daily imported in large quantities.

"Viramgam,"—Krishnalal and Hanumansinh (Volunteers) were arrested on the 17th and instead of being prosecuted under the Salt act they have been hauled up for assault on the police. 50 volunteers have gone to Dharasana.

"Kaira District"—Resignations of village Mukhis and Matadars are pouring in.

"Surat District."—Dharasana. About 2000 volunteers will raid the salt depot at Dharasana on 21-5-30

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Dr. T. N. SHARMA,
Kaviraj, Darulsehat (Regd.)
Gujarat, (Punjab).

RHEUMATISM.

The Amrita Bazar Patrika, the oldest English Daily of Calcutta, writes:—(30th January 1930)

"The Rheumatism Oil prepared by Swami Premanandaji, the famous Vedantist Yogi, is efficacious in all cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago old or new. The medicine is for application only, the result being instantaneous and permanent. It is extensively used for the last 12 years and can be had of Professor S. N. Bose, B.A., "Swami Premananda Ashram", (Post Box 11412), Calcutta, the price being Rs. 2-8 per phial"

HANS ANDERSEN.

—:o:—

The Shoemaker's Son And His Rise To Fame.

His fairy tales proclaim Hans Andersen's fame in every land. All the children of Denmark only the other day had a share in the joyful business of celebrating the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of his birth.

We read, "The festival began early, almost as early as the dawn, when the first of the pilgrims reached the grave of the man who knew so much about the hearts of lead soldiers and field mice and all the other dear things which are so close to us when we ourselves are very small. And each of the pilgrims brought flowers. Hour after hour the mound of blossoms grew. There were some grand and wonderful flowers, but there were hundreds of thousands of little, humble flowers that came from humble little gardens, brought by the children for their friend."

And stately functions, too; rejoicings, bravely decorated streets, grand tableaux, Danish bands playing, and singing Danish songs just as Hans himself sang them in the days of long ago, ending, so we read, with his own great song. "In Denmark I Am Born." What fame! What an anniversary! Would I'd been there to see.

HIS TOY THEATRES.

Hans Christian Andersen was himself the Ugly Duckling which miraculously turned into a Swan. For did he not begin his career as a boorish and terribly ignorant youth and end it as the king of tellers of fairy stories? Many of his renowned fairy tales were inspired by incidents in his own life.

He was born at Odense in Denmark in 1805. His father was a sickly shoemaker of twenty-two; his mother was still younger, and they were so poor that the family lived and slept in one room. Hans receive Ittle education, for after his father's death in 1816 the boy was left to his own devices. He ceased to go to school, and sat at home making cloths for the puppets of the toy theatre he had constructed, and voraciously reading all the plays he could borrow.

He was supremely ugly even as a boy, but his beautiful voice and his talent for poetry attracted considerable attention, and when his relatives wanted him to become a tailor, Hans decided that he fitted for something better than that. His ambition quickened by the praises of admirers in his little native town, where he was known as "the comedy-writer," he went to Copenhagen, with designs on the theatre.

His first play was returned with the blunt intimation that "it showed such a want of elementary education on every page that it was absurd to expect any audience to tolerate it." Thus says a writer in John O'London.

SENT TO SCHOOL.

Next he tried to become professional singer, but his unprepossessing appearance, his lack of personality and poise, made a stage career impossible. For a time he nearly starved. Then two musicians befriended him, and eventually he was admitted to the school attached to the Royal Theatre as a dancing pupil. The director, Jonas Collin, recognized the inherent abilities of the youth, and became his patron and lifelong friend. An application to the king procured him a course of education at a famous grammar-school at the public expense.

Collin would not let him leave school until he was twenty-two. These years, Hans Andersen used to say, were the darkest and bitterest in his life. The success of his early poems once more turned his thoughts to literature. Besides, had not a Wise Woman predicted his future from an examination of the grouts in a coffee-cup? Now, a tall lanky, oddly-dressed young man, he proceeded to search for patrons with an ingenious egotism and resource that amused and flattered his victims into surrender.

Once he called on Just Mattias Thule, the collector of Danish folk-tales, dressed in an ancient and very tight frock-coat, with a striped cotton handkerchief round his neck. Striding into the scholar's study, he recited several poems, bowed theatrically several times, and took his leave before the astonished Thule could utter a word.

A BREAKFAST INTERRUPTION.

On another occasion he interrupted the breakfast of a retired admiral who had acquired some fame as a translator of Shakespeare. Opening the door without knocking, Hans poked his alarming head into the room and immediately began: "You have translated Shakespeare, and I also am very fond of him; but I am the author of an original tragedy, so pray listen to it." The admiral was so impressed that he gave the gawky tragedian breakfast, and asked him to call again.

Meantime, he wrote and wrote. The first volume of his collected poems appeared in 1830. They displayed the same flagrant vanity and genial egotism, and that made him an easy butt for the witticisms of the literary critics, which made him miserable. Three years later a second volume appeared, and now the king granted him a small travelling pension to further his education, and Hans made the first of his long European tours.

Thereafter dramas, novels, and books of travel flowed steadily from his pen. Of his travelling sketches written in glowing style we heed little now. He scored a real success, be it noted, with a novel in 1835. In the same year he published the first instalment of his immortal "Fairy Tales." The second series began in 1838. Though they sold slowly in Denmarks, cretics in other countries quickly realized that they placed their author among the great story tellers of the world.

IN LOVE WITH JENNY LIND.

In 1844 Hans was summoned to Court and complimented; in 1847 he came to London and became the celebrity of the season. The Prince Consort invited him to call. Dickens made a special journey to town to meet him, and carried him off to a reception at Lady Palmerston's. When he left England, Diskens saw him off from Ramsgate Pier.

It was about this time that Andersen, always romantically-minded, fell violently in love with Jenny Lind. Jenny sent him a mirror, heartlessly advising him to make use of it. And, indeed, he had himself to blame for most of his failures in love. He had little personal charm, and a story told by George Brandes illustrates another defect in his character which antagonized the objects of his affection.

A TEST FOR POISON.

An admierer in the West Indies had sent him some pots of home-made pan. Hans presented some of it to a woman friend and called on her a week later.

"Did you taste the jam I sent you?" he inquired.

"Certainly. I ought to have written to thank you."

"It didn't make you ill?"

The lady stared. "Not in the least. Why?"

"Well," said Hans, "I was half afraid the stuff was poisoned, and so, as I knew you were an exceptionally brave woman, I decided to send you a sample to try."

Still aspiring to greatness as a dramatist and serious writer, Hans went on producing plays and novels and disdaining his fairy stories, which, however, he continued to write until 1872. In that year he badly hurt himself by falling out of bed, and never regained his health. He died in Copenhagen in 1875. On his seventieth birthday he was presented with a volume containing one of his tales in fifteen languages. He wrote his autobiography, the egotistic "Story of My Life." I must read it some day, for most of his fantastic tales were founded on, or suggested by, experiences in his own life. Think of that!

BOMBAY TELUGU EDUCATION FUND.—Poor students (male as well las female) of the Telugu community who are strictly residents of the Bombay Presidency intending to take aid from the above institution can apply to the Secretaries, the Bombay Telugu Education Fund, Kamatipura 9th Street, Bombay, 8, on a printed form before the 20th June, 1930. Applications received after that date will not be considered. The forms can be had on application from the Secretaries.

(From Our Correspondent.)

BULSAR, May 22.

Mrs. Kasturbai and Miss Maniben Patel are quite alright. Narhari Parikh and other wounded volunteers were not beaten again. Untadi Camp is demolished by the police.

New Indian Loan has been over subscribed. Applicants have been only allotted thirtysix per cent. Dealings started at threequarters premium.—Reuter.

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GLAND TREATMENT & REJUVENATOR OF NERVE, MENTAL & PHYSICAL POWER.

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IN TABLET FORM

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FOR

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No other will make teeth as sparkling white.

Accept Pepsodent Test

To prove results buy a tube of Pepsodent, the quality dentifrice — for sale everywhere. Or send for 10-day free test to Dept. I, Arnhold & Co., Ltd., 100 Clive St., Calcutta.

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Your skin is constantly growing and decaying. Every moment small minute particles of dead tissue are being displaced by the new healthy skin *underneath*. Modern conditions tend to retard this natural process.

Nature must be helped to throw off all the accumulation of dead tissue, and so allow the fresh, new skin underneath to breathe. Mercolized Wax, applied occasionally, removes all the dead, discoloured cuticle, gradually and imperceptibly, and gives you a new complexion every day.

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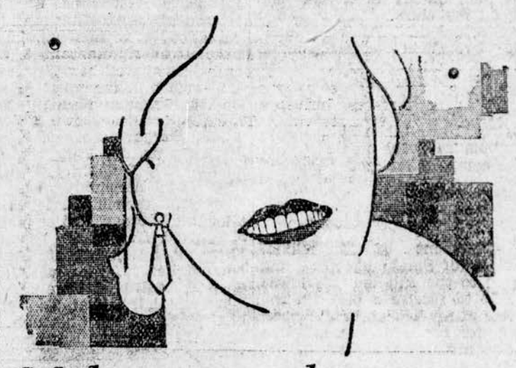

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in this natural, scientifically approved way.

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Kalzana

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At all Chemists FORMAMINT At all Stores

The Germ-Killing Throat Tablet

POLICE EXCESSES AT DHARASANA.

Non-Violent Victims Narrate How They Were Assaulted.

DHARASANA, May 21.

The following are further statements of the satyagrahis assaulted by the police on Friday, May 16 and lying wounded at the Satyagraha hospital. The statements of four such victims have appeared in our previous issue.

5. Statement of Madhavbhai Lallobhai Hazari (of Surat) aged 47. In running to the salt mounds I received two or three blows on my back. However, I was able to get salt out of the pans which I tied in my towel. They tried to snatch this away and one policeman said "old man give up the salt or you will get more blows." Thereupon a whistle was blown so the policeman left me. I took the chance and came away towards the crowd. On the way I fainted near the bank of the dry pond. Thereupon some people sprinkled water on my face and one kind man took me to the camp. I am now in the hospital.

LATHI BLOW ON HEAD.

6. Statement of Hiralal Chotalal Parwatia (of Surat) aged 24 On running to the salt mounds, I was surrounded by a number of policemen. On receipt of orders from a police officer whom I took to be Mr. Antia, I received three blows with a lathi and then another blow on my head and last blow on my chest. This rendered me unconscious. After a little while I regained consciousnness and then an European officer came and lifted me and took me to the Government dispensary in a motor. There I was treated by a doctor. I was taken by members of Ambulance Corps on a stretcher to the camp. I am under medical care.

HIT ON THE NOSE.

7. Statement of Kushalbhai Rambhai (of Surat) age 38: On running to the salt mounds I was the first to receive a blow on the left side of my face near the nose. This order for beating was given by Mr. Antia, the Asstt. D.S.P. Consequently I fell down. I was taken to the Government dispensary. The Government doctor examined me and was about to give me treatment. I was afterwards taken to my own camp hospital and treated there. I am under medical care.

ARRESTED SATYAGRAHIS.

The following is the list of Satyagrahis arrested on Friday evening, 16th May, 1930 at Dharasana and remanded to custody for seven days:

1. Captain Gordhanbhai, 2. Purshottamdas, 3. Prabhudas Rambhai, 4. Mathurbhai Lallubhai, 5. Mathurbhai Morabhai, 6. Ranchodbhai Rambhai, 7. Purshottambhai Chibhabhai, 8. Tulsibhai Lakhabhai, 9. Juvanbhai Lanjibhai, 10. Prabhubhai Gokulbhai, 11. Morarbhai Santokbhai, 12. Dhirajbhai Juvanbhai, 13. Davabhai Bhagabhai, 14. Ranchodbhai Bawabhai, 15. Dayabhai Okhabhai, 16. Makanji Kushalbhai, 17. Morarbhai Kushalbhai, 18. Prabhudas Hirabhai, 19. Chhitabhai Makanji, 20. Naranbhai Vaghbhai, 21. Prabhubhai Dhanobhai, 22. Hirabhai Madhavbhai, 23. Bhagabhai Bhulabhai, 24. Vrajlal Keshvlal, 25. Ishwarlal Girdharbhai, 26. Prabhubhai Fakirbhai, 27. Dayabhai Raghunathji, 28. Chottubhai Morarji, 29. Maganbhai Nattubhai, 30. Shantilal Dayabhai, 31 Dayabhai Nathoobhai, 32. Naraharishanker Yeshvantrai, 33. Morarbhai Nagabhai, 34. Bhagabhai Trikambhai, 35 Narottambhai Kushalbhai, 36. Jerambhai Bhikanbhai, 37. Purshotambhai Mulibhai, 38. Narsinha Purshottam, 39. Chhaganlal Khanjabhai, 40. Madusudanbhai Himatlal, 41. Chottubhai Kushalbhai, 42. Hariprasad P., 43. Dhirajlal Chhabildas, 44. Dhirajlal Purshottam. 45. Lallubhai Naranji, 46. Gulabdas Naranji, 47. Balwantrai Lalbhai, 48. Ramanlal Jivanji, 49. Devjibhai Gordhandas.

1. Captain: Raghunathji, 2. Patel Sukhabhai Ranchodji, 3. Raghabhai Bhagtabhai, 4. Ranchodji Haribhai, 5. Tulsibhai Kushalbhai, 6. Dayabhai Mathurbhai 7. Gokulbhai Jivanji, 8. Lallobhai Bhagwanji, 9. Lallubhai Bhikabhai, 10. Bhikabhai Bhagwanji, 11. Babulal Jagjivandas, 12. Ganpatbhai Nathoobhai, 13. Sitaram Kanji, 14. Vallabhai Kanji, 15. Maganlal Pranjivandas, 16. Hirabhai Makanji, 17. Lalbhai Lallubhai, 18. Narottambhai Rambhai, 19. Thakerbhai Vasanji, 20. Manibhai Coverji, 21. Daulatrai Khandubhai, 22. Manibhai Bhulabhai, 23. Gulabhai Ranchodji, 24. Hirabhai Kanji, 25. Vallarai Vijiaram, 26. Bhikabhai Jivanji. 27. Dhirubhai Dayabhai, 28. Dayalji Morarji, 29. Gopalji Lalbhai, 30. Vasantlal Chunilal, 31. Kuverbhai Prabhubhai, 32. Prabhubhai Dajibhai, 33. Naranbhai Vasalbhai, 34. Vaghjibhai Vallbhai, 35. Baberbhai Hirabhai, 36 Bhikabhai Morarji, 37. Panchabhai Vasanji, 38. Trunibhikram Jivanrai Sastry, 39. Ramshankar Narbhora, 40. Hirabhai Raghabhai, 41. Kushalbhai Gosvibhai, 42. Madusudan Bhorilal, 43. Raghunathji Nichhabhai, 44. Bhailibhai Gopalji, 45. Lallubhai Vallabhai, 46. Makanji Kanji, 47. Dhrukumar Kapilram, 48. Haribhai Kevalram, 49. Dayabhai Rathanbhai.

1. Captain: Haridas Gandhi. 2. Mohanlal Ranchordas, 3. Jikisan Jaghjivan, 4. Champakhal Lallobhai. 5. Valjibhai Naranji, 6. Narottamdas Nathoobhai, 7. Becharbhai Bhagwandas, 8. Ghelabhai Bhagwandas, 9. Ratanji Revabhai, 10. Indukumar Kapilashanker, 11. Balwantrai Ambalal, 12. Vallabhram Kalidas, 13. Govindas Jerambhai, 14. Natwallal Chhaganlal, 15. Mangbhai Becharbhai, 16. Chunilal Nathubhai, 17. Sharatchandra Harilal, 18. Narasingh Gulabhsingh, 19. Gambhirsingh Jaisingh, 20. Pitambar Vanmali, 21. Rambhai Valera, 22. Devjibhai M. Bera, 23. Harkhabhai Madhavji, 24. Kushalbhai Vishram, 25, Chhimabhai Bulabhai, 26. Vanmalibhai Revabhai, 27. Manchabhai Makanji, 28. Dayabhai Dulabhai, 29. Jivanji Haribhai, 30. Shankerlal Bhukandas, 31. Maganbhai Dayabhai, 32. Lalbhai Fakirbhai, 33. Danji Devji, 34. Bhansingh Chandersingh, 35. Dinker Naranji, 36. Jaishanker Shivashanker, 37. Velji Kakhji, 38. Ishhu Ragha, 39. Maganbhai Ramji, 40. Champaklal Mancherai, 41. Hrasmukh Vrajdas, 42. Manubhai Jagabhai, 43. Jagaraisingh, 44. Jayadas Dayabhai, 45. Maganbhai Polabhai, 46. Rambhai Vallabh, 47. Nathubhai Bulabhai, 48. Dhanji Vithal, 49. Keshavbhai Bhanabhai, 50. Nayanasingh Khushalsingh.

1. Captain: S. Batliwalla, 2. Ganpati Shanker Ichharam, 3. Champaklal Thakerlal, 4. Bhagwandas Jekisandas, 5. Dayabhai Maneklal, 6. Hargovindbhai Kasenji Nayak, 7. Nathubhai Ranchodji 8. Parbhubhai Hargovindas, 9. Mohanlal Harkisondas, 10. Vithalbhai Umedhbhai, 11. Gulabhji Naranji, 12. Bhavantrai Ranchodji, 13. Purshottam Manekchand, 14. Shanhigant Thakordas, 15. Gulabbhi Mehta, 16. Kanjibhai Prabhudas, 17. Devabai Dajibhai, 18. Kikubhai Khandibhai, 19. Chandulal Jamnadas, 20. Muljibhai Derabhai, 21. Karsonbhai Hirabhai, 22, Nathabhai Ranchod, 23. Chottubhai Ratanji, 24. Ranbhai Bikabhai, 25. Kalyanbhai Dayabhai, 26. Lallobhai Govinji, 27. Manoobhai Bulabhai, 28. Keshavram Tuljaram Nayak, 29. Chabildas Narottam, 30. Ramunbhai Vithal, 31. Ratilal Bokandas, 32. Prabasi Anupsingh, 33. Chhaganlal Laxmandas, 34. Lallubhai Ichharam, 35. Ranchodbhai Dayabhai.

1. Captain: Bhukabhai Khushalbhai, 2. Laldas Nathuram Vidyarthi, 3. Dayabhai Haribhai, 4. Purshottam Rambhai, 5. Ranchodbhai Makanji, 6. Bhavanbhai Bhulabhai, 7. Dayabhai Gopalbhai, 8. Kanjibhai Premabhai, 9. Ranchodbhai Morarji, 10. Madhavbhai Chanebhai, 11. Dayabhai Bhagubhai, 12. Bullabhai Kavalram, 13. Sonabhai Morarji, 14. Bhawabhai Hirabhai, 15. Lakhabhai Vallabhai, 16. Dayabhai Nichhabhai, 17. Jagabhai Kalabhai, 18. Kalidas Bikabhai, 19. Mangubhai Dayabhai, 20. Motilal Ghelabhai, 21. Ranchodbhai Parbhibhai, 22& Parbhubhai Bhawanbhai, 23. Parbhubhai Kushalbhai, 24. Parbhubhai Pragji, 25. Dayabhai Raghabhai, 26. Vallabhai Hirabhai, 27. Bhanabhai Rajibhai, 28. Rambhai Kasanji, 29. Nathubhai Gulabhai, 30. Haribhai Kuverji, 31. Gandabhai Purshottam, 32. Ratanji Rambhai, 33. Chhibhabram Lalbhai, 34. Vallabhai Savrambhai, 35. Nathibhai Narainbhai, 36. Rambhai Bulabhai, 37. Motabhai Hirabhai, 38. Vallabhai Chhibhabhai, 39. Jagjivan Dulabhai, 40. Kanjibhai Bhavanjibhai.—Free Press Special Service.

MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAINS.

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TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS.

Trains.	Arrivals.
Lahore Express	6:00
Madras Mail	6:15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	6:45
Delhi-Allahabad and Lucknow Express	7:45
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	8:15
Madras Express	10:15
Deccan Queen	10:32
Poona Mail	11:50
Poona Express Inter and III Class	12:45
Nagpur Express	14:15
Punjab Mail	14:45
Poona Express	19:10
Sholapur Express	21:00
Departures.	
Poona Express	7:45
Sholapur Express	8:15
Madras Express	13:00
Poona Express Inter and III Class	14:15
Punjab Mail	15:15
Poona Mail	15:30
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	16:30
Deccan Queen	17:00
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	21:30
Delhi-Allahabad and Lucknow Express	21:45
Madras Mail	22:30
Nagpur Express	23:00
Lahore Express	23:30

Bombay S. P. C. A.

—:o:—

During the month of April last the Society employed in all 49 agents of these, 2 were on sick leave 3 were employed for office and hospital work and 2 were working at Bandra.

The 42 agents employed for outdoor work succeeded in prosecuting 1,863 individuals during the month. In 1,669 cases the accused were fined more or less; in 118 cases the accused were fined and their animals viz., 121 were ordered to be sent to the Hospital by the Magistrates. In 62 coses the accused were acquitted.

In 83 cases convictions were obtained against bullock-cart drivers for overloading their carts. Also 80 loaders were convicted and fined in the aggregate Rs. 231-10. In 17 cases convictions were obtained against drivers of horses and bullocks for perpetraing gross cruelty on their animals. In 18 cases owners of horses and bullocks were fined as follows for allowing their unfit animals to be used for labour:—

284 animals were treated as Out-Patients gratis by the Society's Veterinary Inspectors at the Society's dispensaries at different Courts. These include cases brought by the Police.

THACKERSEY INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY.

—:o:—

The following ladies and gentlemen have been duly elected in the Elections held by the different Electorates of the S. N. D. T. Indian Women's University, Poona, for a period mentioned against their names:—

Patrons' Electorate:—1. Mr. Vagbhat Narayan Deshpande, B.A., LL.B., Satara, 5 years. 2. Dr. T. C. Khandwala, L.M. & S., Santa Cruz, 1 year.

Educated Ladies' Electorate'—1. Mr. N. K. Behere, M.A., B.Sc., Nagpur, 5 years. 2. Miss Balubai Khare, B.A., Poona, 5 years. 3. Miss Mabel A. Needham, B.A., Baroda, 5 years. 4. Dr. N. L. Ranade, B.A., M.B.B.S., Poona, 5 years.

Graduates' Electorate:—1. Mr. B. D. Karve, B.Sc., BT., M.Ed., Poona, 5 years. 2. Prof. D. V. Potdar, B.A., Poona, 5 years. 3. Dr. P. L. Vaidya, M.A., D.Litt., Sangli, 5 years.

HAFIZ ALI BAHADUR KHAN JAILED.

—:o:—

The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, delivered judgment on Tuesday afternoon in the case in which Abdul Hamid and Hafiz Ali Bahadur Khan, editor and proprietor respectively of the "Hilal"— a local Urdu weekly, stood charged with disseminating sedition in respect of three articles appeared in his paper.

The accused in this case did not wish to cross-examine the prosecution witnesses at the last hearing but submitted to the court written statements pleading not guilty.

Abdul Hamid, the first accused was found guilty on all the three charges in respect of three articles and was sentenced to eight months' rigorous imprisonment on each, the sentences to run consecutively.

The second Bahadur Khan was acquitted on the first charge, but was sentenced on the second charge in respect of a speech delivered at a meeting held on February 6 to congratulate the editor of "Payem-A-Mazdor" on his conviction, to two years' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 300 in default to six months' further imprisonment.

His Worship held that both the articles and the speech were intended to create hatred against the Governmment and to excite people to acts of violence.

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S. A. MALVI, Chief Agent for the Bombay presidency, Parekh Street, Bombay 4.

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A TONIC LAXATIVE
By combining the laxative and refreshing properties of an effervescing 'salt' with the invigorating elements of the famous Tonic Phosferine, a real *tonic* health salt has been evolved, which is quite free from the enervating effects of the old-fashioned salts.
Phosferine Health Salt coaxes your digestion into working with the smoothness nature intended. Its crisp, clean, stimulating flavour puts you at once into that bright, alert mood to enjoy your breakfast. After thoroughly cleansing the system of impurities, just at the required moment, it builds up vitality and tone.
Children Love its Delicious Flavour
An occasional glass of Phosferine Health Salt will at once dispel summer lassitude and that tired, languid feeling due to errors of diet or incomplete elimination of waste matter.
Phosferine HEALTH SALT
Tones as it Cleanses
preparation is made and guaranteed by the Proprietors of Phosferine
From all Chemists and Druggists
(ASHTON AND PARSONS) LIMITED, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, ENGLAND
HORLICKS MALTED MILK CO., LIMITED, Post Box 1030 CALCUTTA

Deep-Seated BRONCHIAL TROUBLES
MAYBE climate has weakened your chest and you are subject to bronchial coughs or lung-weakening colds. If so, you will find Peps a priceless boon. Breathing healing pine air from these handy tablets into your lungs every day, will strengthen and protect the weak spots.
When a Peps tablet is dissolved in the mouth, it gives off agreeable antiseptic and healing fumes. These fumes descending with the breath down the bronchials direct to the lungs, soothe and disinfect all membranes of the throat and delicate air tubes.
PEPS cut Phlegm and Free the Breathing; they stop all Tightness, Soreness, and Wheeziness in the Chest; and Banish the most Stubborn Cough.
Being a breatheable medicine in handy tablet form, Peps mark a great advance on liquid 'cough-cures.' Peps act *directly* on the breathing tubes where trouble is. Druggy mixtures are merely swallowed into the stomach.
Always keep a supply of Peps tablets handy. Take them regularly to ward off sudden colds and chills and prevent a return of the old chest or lung trouble.
PEPS
BREATHE-ABLE TABLETS
Chemists and medicine dealers everywhere sell PEPS in handy bottles Price Re. One. Direct from agents:-Messrs. Smith Stanistreet & Co., Ltd., Convent Rd., Entally, Calcutta; Kemp & Co., Ltd., Charni Rd., Bombay; Badha & Co., China Bazaar Rd., Madras; M. Q. Shahani & Co., Elphinstone St., Karachi, etc., etc. To preserve the volatile medicine every Peps tablet is separately wrapped in pure tinfoil. Full directions are enclosed with every bottle and a handy little corkscrew.

AMUSEMENTS.

The 100 per cent talking screen version of Owen Davis' Sensational Broadway Stage Hit!
A Smart Picture of Smart Society Folks.

TO-NIGHT AND **To-Night at Twelve** THIS WEEK

Daringly Dramatic and dangerously delightful! Situations that made even Broadway Gasp!

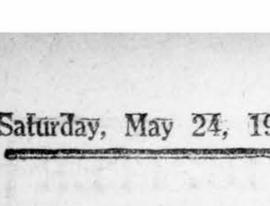
ALSO PATHE GAZETTE AND TWO REELS OF A ROARING ALL-TALKING COMIC.

TWO SHOWS DAILY—6-30 & 10 (P.M.) MATINEE ON SAT. & SUNDAY—4 P. M.

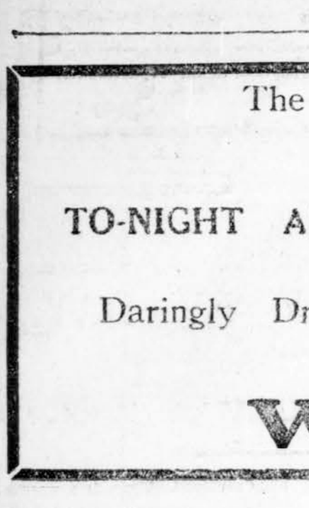
WELLINGTON TALKIES DHOBI TALAO.

THE CAPITOL

TO-DAY AND TOMORROW at 4, 6-30 and 10 p. m.



THE greatest romantic stars, cast and director of the screen to-day in an unforgettable love drama!



CLARENCE BROWN'S production with

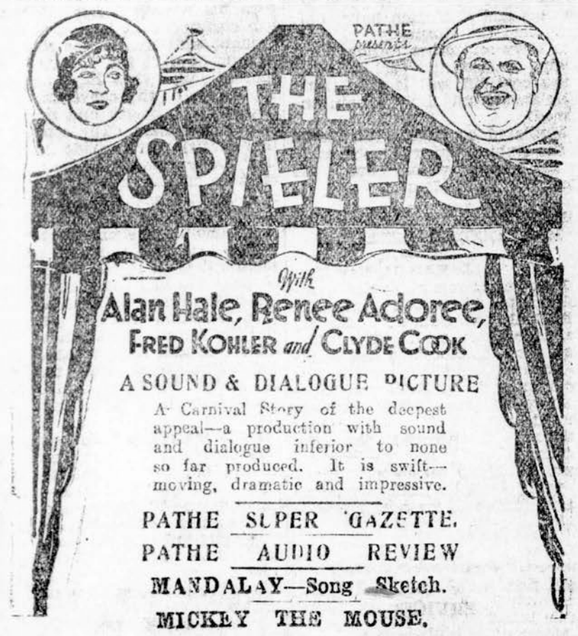
LEWIS STONE
JOHN MACK BROWN
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, JR.
DOROTHY SEBASTION

Also
SONGS OF THE ROSES
(A Colourtone Revue)

TO-DAY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M. AT

THE NEW PATHE CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD, (QUEEN'S ROAD END) Phone 41561



With
Alan Hale, Renee Adoree,
FRED KOHLER and CLYDE COOK

A SOUND & DIALOGUE PICTURE

A Carnival Story of the deepest appeal—a production with sound and dialogue inferior to none so far produced. It is swift-moving, dramatic and impressive.

PATHE SUPER GAZETTE.
PATHE AUDIO REVIEW
MANDALAY—Song Sketch.
MICKEY THE MOUSE.

Don't Miss Mickey the Mouse

This Week in

"WHEN THE CAT'S AWAY"

Booked exclusively to appear at the NEW PATHE CINEMA.

This is the second of a series of 26 Rollicking Mickey Cartoons. If you enjoy a really good laugh you'll surely enjoy Mickey!

**That is not to reason why?
It is but to do and die**

Commencing to-day one of the most beautiful Picture of the day.

and that is why we recommend all lovers of movies to see

PATRIOT

Director NANUBHAI VAKIL.
Cameraman J. SUBEDAR.

Ranjit Film Company
Presents
With Pleasure this Unique Picture
Featuring
MISS PUTLI
Supported by
MR. INAMDAR.

West-End Cinema TIME: 5, 7, 9, and 11. P.M. Saturday, and Sunday EXTRA SHOW. at 3 P. M.

RIALTO CINEMA
(LAMINGTON ROAD)
DAILY CHANGE OF FILM MASTERPIECES!

SAT. 24th MAY	at 4, 6-30 and 10 P. M. The VIKING An All-Colour Classic.
SUN. 25th MAY	at 4, 6-30 and 10 P. M. The VORTEX (A new picture shown for the first time in Bombay) with IVOR NOVELLO.
MON. 26th MAY	at 6-30 and 10 P.M. TELL IT TO The MARINES with Lon Chaney and William Haines.

IMPERIAL CINEMA

(LAMINGTON ROAD.)
presents to-night and this week
IMPERIAL FILM COMPANY'S
SUPER JEWEL PICTURE

"RAM-RAHIM"

Featuring
Miss Gohar (Junior) and Mr. E. Billimoria (Senior)
Supported by Mr. Khan and other known stars.

Written and Directed by Mr. BHAVE.

PLEASE NOTE

The interesting story of this picture is connected with the History of the last World War wherein two brave Indian Youths have presented their heroic deeds on the Frontier.

LOVERS OF HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY
Must not miss this picture

Daily (4) four shows at 5, 7, 9 and 11 P.M. Extra shows on Saturday, Sunday and Amas at 3 P.M.

DRAMA, LOVE, ADVENTURE, BREATHLESS THRILLS!

The Dare-Devil Stunt King
RICHARD TALMADGE
IN
"INIATE"
OR
WILD CAT JORDAN

The screen's most athletic and dashing hero in his latest and most adventurous thriller that will make the most blaze of "movie-goers" sit up in surprise!

GLOBE CINEMA
Sandhurst Road

5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 daily. Saturday, Sunday and Friday at 3-30 p.m.

Also Harold Lloyd's 2-reels Comedy.

CROWN CINEMA
Sandhurst Road.
5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 daily Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays at 3-30.
A smashing serial in 15 Episodes of Western Adventure!
First Instalment!
3 Sensational Reels!

"THE
PURPLE RIDERS"

Starring
JOE RYAN
Caught in the lariate of the purple shadow Dick faces a horrible fate
Also 2 reels Comedy.

ROYAL Opera House,

4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Her Most Spectacular Role
ALMA RUBENS
in
THE HEART OF SALOME

She looked like a Saint, the Woman who robbed Paris Wives of their peace.

EMPIRE THEATRE
6-30 and 10 p.m.

COSSACK CHOIR
and
BALALAIKA ORCHESTRA.

24 RUSSIAN ARTISTS
in a
Programme of Folk-Songs.

Classical and Operatic Music.
Prices Rs. 3, 2, 1, As. 8, plus Tax.

BEST INDIAN PICTURE OF THE WEEK.

See to-night of during this week.

SURYA FILM CO.'S NEW PRODUCTION.

RAJ PRAPUNCH

Featuring
Surya's well-known Star.

Miss LAXMI.
Mr. DRUPAD BHATT.

Story of a State where Minister and the Queen try to deprive the throne.

Time as usual.

KRISHNA CINEMA

Dubash Theatre, New Charni Rd.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MARY PICKFORD
and
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS.
in an adaptation of Shakespeare's Comedy.

TAMING OF THE SHREW

You'll rock with Laughter when the Wildcat meets her Waterloo at the Hands of the Mad Masterful Caveman.

Auction Sales.

MESSRS. MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 4,800 BALES COTTON (MOGHLAI; KHANDESH; CENTRAL INDIA; C. P. NO. 1 AND 2; BERAR; DHOLERA; BENGAL, ETC.) INCLUDING A LARGE QUANTITY OF LOOSE COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 26th May 1930, at 1-45 P.M. (S. T.) at the Cotton Depot Sewree opposite Wadia Godown No. 1 on the Port Trust Plot by order of the Insurance Offices concerned the above mentioned damaged cotton that salved from the late fire that occurred in the godown of Messrs. Chaturbhuj Jeram.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

MEMESSE & CO.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 3,000 BALES COTTON (BENGAL, SIND AMERICAN, BROACH, C.P., COMPTA, OOMRA, MOGHLAI, ETC.,) INCLUDING A LARGE QUANTITY OF LOOSE COTTON DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will (THIS DAY) SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 1-45 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction on the Port Trust open ground near Jethas Nos. B 27/29 and 32, Sewree Cotton Depot, on account of the concerned:—

About 3,000 bales Cotton (Bengal, Sind, American, Broach, C.P., Compta, Oomra, Moghlai etc.), including a large quantity of loose cotton damaged by fire and water.

The above will be sold in small lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Auction Sales.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

SALE TO-DAY AT 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO OWNERS OF PRINTING PRESSES.

AUCTION SALE of Printing Machines, etc., at The Commercial Printing Press, 11, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY (Saturday), the 24th May, 1930 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the abovementioned place, the following machines:—

CYLINDER OR WHARFEDALES.
One Double Crown Wharfedale by Payne & Sons.
Two Double Super-Royal Wharfedale "The Reliance" by Elliot & Co.
One Quad Demy News Printing Wharfedale by D. Payne (Otley).
Two Double Super-Royal Wharfedale by Payne.
One Double Super-Royal Wharfedale by W. Dawson.

PATENT OR TREADLES.
Four Treadle Machines by Cropper & Co.
One "The FALCON" Safety Platen Press by Waite and Saville Ltd.

LINOTYPE MACHINES.
One Linotype Machine English Model No. 4, with 3 Magazines.

LITHO MACHINES.
Two Litho Machines by Newsum Wood & Davson.
One Litho Machine by G. Mann.

PAPER CUTTING MACHINES.
Two Paper Cutting Machines sizes 48" and 40"

CRAWFORD & CO.

Messrs. B. G. Parekh & Co.
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
30 Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURES ONE FIAT MOTOR CAR, GLASSWARE, PHOTO FRAMES COSTLY CHINESE JAR, Etc., Etc.

On SUNDAY, the 25th of this month at 10 A.M. (S. T.) Messrs. B. G. PAREKH & CO., AUCTIONEERS will sell by public auction at Apollo Bunder opposite Taj Mahal Hotel, Mandlik Road, at the 1st Floor of No. 4 Candy House by the order of Mr. A. M. Zahir and others furnitures such as Dining Table, chairs, dumbwaiter, Beds, drawing room sets, Teapoys, pictures partitions, Lawchair, Glassware, old Chinesse Jar, Hatstands, chest of drawer, Fait Motor Car, Tables, etc., etc.

Property on view.

B. G. PAREKH & CO.,
Auctioneers.

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JUPITER GENERAL
Insurance Co., can give expert advice on all classes of insurance. J 3

The Bombay Chronicle

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is a composite office equipped to do insurance business in all departments.
J 4

BOMBAY, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1930.

JOIN THE CONGRESS.

Appeal To Muslims.

In view of the decision of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema, the only representative body of the Indian Ulema arrived at Amroha exhorting the Muslims to join the Indian National Congress in order to safeguard the rights and their political existence in the country, we the undersigned declare that we have joined the Indian National Congress and earnestly appeal to our co-religionists to join the Congress in their thousands at their earliest opportunity, and not to be misled by those who advocate co-operation with the Government and wish to take part in the Round Table Conference:—

(1) Abdulrehman Khan.
(2) Usman Ahmed.
(3) Nimazish Ali Nasmulla.
(4) Abdul Razak Abdulrehman Khan.
(5) Sherulla Shermahomed.
(6) Rasool Mohamed.
(7) Haji Noormohamed Haji Umer.
(8) Esmail Haji Mohamed.
(9) Ebrahim Haji Mahomed.
(10) Umer Haji Usman.
(11) Usman Kasum.
(12) Umer Haji Hasham.
(13) Ahmed Yoosuf.
(14) Mohamed Yoosuf.
(15) Seth Josab Gani.
(16) Haji Esmail Tayeb Chapra.
(17) Mohaiyuddin Badruddin.
(18) Gani Esmail.
(19) Habib Khan Najmuddin Khan.
(20) Aga Mohamed Sadik Khan.

BOMBAY'S COMMERCIAL MAGNATES CONDEMN REPRESSION

Blame Government For Not Appreciating Indian Demands.

In response to the invitation of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, a conference of different commercial interests in the City of Bombay was held recently at the office of the Indian Merchants' Chamber to consider the present political situation. Representatives of 44 Associations attended.

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

Mr. Hoosenbhoy A. Lailjee, President of the Chamber said:

The general repressive nature of the measures recently adopted by the Government creates a strong impression that Government intend to employ all sorts of means at their command to deal with the situation. The promulgation of the Press Ordinance, the internment of Mahatmaji, whose presence at this moment would have minimised the chances of violence, under an obsolete Regulation passed 103 years ago, the delegation of full powers to the Police authorities on the spot, and the unjustified and varied nature of the sentences on various political offenders, amply justify the above impression.

That this movement is a direct outcome of the prolonged economic domination and helplessness and the consequent ruination of the masses was brought to the notice of Government by the Committee of this Chamber through their representation of the 8th February last.

GOVERNMENT'S INACTION.

Practically the whole body of responsible public opinion has denounced the policy outlined in the Viceroy's announcement of November 1st. Nearly six months and a half have elapsed after that statement and inspite of the continued disapproval of the policy outlined therein, Government have taken no concrete steps to show that they have any appreciation of the demands of the Indian public. This is where we stand at present.

After the speech of the President, a general discussion ensued in which several representatives of the different Associations took part. They all expressed the view that in view of the present political situation the representatives of the Chamber on the Legislative Assembly and the Bombay Legislative Council should be recalled by the Chamber and that the Round Table Conference should be boycotted unless Mahatma Gandhi was invited to attend it.

SHOLAPUR.

References were made by several speakers to the events which were happening under the martial law regime at Sholapur, and there was a general feeling of indignation and horror at the fact that some of the leading merchants, as also general members of the commercial community, were harshly and cruelly dealt with by the Military authorities.

Both Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas and Mr. Lalji Naranji, representatives of the Chamber on the Legislative Assembly and the Bombay Legislative Council, respectively, observed that they were willing to abide by the decision of their constituency, the Chamber, if it desired to withdraw them from the legislatures. They pointed out and emphasised, however, that unless there was constructive work, and an unanimity and joint working, resignations in themselves might achieve little.

Gurgaon Riots Inquiry Report.

LAHORE, May 20.

Lala Dunichand, Advocate, Ambala, and Mr. Abdul Ghaffar Khan in a joint report on the riots at Gurgaon says:—

The Bakr Id passed off quietly, but the next day trouble arose out of a rumour that four cows were being led to the slaughter house through a particular route. Hindus got perturbed but some respectable Mussalmans assured them that the rumour was false and that they could satisfy themselves by going and seeing things for themselves in the slaughter-house. About 50 Hindus were proceeding on this assurance to the slaughter house, when the police interfered and arrested some of them.

The police, it is alleged, were also ordered to arrest all the passers-by in the street. It is also alleged that the police beat the arrested persons, and that Lala Raghubir Dayal, a prominent ppleader who went to see the Deputy Commissioner on this account, was insulted and even when a deputation of the local Bar waited on the Deputy Commissioner with his previous permission, they were, it is alleged, threatened and insulted and were told that they were not expected to "argue".

If the police had not interfered and allowed the batch of Hindus to proceed to the slaughter house, there would have been no trouble at all.—Free Press.

ANOTHER M. L. A. RESIGNS.

BILASPUR, (C. P.) May.

Mr. K. B. L. Agnihotri has addressed the following letter to the Viceroy, resigning his membership of the Legislative Assembly:—

The policy of repression launched by Your Excellency's Government in dealing with the Indian situation, its unbridled continuation though opposed by all responsible public opinion in the country, and the activities of your officers of law and order have, with the promulgation of lawless ordinances further alienated the people's sympathy and support for the present Government.

The present situation which is the direct and inevitable result of the tactless administration of Your Excellency's Government, have compelled me, as a mark of protest against the policy of ruthless represion to resign my membership of the Legislative Assembly. I feel also convinced that my stay in the present Legislative Assembly may even seriously hamper the just and legitimate aspirations of my countrymen.

SHIKARPUR, May 23.

Three prominent Congress workers were arrested this morning and taken away to Sukkur.

WHAT EGYPT WANTS IN SUDAN.

—:o:—

Unrestricted Right Of Immigration.

BRITAIN'S "UNREASONABLE" ATTITUDE.

LONDON, May 22.

The White Paper regarding the recent Anglo-Egyptian negotiations shows that an agreement was reached on all articles of the proposed Treaty except that relating to Sudan in regard to which it was impossible to arrive at a formula satisfying the Egyptian demand of unrestricted immigration of Egyptian nationals to Sudan. The suggestion that the Governor-General would not unreasonably exercise the right of controlling immigration was abandoned as the Egyptians insisted on the omission of the word "unreasonably".

The Egyptian delegation were informed that the Treaty could only be saved if they accepted the article of treaty relating to Sudan as drafted with two amendments for which they had pressed but after considering it overnight they announced on the morning of May 8 that they could not continue negotiation unless the British delegates modified their position. The British delegates were unable to comply and the negotiations terminated with expressions of regret at the failure.

Representatives of the Indian, Australian and the New Zealand Governments attended the negotiations as observers.—Reuter.

Mr. Patel Leaves Bombay.

Mr. Vithalbhai Patel left Bombay by the Frontier Mail on Friday for Delhi en route to Rawalpindi. According to his announced programme Mr. Patel will attend a meeting of the Peshawar Inquiry Committee appointed by the Congress Working Committee at Delhi to settle preliminaries and the Inquiry Committee will thereafter proceed to Rawalpindi reaching there on the 27th.

Bombay's Second Day Of Hartal.

The Bombay City observed hartal on Friday suspending all the business completely. This was the second day of the hartal. The Cloth markets, fruit stalls in Crawford market, Stock and Bullion Exchanges and all the principal bazaars of Masjid and Mandvi remained closed on account of the arrest and convictions of the national leaders. At Tamba Kanta and Kalbadevi some of the tradesmen spent their day in adjusting account books but refused to transact any business when customers called in.

TORIES TO AVOID A CRISIS.

India Influences Their Attitude.

LONDON, May 23.

The idea of an early General Election is discounted in Conservative circles. Prominent politicians declare that the Party in main does not desire to throw the Government out and to force a general election at present in view of the situation in India and the imminence of the Simon Commission Report.

The general impression is that a crisis will probably be postponed until Autumn.

Messrs. MacDonald and Lloyd George held two long meetings this week with a view to reaching an understanding on the introduction of electoral reform.

The "Daily Herad" now states that the Premier has written to the Liberal Leader that there can be no arrangements regardin electoral reform at this juncture.—Reuter.

LONDON, May 23.

Batavia.—There is uneasiness in regard to Miss Amy Johnson. There has been no news of her since she passed Bima at 11/30 a. m.—Reuter.

WELTEVREDEN, May 23.

Miss Amy Johnson has landed on Timor Island.—Reuter.

INDIAN POLITICAL PRISONERS.

—:o:—

Questions In Commons.

MR. BROCKWAY'S ESTIMATE OF SUFFERERS

LONDON, May 22.

In the House of Commons, Mr. J. Beckett asked for the number of Indians "known to be adherents of the Nationalist movement" at present in prison.

Mr. Benn replied that he had no information and added that he could give the number of persons imprisoned "but that is not what is asked for. I am asked for their political opinions in regard to which I have no information."

Mr. Fenner Brockway suggested that more political offenders had been imprisoned in India than at any time since the Mutiny. No reply was given.

FLOGGING.

Mr. Beckett drew attention to the reported floggings in India.

Mr. Benn said he knew of no case except that of four juveniles in Sholapur.

Commander Kenworthy urged that steps should be taken to "deal with false rumours that are being spread doing a great deal of harm."

Mr. Benn said he had given the House, the fullest information in his possession, adding "That is best I can do."

Mr. Beckett gave notice of the question to raise the matter on a motion of adjournment.—Reuter.

MISS AMY JOHNSON.

—:o:—

Warm Welcome From Dutch Authorities.

LONDON, May 21.

Rugby.—Miss Johnson intends to cover the remainder of her flight to Australia in shorter stages as she is naturally fatigued from the strain of her magnificent flight and has already exceeded the time taken for the whole journey by Captain Hinkler. She hopes to continue from Bima and Atambua to Port Darwin. She received an exceedingly warm welcome and great assistance from the Dutch air authorities during the later stages of her flight and on her way to Surabaya yesterday, she was led by a fokker machine of the Dutch Air Mail Service. When she arrived, Dutch machines immediately took over care of her machine while she obtained much needed rest. With the arrival at Surabaya she had covered 8,485 miles and is 1430 miles from Australia.—B. O. W.

The Flying Premier.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 21.

Rugby.—Mr. Ramsay MacDonald accompanied by Miss Ishbel MacDonald and his private secretary will fly on Friday in Imperial Airways plane from Croydon to Edinburgh where he will attend General Assembly of the Church of Scotland. A Liner will call at Manchester, "en route."—B O. W.

MR. SLOCOMBE'S INTERVIEW.

—:o:—

What Tory Organs Think.

LONDON, May 22.

"A pure propagandist telegram" that is how the Conservative circles view Mr. Slocombe's interview with Mahatma Gandhi published in the "Daily Herald" yesterday.

The "Times" characterises the action of Government of India in permiting the interview and telegram as a piece of "egregious folly".

CONGRESS CO-OPERATION.

The "Daily Herald" also has commented on the interview but it devotes more attention to the political value of the interview rather than to the proprieties of how the interview was secured. The paper is very critical of Mahatma Gandhi's position but expresses general Labour view when it says 'that one thing which stands out s that it is not too late to hope 'or Congress co-operation in the Round Table Conference". The paper realises "that co-operation cannot be won easily and a change of attitude is necessary on both sides if out of Mahatma Gandhi's declaration should come fruitful, helpful result". It concludes that much could be done to restore faith in British sincerity by expediting the Round Table Conference and suggests offer of general amnesty provided Congress was willing to co-operate.—Reuter.

MUSSOLINI HITS OUT

—:o:—

"Why Should Italy Alone Remain Unarmed?"

LONDON, May 22.

Signor Mussolini addressing an immense crowd at a meeting, at which he was presented with "Baton of Authority" subscribed for by wounded ex-servicemen, said: "All geese in Europe have been cackling in defence of their various Capitols in consequence of my speeches at Leghorn and Florence. There has never been such a spectacle of human hypocrisy. Anyone would think that only Italy had war plans and other countries have only paper Kites; only. Italy had guns and other countries, walking sticks, only Italy had barracks and elsewhere there are only pleasure palaces and recreation halls; only Italy had the effrontery to possess Navy and other Nations have fishing smacks and yachts. You know how different is the truth. Why should only Italy remain unarmed?

Mutilated comrades! this Baton is the emblem of my submission to the spirit of victory and the country's will."—Reuter.

SIR TEJ BAHADUR SAPRU ON MR. SLOCOMB'S INTERVIEW.

—:o:—

ALLAHABAD, May 22.

Interviewed regarding the results of Mr. Slocombe's interview with Mahatma Gandhi, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru said: "The interview that Mr. Slocombe had, strikes me as a significant gesture. The best interests of India and England require that every attempt should be made to restore peaceful conditions necessary for the settlement of big constitutional issues. Once the basic constitutional principle is determined, specific points can easily be considered."—A. P.

SAFETY OF MERCANTILE SERVICES.

—:o:—

International Conference.

LONDON, May 21.

Rugby.—Government last night entertained at banquet and reception delegates from thirty countries attending International Load Line Conference which is taking place in London for the purpose of reaching agreement upon loading limit for cargo ships. Mr. William Graham, President of the Board of Trade who attended the opening session stressed the importance of the subject to the safety and progress of mercantile services throughout the world. Admiral of the Fleet, Sir Henry Oliver, who presided, said it was necessary to produce a convention which would increase safety of life at sea without unduly increasing expense or adding hinderances to the freedom of Trade. An agreed form of international load line certificate should help rather than hinder vessels trading to ports of different nations. A message was received from the King wishing the Conference every success.—B O W.

ANOTHER PEACE ENDOWMENT.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 21.

Rugby.—A Professorship of International Relations at Oxford University has been endowed by Mr. Montague Burton of Harrogate. Mr. Burton has offered annual sum of thirteenhundred and twenty pounds for seven years for this purpose with a promise of permanent endowment if it is found useful. The founders chief motive is furtherance of international peace in accordance with the League of Nations ideals. When moving acceptance of offer in convocation at Oxford H. A. L. Fisher, Warden of New College said there was nothing controversial in this proviso and added he had many times heard Lord Balfour say "policy of British Empire is identical with that of League of Nations."—B. O. W.

Rangoon May 22.—A drowning tragedy occurred in Pazundaung creek off Rangoon river, last night, resulting in the death of Allan Porter (22) an European assistant of the Indo-Burma Petroleum Company.

The deceased was a popular and keen sportsman. He had played Rugger for the London Scottish prior to coming to Burma.—A. P.

POONA DAY BY DAY.

GOVERNOR SEES MAHATMA GANDHI?

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

POONA, May 22.

The political situation here appears to be developing fast during the last three or four days. A great many momentous events have happened in Poona, that may have surprised the whole of India. Mahatma Gandhi was interviewed by the special correspondent of the "Daily Herald" of England. Mahatma Gandhi was so far not allowed to be seen by even his relatives. But this English correspondent is said to have brought with him the special permission of H. E. the Viceroy to see him in jail. What happened in the course of the conversation is now public property and need not be repeated here. The coming of this special correspondent from the "Daily Herald" which is almost an official paper of the present Cabinet, with the special permission of the Viceroy, carries in it an amount of significance.

It is also learnt from reliable sources that H. E. the Governor of Bombay too had come down from Mahabaleshwar to have a talk with Mahatma Gandhi. In the city the rumour spread that Mahatma Gandhi had vanished for about three hours from the jail, but really speaking he had been to a certain place at which the Governor also was to be present for the interview. The result of this conversation may not be known, but the general feeling is that it must have been mainly based on the Sholapur happenings.

No opinion has yet been expressed by any influential person on the four points of Mahatma Gandhi. The newspaper offices have been closed for two days. But in a day or two the views of leaders will be published in the press. Mahatma Gandhi has undoubtedly dropped away his other seven demands. It is to be seen what the Government proposes to do in the matter. But the situation may soon be modified enough to inspire some hope of a peaceful settlement of the Indian problem.

POLICE BUSY

Yesterday the police took away the board bearing the announcement of the public meeting to be held in the Tilak Memorial Hall for reading some proscribed literature. The board was always kept in front of the "Swarajya" office for public information. Only yesterday some police seem to have taken it into their head to capture the same, for what purpose they alone may or may not be knowing. The wonder of it is that, the board was taken away and the meeting itself was permitted to be quietly held! Similarly, the Collector is said to be calling the responsible workers for private talks with him and threatening them with stringent actions, if the demonstrations were not peaceful, if caps etc., of the people were forcibly removed. There is a warrant of arrest against one Mr. Giri Narayan who has trained thousands of young boys for making demonstrations and shouting out most popular slogans.

NEW FORM OF SATYAGRAHA.

So far only the Salt Satyagraha was going on here, as elsewhere. But from yesterday a new form has been started. A large public meeting was held in the Tilak Mandir under the presidentship of Mr. N. C. Kelkar to protest against the Press Ordinance. After reviewing the history of the Press Act, Mr. Kelkar said that mere protest did not touch the Government and hence as an illustration we must actually read some proscribed literature to show how ridiculous such wholesale proscription was. He then read portions from a proscribed essay of the late Vishnushastri Chipiunkar and also from his own book about the Tilak case of 1908. He was followed by a number of persons who read from the late Professor S. M Paranjpye's proscribed books, from the poet Govind's works, from Dr. Sunderland's book and from "Bharatme Angreji Raj" and so on. In the end Mr. Kelkar suggested that the proscribed literature even from the literary point of view, was so sublime that instead of delivering lectures we should begin the practice of reading from these priceless books. Nothing untowards happened in this meeting. This new Satyagraha may be continued in the next week also.

GANDHI CAP.

In a public meeting held on Monday last for hearing the personal experiences of some visitors to the Shiroda Camp, one young man presented Mr. Kelkar with a white Gandhi cap. Mr. Kelkar severely rebuked the effrontery of the boy and told the audience that his head-dress, the Maharashtra turban, had been Swadeshi from the days of 1905; it was Swadeshi even now and he was determined not to exchange it for a white cap. He strongly resented that sort impudent insistence, though, he said, if the Government had prohibited the wearing of Gandhi cap, he would surely do honour to the cap by putting it on for a minute and then taking it off after this respect paid to it.

"Kesari" and the "Mahratta" office was closed on Tuesday and Wednesday as a protest against the Press Ordinance. The "Dnyan-Prakash" and other offices and papers also were closed on the two days.

On Wednesday there was a brief shower of hail in the city for half an hour. But the showers were forcible and even in that short span the city was drenched in mud and water. To-day also there are signs of rain. There is thunder of clouds going on and the weather is very sultry.

AMERICAN JOURNALIST'S COMPLAINT OF STRICT CENSORSHIP IN INDIA.

Story Of Missing Messages.

LONDON, May 22.,

A complaint of censorship on news from India was made by an American journalist Mr. Robert Paine Scripps at a luncheon of the English Speaking Union. He said that the American Agency had only discovered that its Lahore Correspondent was sending dispatches daily when he cabled asking if it was receiving them.

Mr. Scripps added that there were similar cases of missing messages a result of which was discredit to all press reports.

Lord Burnham presiding pointed out that a man was entitled to smoke cigarettes but not in powder magazine. He reminded his hearers that Sir John Simon was giving two wireless talks on the situation which would be available to America in addition to Britain and they would give information from an source to purity of which was above suspicion. He added that there was no doubt that there had been some censorship in India but it was only resorted to for public safety which argument should appeal to all.—Reuter.

DYNAMITE DISAPPEARS.

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KARACHI, May 22.

Mystery surrounds the disappearance of a large quantity of dynamite from a sealed railway wagon standing in Karachi City Station last night. The wagon was one of three destined for Kotri, near Hyderabad, and the seals were broken. Police investigation thus far has been inconclusive.—A. P.

SYRIA BECOMES A REPUBLIC.

—:o:—

President Must Be Muslim.

A Havas Agency message states:

Under the new constitution for the Near Eastern territories under the French Mandate, promulgated to-day, Syria becomes a republic with a Chamber and President who must be always a Muslim.—Reuter.

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